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The Bombay Chronicle

Founder: Pherozeshah Mehta Editor: Syed Abdullah Brelvi

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Hitler On War Path: Britain Exposed

Pressure On Prague To Concede Yet More

UNREST IN PARIS: THUS FAR & NO FURTHER

Time Come To Proclaim Open Support To Czechoslovakia

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT)

LONDON, Sept. 9.

This afternoon I was told on good authority that the outline of proposal made by the "Times" on Wednesday was submitted before the article was published to the German Embassy in London for its approval. One thing now seems apparent that yesterday's public outcry had had very considerable effect, sharpening the differences among Cabinet Ministers in Downing Street.

HITLER NOT FOR PEACE

THE FEAR IS GROWING HERE THAT HERR HITLER DOES NOT DESIRE A GENUINE SETTLEMENT. IF THERE IS ANY SETTLEMENT, IT WILL ONLY HAVE THE PURPOSE OF TIDING OVER A PERIOD THAT WILL LEAD TO THE LONG-ANTICIPATED AND LONG-PREPARED ATTACK ON CZECHOSLOVAKIA.

INTERVENTION PLAN

POLITICAL CIROLES BELIEVE THAT THE SUDETEN GERMANS MAY DECLARE AFTER SOME REAL OR IMAGINARY "INCIDENT" THAT THE CZECH GOVERNMENT IS NO LONGER ABLE TO EXERCISE ITS AUTHORITY IN THE SUDETEN LAND AND THE SUDETEN PARTY MAY ASSUME POWER IN ORDER TO MAINTAIN LAW AND ORDER

Any attempt of the Czech Government to enforce its authority would then be met by German intervention.

AS AN EXPRESSION OF THE GRAVITY OF THE PRESENT SITUATION, THERE IS A RUMOUR THAT HIS MAJESTY MAY CANCEL HIS HOLIDAY AND MAY RETURN TO LONDON ANY TIME.

BRITAIN ACCUSED

Meanwhile from all quarters comes the accusation against the British Government that the Czech Government was forced into producing the latest concessions known as the fourth plan, by British representations that the British support to the Czech Government would be withdrawn unless further concessions were made to Herr Hitler.

LAST STRAW ON CZECH GOVT.

France And Britain Must Stop Further Extortion

LONDON, Sept. 9.

Report of Major Suttonpart, Neutral observer attached to the Runciman Mission on the Maehrischostrau incident has now been received in London.

Ministerial conversations continued at Downing Street throughout the day and every aspect and eventuality of the situation was intensively studied, states Reuter's diplomatic correspondent.

LAST STRAW

Meanwhile there has become evident in Paris that the feeling is hardening and no further pressure can be brought on Czechoslovakia to make concessions beyond the last far-reaching offer by the Czech Government. French circles are inclined to the view that the time has come when the last Czech proposals should receive open support both in France and Britain and such support should be coupled with an intimation that that the two countries would support Czechoslovakia, were any attempt made to extort further concessions.

NO DECISIONS TAKEN

As far as it can be ascertained no decisions have actually been taken by British Ministers and any attempt to speculate on possible future lines of action is strongly deprecated in London. It is pointed out the tempo of events is so rapid that new circumstances might well intervene any moment to modify or invalidate any of the various points under consideration.—Reuter.

WHAT GERMANS BELIEVE

NUREMBERG, Sept. 9.

Herr Hitler has received the report of Sir Nevile Henderson's interview with Herr von Ribbentrop. The French Ambassador is also in close contract with Herr Ribbentrop.

In German circles it is suggested that increased British pressure is being put on the Czech Government to make their offer more tangible. The heart of the question is claimed to be the Germanising of the local Civil Service and Police which would have to be placed under Sudeten control. This, the Reich officials contend, is not conceded by the Czechs who have "left themselves too many loopholes."

Herr Hitler has cancelled his speech in order to devote more time to the preparation of Monday's speech which is expected to last at least two hours and will deal exhaustively with Czechoslovakia.—Reuter.

Czech Govt.'s New Plan Of Solution

PRAGUE, Sept. 9.

An official summary of Government's new plan for a solution of the Nationalities' problem, issued to-night, confirms the details already given. The introduction explains that the proposals have been formulated on concrete practical basis in order to bring about an immediate solution of the principal subjects at dispute. All other questions will form subject to subsequent detailed negotiations. The sovereignty, integrity and unity of the State will always be taken into consideration in their solution.—Reuter.

Britain As Italy's Policeman

London Meeting Calls On Govt. Not To Give 'De Jure' Recognition

(From Our Own Correspondent)

LONDON, Sept. 9.

At a well attended meeting held under the auspices of the Abyssinia Association, Mr. G. T. Garratt, retired I.C.S. officer, declared that that it was fairly clear that without British assistance, Italy could not be holding Abyssinia to-day. Britain was policing Abyssinia's borders for Italians and was supplying isolated Italians with posts.

Discussing the State of Abyssinia before the war, Mr. Garratt said that too much had been made of the condition of her border territories. They were her borders merely because they were "such foul places that nobody else would have them at any price."

The Administration under the Emperor had been at least as good as that of any large Indian State, except Mysore and two others. It has long been reduced to the level of a slave State with the agreement of the British Government.

On the motion of Miss Eleanor Rathbone, M.P., the meeting called on the British Government to with-hold "de jure" recognition to the supposed Italian conquest.

CHINESE CAPTURE KWANGSTI

Heavy Losses Inflicted Upon Japanese

HANKOW, Sept. 9.

Chinese headquarters claim to have recaptured Kwangsti, which fell into Japanese hands earlier in the week The spearhead of Japanese drive toward Hankow, north of Yangtse has thus been forced back. The Japanese are stated to be retreating towards Huanamei after heavy losses.—Reuter.

'EPIGRAM' WINS DONCASTER CUP

"Slip On" And "Fairing" Secure Places

LONDON, Sept. 9.

Doncaster Cup run at Doncaster over a distance of two miles and one furlong resulted as follows:—

EPIGRAM (Carslake)	1
SLIP ON (E. Smith)	2
FAIRING (Gordon Richards)	3

Five ran. Won by head. Three lengths separated second and third. Winner was trained by Cannon.

Betting: 7 to 4 "Epigram," 6 to 1 "Slip On" and 7 to 1 "Fairing."—Reuter.

Rangoon Returns To Normal

Fresh Incidents In Other Places

RANGOON, Sept. 9.

The hartal was called off this morning, and public transport has been resumed. The city appears normal and no further incidents have been reported, though nervousness is still prevailing.

One assault is reported from Mandalay while fresh incidents are reported from Sagainganj Maubin—A. P.

Sent Up For Trial In Burma Riots

MADRAS, Sept. 9.

The Government of Burma have informed the Madras Government that 1,600 persons from the districts and a number of persons from Rangoon have been sent up for trial in connection with the recent Burma riots.—A.P.

KARACHI, Sept. 9.

Mr. M. A. Jinnah reaches Karachi on October 7, to preside over the First Sind Provincial Muslim League Conference to be held on the two subsequent days.—United Press.

Strike In Spiritual Exp ression Of Labour's Discontent

Jamnadas Mehta Attacks Trade Disputes Bill

(From Our Special Representative).

POONA, September 9.

A thundering onslaught on the Trade Disputes Bill by Mr. Jamnadas Mehta on behalf of the workers of the Bombay Presidency "excepting the Ahmedabad Mazdoor Mahajan" was the main feature of the debate in the Bombay Legislative Assembly to-day.

In a speech lasting exactly two hours Mr. Mehta subjected the provisions of the Bill to a very critical examination. The main theme of his argument was that the Bill, besides being "reactionary and retrograde," was unnecessary and uncalled for.

He charged the Government of Bombay and industrialists of not being anxious for real peace in industry. "You can pass Bill on our dead bodies, but we shall not be party to it," he added.

He appealed to the Government to drop the measure and bring forward, if they must, a legislation which would be in conformity with the International Labour Code.

PROCEEDINGS IN DETAIL

Mr. Ismail Chundrigar, Muslim League, opposed the first reading of the Trade Disputes Bill, when the Bombay Legislative Assembly resumed the debate this morning.

Mr. Chundrigar said that the scheme envisaged in the Bill was such that it gave preference to Unions recognised by employers over Unions which were really representative of the workers. Since provision had been made in the bill that representatives of such recognised Unions will be persons who would be recognised as such, there was every possibility of their bartering away the rights of not only the members of their Union, but of the majority of workers who were not members of such a Union. Hence it could be seen what a reactionary measure the Bill was.

The measure sought to divide workers into several camps and gave clear opportunity to employers to exploit the workers.

Continuing Mr. Chundrigar said that the Workers'. Movement in India was still in its infancy and its struggle against Capitalism with all its resources was like the struggle between the dwarf and giant. As such it was a pity that the Government should have brought in measure which, instead of going to the rescue of the workers, would strengthen the hand of the employers.

A STEP FORWARD

Mr. Cook (European) supporting the principle of the Bill observed that the measure attempted to hold the balance as evenly as possible between Capital and Labour and there was enough scope for a genuine Labour leader to work under the measure. The speaker objected to the inclusion of the clerical staff within the term "employee."

Mr. G. H. Cooke (Progress Party) supporting the first reading of the Bill felt that the measure, though cumbersome, sought to minimise the loss and injury inflicted on employees, employers and the community by strikes and lock-outs. The measure sought to give more opportunities to workers for receiving impartial hearing from their employers. All the Bill asked of the employers and employees was that they should not quarrel without good cause. He felt that it was a great step forward in helping the worker to better his condition.

NEED FOR PEACE

Mr. Wagh from Ratnagiri was greeted with ironical cheers when he announced that he supported the first reading of the Bill. He said that there was very great need for industrial peace in the country. If workers went on strike as a result of a genuine grievance not being remedied or for getting better living standard, he had no doubt that everyone would support the strike. He felt that the Bill was a beneficent measure conceived by well-wishers of industry (ironical cheers).

UNWANTED MEASURE

Mr. Jamnadas Mehta was loudly cheered when he got up to oppose the Bill. He informed the House that he was President of the Bombay Branch of the All India Trade Union Congress and all organised Unions in the Presidency, with the exception of the Ahmedabad Union, were affiliated to that body. He opposed the measure for fifteen reasons He said that there was no need for a measure like this, especially when there was the Trade Disputes Act passed by the Central Legislature.

INDUSTRIAL WAR MEASURE

Continuing Mr. Jamnadas said that the Bill was premature as it was absolutely essential to see that both employers and employees were brought to the same level before they were referred to a common machinery. Workers and employers in India were not on the same level and there was no use in quoting other industrial countries which had enacted similar legislation without looking to the fact that they had improved the conditions of labour. While other countries legislated in the matter of compulsory wages, the Government of Bombay began with the bludgeon. He also opposed the Bill, because there was too much regimentation and no worker would understand what the Bill contained. Amidst laughter Mr. Mehta enumerated the number of types of Unions Nine or ten types of Unions had been set up with a view to repress each other or to see that there were only two kinds of Unions. One being Company Unions and the other dog-in-manger Unions. The Bill bristled with provisions which went to industrial war and not industrial peace. "The workers' future depended not on his strength, but on the recognition of his rights by his master!

SPIRITUAL DISCONTENT

Referring to the clause regarding the several types of Unions, Mr. Jamnadas said that it was a piece of perfidious treachery. It was so, because it enabled a purely artificial organisation supported by the employers to suppress labour. The International Labour Office, which was now the reco-

(Continued on page 7, col. 2)

Ultimatum To Allabax Cabinet

If Assessment Proposals Are Not Postponed Congress Will Withdraw Support

WARDHAGANJ, Sept. 9.

The A. I. Congress Parliamentary Sub-Committee has issued the following to the press:—

Copy of the telegram sent by the General Secretary of the A. I. C. C. to the Prime Minister of Sindh on September 4, 1938, conveying the decision of the All-India Parliamentary Sub-Committee about Sind:—

"THE PARLIAMENTARY SUB-COMMITTEE, IN CONSULTATION WITH THE PRESIDENT OF THE CONGRESS, CONSIDERED THE SIND SITUATION.

"IT HOLDS THAT UNLESS THE MINISTRY AGREES TO A POSTPONEMENT OF THE ENTIRE ASSESSMENT PROPOSALS, INCLUDING REGROUPING FOR ONE YEAR, THE CONGRESS PARTY WILL RESUME FREEDOM OF ACTION AND WILL REMAIN NEUTRAL ON "NO CONFIDENCE" MOTION NEXT SESSION.

CONGRESS PARTY TO REMAIN NEUTRAL

In the course of a lengthy statement on the Sind Ministerial affairs, the A. I. Parliamentary Sub-Committee state:

The question has been reviewed by the Parliamentary Sub-Committee in consultation with the President of the Congress at Wardha in all its aspects. The Parliamentary Sub-Committee has come to the conclusion that unless the Ministry agrees to postpone the operation of orders in their entirety for one year, which they had promised to do before the orders were issued to enable the Province and Assembly to consider and discuss the question in all its aspects, it must advice the Congress Party in the Assembly to withdraw its support from the Ministry, which it had conditionally promised and reserve its freedom of action. It considers the attitude and action of the Ministry in this respect highly objectionable.

But the Congress Party, composed as it is in Sind Assembly, of only ten members in a House of sixty, should not take upon itself the responsibility in an important matter like this of turning the scale in favour of one Party or another. The Parliamentary Sub-Committee accordingly advices the Congress Party to remain neutral in the next session of the Assembly, when a vote of "no confidence" is brought against the Ministry.

If however, the Ministry accepts the suggestion and postpones operation of the orders for one year, conditional support promised by it will continue to be given. In that event the Congress Party will help in every way in securing a discussion of the proposals in all their aspects within the next twelve months, so that whatever proposals may emerge will be after full and frank discussion of question on its merits.—A. P.

NIZAM'S GOVT. BANS MORE PAPERS

Employees Asked To Keep Off Communal Associations

HYDERABAD (Dn.), Sept. 8.

The Nizam's Government have issued orders proscribing six more newspapers, five of Bombay and one from Nagpur.

Government also passed orders forbidding Government servants from joining or participating in any activities of the following associations, which have been declared communal: The Anglo-Indian and Domiciled European Association, the Anjuman Inthihadul Musalmin, the Arya Defence League, the Seva Dal, the Shuddi Prachar, the Nizam Rajya Maharashtra Parishad, and the Hindu Subjects Committee.—United

HUNDRED THOUSAND MAN MAGINOT LINE

METZ (France), Sept. 90.

Hundreds of reservists called to colours are arriving here daily. Hundred thousand troops are now installed on the Maginot Line and it is believed double that number are to the rear of the line, though it is impossible to judge accurately owing to the careful method of grouping of troops and lack of official information. Hundred thousand are in subterranean burrows with concrete walls upto 24 feet thick while others are concentrated in barracks or hut camps in forests on active service footing with full equipment. The civil population is calm.

Reuter's correspondent was told everywhere: "No enemy could pass the line. There is a shell for every square yard and crisscross machine-gun fire".—Reuter.

CALCUTTA, Sept. 9.

An ordinance for the purpose of regulating the working hours in jute mills in Bengal has just been promulgated by the Government of Bengal.—A. P.

FRENCH FLEET READY FOR SEA

BREST, Sept. 9.

There was great activity in the naval base to-day with continuous influx of men recalled from leave. The Atlantic Fleet of more than sixty war-ships was loading munitions and supplies sufficient to maintain the fleet on the sea for two months. By evening the fleet was ready to sail at a moment's notice.—Reuter.

COAL-MINERS ON STRIKE

SYDNEY, Sept. 9.

Efforts to avert stoppage in coal-mines have failed. A general strike began at mid-night. All miners of the Commonwealth are affected, except those in West Australia who were specially exempted by the Miners' Federation.—Reuter.

France Brings Forth Colonial Troops

STRASBOURG, Sept. 9.

Colonial troops normally garrisoned at Nancy and Epinal regions have arrived. The occupation of the Rhineland last brought them here. They are highly mobile troops, who in the event of hostilities will be used to fill gaps in the front line.—Reuter.

STOP PRESS

ALLAHBUX TO ISSUE STATEMENT

KARACHI, Sept. 9.

Khan Bahadur Allahbux has received a telegram this afternoon from Wardha communicating to him the Congress Parliamentary Sub-Committee's decision.

A counter-statement will be issued by the Ministry in reply to the Congress statement.—United Press.

Our Tabulated Adlets

1 Anna Per Word—Minimum Re. 1

CHHOTA CHHOTA ADVERTISEMENTS are inserted in these Columns on cash payment only and are charged at the rate of ONE ANNA per word. Minimum charge is fixed at Re. 1 for 16 words. Numericals (upto 10 figures) and Abbreviations are to be counted as complete words.

SPECIAL REDUCTION in our scheduled rate of one anna per word will be allowed until further notice at the rate of 25 % on all CASH PAYMENTS provided the same Adlet is to appear for three times or more in a week The complete week to be calculated from Monday to Sunday.

STILL ONE MORE FACILITY is offered to our Adletisers Tabulated Adlets that appear in the "BOMBAY CHRONICLE," if repeated the same evening in the "BOMBAY SENTINEL," will be charged for the "SENTINEL" at half-anna per word per insertion without any further reduction whatsoever.

ADLETS OF PRIVATE NATURE are inserted with Box Numbers and in such cases the six words —Box No. (——), "The Bombay Chronicle,"—must be paid for. The management reserves the right to revise any Adlet or refuse publication without assigning any reason for doing so.

BLOCK LETTERED OR TYPEWRITTEN Adlets will ensure correct insertion. No responsibility for any mistake, oversight, misprint, etc., will be accepted by the Management. Replies to the adlets should be sent for often to avoid heavy congestion at our office.

26. MATRIMONIAL.

Handsome Brahmin youth, drawing very good salary upcountry, invites correspondence with a view to marriage. No caste restrictions. No Dowry desired. Box No. 10745 "Bombay Chronicle."

42. SITUATIONS VACANT

Wanted for abroad stylish actresses, songstresses and dancers. Any nationality. Excellent prospects. Apply Box 10742 "Bombay Chronicle."

Wanted—Branch Manager on Rs. 80|- P.M. to build houses in Prominent Towns and sell them by instalments. P. B. 10009, Calcutta. (10735)

Wanted Male and Female Canvassers all communities. Shops and house to house. Salary and commission. "Indora" perfumes and toiletry. Opp. B.B. & C.I. Dadar Station. (10752)

Wanted—One Lady Doctor M.B. B.S. for Bilaspur State. (Punjab). Pay 200-10-250, free quarters. Apply stating experience to Secretary 49, Koregaon Park Poona. (10721)

Groundsman for Golf Course. Must handle labour well, speak read and write English, have experience of maintenance of grounds, greens and preferably gardens. Clothing and quarters free. Pay Rs. 45|50 p.m. Apply stating experience Box No. 10758 "Bombay Chronicle."

Earn 50 monthly by securing orders for our pictorial calendars with charming poses of famous film stars. Shanta, Devikarani, Savita, etc. National, historical, religious & Emperor's Coronation scenes. For terms & samples apply. Oriental Calendar Co. (99) Post Box 11,422, Calcutta. (10662)

Wanted immediately a Carpentry and Metal Work Instructor for the Herbert College, Kotah. Salary Rs. 50-5-75. Only Matriculates in English possessing the following certificates are eligible:—For carpentry—Certificate in carpentry and joining of Kala Bhawan, Baroda, or certificate of the Government Carpentry Technical School in U. P., or Diploma of the Gwalior Central Technical Institute. For metal work—Turner, Fitter, Machine, Tool Works certificate of Kala Bhawan, Baroda, or Diploma of the Gwalior Central Technical Institute. The appointment will be on one year's probation. Apply with copies of testimonials to the Director of Education, Kotah (Rajputana). (9418)

42. SITUATIONS VACANT

Wanted—A Good Resident Superintendent with qualifications for the Haji Allarakhia Sonavala Andhakshi Ashram (home for blind women) at Andheri. Applications in writing together with copies of testimonials are invited by Mrs. Bapsey A. Sabavala Joint Hon. Secretary. 27 Ridge Road Bombay 6. (10763)

Wanted immediately an experienced educationist as Principal for the Victoria Memorial School for the Blind, Tardeo. Must know Braille & Gujarati, if possible also Marathi. A Graduate & B.T. will be preferred. Salary according to qualifications with free quarters. Apply with testimonials to Hon. Secretary at the School. (10762)

Wanted by an old established leading life office, influential experienced organisers on salary for the districts of Surat, Broach, Panch Mahals, Thana, Khandesh, Nasik, Poona, Ahmednagar, Bijapur, Belgaum, Goa and North Canara. Apply stating age, experience, business guarantee to Box No. 9415, "Bombay Chronicle."

Wanted a fully qualified and long experienced manager for a silk mill having 125 looms in the Calcutta suburb. Preference will be given to men having thorough experience in preparatory, sizing, weaving and dyeing, bleaching. Salary about Rs. 700 and share in the profit. Apply giving full credentials to Swadeshi Industries Ld., Jaipura House, P. O. Beadon Street, Calcutta. (10768)

Wanted a Jain Doctor (M.B.B.S.) with professional experience for the Jain Dispensary. Attendance four hours in the morning and two hours in the evening. Preference to one who does not conduct a private dispensary and is eager to do social service. Apply with full particulars stating minimum salary required to the Honorary Secretaries Shri Jain Dispensary, Godiji's Chawl, Pydhoni. Bombay 3. (10754)

52. TO BE LET.

To Let—Relesch St. Jacob Circle near Y.M.C.A. "Rutton House" 2nd floor, self-contained Blocks, Rs. 52. Apply mali. (10741)

Bastion Road, Near Empire Cinema, westerly facing, second, third floors with all conveniences. Rent 110|- to 115|-. Apply Cassinath's Office, 19, Bastion Road, 'Phone, 20357 (10732)

68. FLATS TO LET

For Hindoos, Airy Rooms, Flats, Boyce House, Gowalia Tank, behind Mahavir Vidyalaya. Apply Pathan, or Box 10673, "Bombay Chronicle."

To Let—at Cambata Building, Churchgate Reclamation, large airy residential and office flats, also special 2-bedroom flats, fully eqipped with unique westerly situation, and most up-to-date shops. Rents revised. Apply Manager on premises. (10736)

Small airy flats in "Ahmed Chambers" a new building with lift convenience near Regal Theatre, Apollo Reclamation high locality, comfortable family accommodation, rents moderate, view premises or 'phone 23152. (10756)

78. OFFICE PREMISES TO LET

Hornby Building, 174, Hornby Road above Abdulla Company Office Rooms with Lift. Rent 23|- to 30|- Apply Cassinath's Office, 19, Bastion Road. 'Phone 20357. (10733)

191. MEDICAL ADLETS

Sexus Paste, best and cheapest Contraceptive. Gelotube, best and cheapest Venereal Preventive. Right Agency, Girgaum, Bombay. (10710)

Free Medicine for Asthma Sufferers. Effective remedy. Write to D. K. Ghandi, 166, Bhendi Bazar Bombay. (10740)

302. MACHINERY FOR SALE

For sale at sacrifice one lot of 20 German sewing machines. New. Apply Post Box 301. G.P.O. Bombay. (10764)

340. PARTNERSHIPS OFFERED.

Wanted a partner to invest Rs. 4,000 in a running profitable concern of manufacturing auto parts etc. Apply sharp. Box No. 10749, "Bombay Chronicle."

Public Notices

GOVERNMENT Announcements legal and Public Notifications are published in these columns at the following rates:—

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Mofussil Advertisers are requested to send remittances in advance and state clearly whether they wish to insert their advertisements in these columns or in the Classified.

PROCLAMATION.

BOMBAY TO WIT:—By virtue of a precept to me directed, I hereby proclaim and give notice that the Fourth Sessions of 1938 of Oyer and Terminer and General Gaol Delivery will be holden before the High Cout of Judicature at Bombay at the Court House on Monday the 12th day of September 1938 at 10-45 O'Clock in the forenoon for the trial of all crimes and offences committed within the jurisdiction.

(For further particulars see Bombay Government Gazette part II dated 1st September 1938 at page 1625).

Dated this 10th day of September 1938.

M. I. ROWJEE.
Sheriff of Bombay.
9439

NOTICE TO BUILDING CONTRACTORS.

SEALED TENDERS ARE INVITED by the State Engineer, Morvi State, Morvi, for the erection of a New Palace at Morvi.

2. Copies of tender form, specification and schedule of quantities may be obtained from the undersigned on payment of Rs. 15 per copy and any further information during Office hours.

3. Tenders must be returned to the Architects' Office on or before 12 o'clock (S.T.) on Saturday the 8th October, 1938. A Cash Deposit of Rs. 25,000 should be deposited in Morvi Treasury and the receipt should be produced at the time of submitting the tender.

4. The State Engineer, Morvi State, Morvi reserves the right of accepting the lowest or any tender.

GREGSON, BATLEY & KING.
Chartered Architects.
Chartered Bank Building,
Bombay, 10th September, 1938.
9456.

NOTICE

DHULIA MUNICIPAL LOAN TENDERS

THE GOVERNMENT OF BOMBAY have given their sanction to the raising of a loan of Rs. 2,50,000 at 4 per cent by the Municipal Borough Dhulia for its water supply Improvement Scheme in two instalments of Rs. 1½ lakh and Rs. 1 lakh under their G. D. Resolution No. 7885 dated 13th July, 1938. The first instalment of Rs. 1,50,000 will be raised on 1-10-1938. THE ISSUE PRICE OF THE LOAN SHALL NOT BE BELOW PAR.

Sealed tenders are invited from the public so as to reach the Chief Officer on or before 4 P. M. of 22nd September, 1938. An amount equal to 10 PER CENT. OF THE FACE VALUE OF DEBENTURES tendered for must be deposited with each tender without which no tender will be considered. The detailed prospectus of the loan and the tender form can be had from the Chief Officer of the Dhulia Municipality on application or personally during office hours on working days. The interest will be paid from 1-10-1938 or from the date the amount of debentures allotted in full is paid into the Municipal Treasury whichever is later.

(Sd.) M. S. MUNSHI.
President,
Municipal Borough,
Dhulia.

Dhulia Municipal Office.
Dated, 7th September, 1938.
9449

335. BUSINESS OPPORTUNITIES

Wanted Purchaser or Hirer of large-size Printing Press in Bombay. Prices reasonable. Apply Nadirshah, Rugby, Matheran. (10766)

347. LOANS & MORTGAGES

Loan advanced on Estate, Hundi Loan Gold and Silver, Jewellery, Insurance Policy and on credit. Please write or see Narothamdas Harjivandas, Bankers, 56-A. Abdul Rahiman Street, Bombay No. 3. (10765)

Public Notices

THE SCINDIA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY, LTD.

Certificates for 25 shares Nos. 320674-698 of the above company standing in the name of Babu Ragunath Prasad are lost or mislaid. Any claim in respect of the said shares should be notified to the Office of the company "Sudama House" Ballard Estate, Bombay within eight days hereof, otherwise duplicates will be issued to the abovenamed.

NAROTTAM MORARJEE & CO.,
Agents:
9435

GOVERNMENT OF MADRAS

3 PER CENT. LOAN 1953

ISSUE PRICE Rs. 99/- PER CENT.

OPEN AT 10 A. M. (Standard Time) ON 14TH SEPTEMBER 1938

FOR ONE DAY ONLY

SUBSCRIPTION WILL BE RECEIVED ONLY IN THE FORM OF CASH OR CHEQUE.

The Loan will be issued as soon as a total of approximately Rs. 1-1|2 crores has been subscribed and in any case not later than the close of business on the 14th September, 1938.

Applications will be received at the Offices of the Reserve Bank of India, at Madras, Bombay, Calcutta and Delhi and at the Branches and Treasury Pay Offices of the Imperial Bank of India in the Province of Madras and at the branches of the Imperial Bank of India at Bangalore and Trivandrum.

Full particulars can be obtained at any of the Offices or branches mentioned above, or at any Treasury or Sub-Treasury in the Province of Madras.

BOMBAY MUNICIPALITY.

NOTICE.

PURSUANT to Sub-Section 7 of Section 19 of the City of Bombay Municipal Act, 1888, notice is hereby given that the list of persons appearing to be entitled to be enrolled in the Municipal Election Roll as voters of Wards has been published in every Municipal Office as required by Sub-Section 6 of the aforesaid Section. Copies of the complete list of all Wards may be obtained on payment of a fee of Rs. 28 or of a Ward List on payment of Rs. 1-8-0 per copy from the Election & Town Duty Officer, Improvement Trust Building, Napier Road, Fort on working days between 10 A.M. & 4-30 P.M. (B.T.) and on Saturday between 10 A.M. & 1 P.M. (B.T.)

(1) Any person whose name has been omitted and who claims to have his/her name inserted in the said list (which can only be done in any one ward) or who (his/her own name being entered in the list) objects to any other person as not being entitled to have his/her name retained therein, or who desires to declare his/her choice of the Ward in which he/she wishes to vote, or to apply that his/her name be entered in the list as a representative of an undivided family, association or body of individuals, should send in his/her claim, objection or application as the case may be on or before the 1st day of October 1938;

and

(2) Any firm or company, other than a joint stock company desiring to have the name of its partner authorised to vote at the Election (a person other than a partner of the firm or company concerned cannot be so authorised) inserted in the Roll, or to alter the name of the representative appearing in the list, should apply to the Election and Town Duty Officer on or before the 1st day of October 1938.

(3) Every objector should specify the grounds on which he/she denies the right of any person to be entered in the Roll, the evidence which he/she intends to lead, the address of the person objected to and the page of the ward list on which his/her name appears.

(4) Claims for enrolment should be supported by Rent Bills for the month of April, 1938. It is desirable that such claims should be made on printed forms which can be had free of charge at the Election Department.

I. H. TAUNTON,
Municipal Commissioner
for the City of Bombay.
Municipal Offices
Bombay, 7th September, 1938.
9448.

Public Notices

NOTICE

WANTED A B. P. N. A. experienced SURGICAL NURSE on Rs. 50-5-100, plus Rs. 10/- house rent per month. Apply with full particulars before 30-9-38 to the Chief Officer, Municipal office, Surat.
9450

Legal Notices

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY.

ORDINARY ORIGINAL CIVIL JURISDICTION.

Suit No. 470 of 1934.

MANMOHANDAS TAPIDAS ..... Plaintiff.
vs.
SHANKAR RAJARAM ZIRANGE & Others ...Defendants.

PURSUANT to Decree Absolute for Sale, dated 14th November, 1935 and Judge's Order, dated 17-6-'38 the following immovable properties will be sold in 5 lots by Public Auction by the Commissioner of this Honourable Court at his Office in the Court House on THURSDAY, 15th September, 1938, at 4 P.M. (S.T.)

PARTICULARS

Lot No. 1.

Government land, situate at the village of Bhamburda in Sub-Division (B) Haveli bearing Survey No. 68, admeasuring 30 gunthas.

LOT NO. II.

Government and Inam lands situate at Saswad bearing Survey Nos. 72, 658, 71, 371, 29, 17, 27, 29, 75, 20, 22, 24, 27, 103, 599, 596 and 601 and admeasuring in aggregate 85 acres and 38½ gunthas.

LOT NO. III.

Two storied house bearing Municipal No. 472 bounded on the East and North by public road and public well, on the West by Ganpat Sitaram's house and on the South by the temple of Shri Bhawani Devi.

LOT NO. IV.

Property situate at the Inam village of mouje Supa, Khurd, Taluka Purandar bearing Survey Nos. 54 and 55 and admeasuring in aggregate 21 acres and 33 1/2 gunthas.

LOT NO. V.

Property situate at the Inam village Diwa, Taluka Purandar.

(a) 6 annas share in Survey No. 1 admeasuring 4 acres and 39 gunthas.
(b) 6 annas share in Survey No. 368 admeasuring 63 acres and 22 gunthas.
(c) Land bearing Survey Nos. 70, 71, 71 admeasuring 4 acres & 27 gunthas together with a four annas share of drawing water from wells in survey Nos. 71 & 72.

For further particulars and conditions of Sale, application should be made at the Office of the said Commissioner or at the Office of Messrs. RANCHHODDAS & CO., Attorneys for the Plaintiff abovenamed at Examiner Press Building, Medows Street, Fort, Bombay.

Dated this 26th day of July, 1938.

G. R. KHAIRAZ,
Commissioner.
9426.

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY.

ORDINARY ORIGINAL CIVIL JURISDICTION.

Short Cause Suit No. 1156 of 1938.

MATUBHAI KASANBHAI & Others ..... Plaintiffs.
versus.
KARIMBHOY GULAMHUSSEIN of Ahmedabad Mahomedan Inhabitant, carrying on business at Tan Darbaja No. 1840, Pankor Naka in Ahmedabad ..... Defendant.

To,
KARIMBHOY GULAMHUSSEIN, Esq.,
The Defendant abovenamed.

TAKE NOTICE that the Plaintiffs abovenamed have filed this Suit, praying that the Defendant may be ordered to hand over to the Plaintiffs vacant and peaceful possession of the premises in his occupation forthwith that the Defendant may be ordered to pay to the Plaintiffs Rs. 1,170 by way of damages and for further damages at Rs. 55 per Gujrati month till actual possession of the said premises is handed over to the Plaintiffs for Receiver and for costs.

And that the hearing of this suit is fixed for the 12TH DAY OF OCTOBER, 1938.

You are hereby summoned to appear at the High Court Bombay on that day at 11 A.M. (S.T) to defend and that in default of your appearance the suit will be heard and determined in your absence.

Dated this 29th day of July, 1938.

(Sd.) TAHER ALI,
For Prothonotary
& Senior Master
MESSRS. MATUBHAI JAMIETRAM & MADAN,
Plaintiffs' Attorneys.
9455.

Legal Notices

SHERIFF'S PROCLAMATION.

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY.

ORDINARY ORIGINAL CIVIL JURISDICTION.

SUIT No. 405 of 1927.

Messrs. BHANJI & CHUNILAL CO., a firm carrying on business as Designers and Manufacturers of Plaster of Paris Decoration at Masjid Street, without the Fort of Bombay ..... Plaintiffs
vs.
(1) JAGANNATH GANGARAM, and (2) DATTATRAYA GANGARAM PULEE both of Bombay Hindu Inhabitants at Present residing at Yeroda Jail Road, Poona, and carrying on a joint family business in the name of Messrs. Gangaram Salboo & Co., a firm carrying on business as General Merchants at Kamathipura without the Fort of Bombay ..... Defendants.

WHEREAS by a decree made in the above suit on the 7th day of December, 1927 and Order, dated 23rd July, 1937 it was *inter alia* ordered that the abovenamed 1st and 2nd Defendants do pay to the plaintiffs the sum of Rupees Two thousand nine hundred and thirty three and annas five for debt and interest and the costs of this Suit when taxed and noted in the margin hereof and further simple interest at the rate of six per cent per annum upon the amount of the said judgment from the date hereof until payment.

AND WHEREAS by a Warrant of Sale, dated the 8th day of January, 1938, the Sheriff of Bombay was directed to sell by public auction all the right title and interest of the 1st and 2nd defendants in the lands and premises in the said Warrant mentioned, but as to the property firstly described subject to the rights of the Mortgagee Narsingrao B. Rautal and without prejudice to his rights to deal with attached property in terms of his security, that is to say.

FIRSTLY:—All that piece or parcel of land or ground of quit and Ground rent tenure situate, lying and being at Kamathipura 13th Street in the Town and Island and Registration Sub-District of Bombay, containing by admeasurement 43-4/9ths square yards or thereabouts and registered in the Books of the Collector of Land Revenue under Collector's New No. 11026, New Survey No. 2/6555 and Cadastral Survey No. 376 part of Byculla Division with the messuages tenements buildings and structures standing thereon and assessed by the Assessor and Collector of Municipal Rates and Taxes under "E" Ward No. 2037 (1-2) and Street No. 66 and bounded as follows, that is to say, on or towards the East by the property formerly belonging to the Mortgagor and now purchased by Multanees, on or towards the West by a Dharmashala built by Gangaram Saibu, on or towards the South by the 13th Kamathipura Street and on or towards the North by a Sweeper's passage.

SECONDLY:—All that piece or parcel of land or ground of Quit and Ground Rent Tenure Situate lying and being at Kamathipura 13th Street in the Town and Island and Registration Sub-District of Bombay, containing by admeasurement 21 Square yards or thereabouts and registered in the Books of the Collector of Land Revenue under New Survey No. 3/6555, Cadastral Survey No. 377 of Byculla Division with the messuages tenements and buildings and structures standing thereon and bounded on the East by the property bearing Cadastral Survey No. 376, on or towards the West by property bearing Cadastral Survey No. 378 (3), on or towards the North by a Sweeper's passage and on or towards the South by the 13th Kamathipura Lane.

NOW IT IS HEREBY PROCLAIMED AND NOTIFIED that on the 12th day of September 1938, at the hour of 4 o'clock in the afternoon the Sheriff of Bombay will under and by virtue of the said Warrant of sale dated 8th January, 1938, put up for sale by Public Auction on the premises to the highest bidder and without reserve the right, title and interest of the said 1st & 2nd Defendants in the said lands and premises or in so much thereof as may be necessary for the satisfaction of the said decree, costs, costs of previous and of this execution together with Sheriff's poundage.

Intimation is given that the Court does not warrant the correctness of the above description of the premises nor the title of the said 1st & 2nd Defendants to the same or to any interest therein.

Should the said 1st & 2nd Defendants have no saleable interest whatever in any lot to be sold in accordance with this Proclamation any sum paid by the purchaser by way of full or part payment for the same will be repayable to the purchaser.

The abovementioned plaintiffs have obtained permission to bid at the sale, and for set off the Decretal amount against the purchase price.

Of the price of each lot one-fourth shall be paid forthwith when the lot is knocked down to a purchaser; the remainder of the purchase money must be paid in each case by the purchaser to the Sheriff on or before the fifteenth day after the sale.

The sale will not become absolute until confirmed by the Court.

In default of payment in whole or in part as above prescribed, any sum paid as deposit will be forfeited to the Government and the lot will be sold free from any interest therein or in the proceeds thereof of the prior purchaser.

For further information and conditions of sale application should be made at the office of the Sheriff or at the office of Messrs. Khanderao Laud & Co., attorneys for the plaintiffs, 101, Esplanade Road, Bombay.

Dated this 8th day of August, 1938.

M. I. ROWJEE,
Sheriff of Bombay.
9431.

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that Mr. SUNDERDAS VALLABHDAS has contracted to sell to one our clients the undermentioned property belonging to the estate of the late Mr. Jehangir Dinshaw Kateli. The Executors of the said Jehangir Dinshaw Kateli had agreed to sell the same to Shamji Muljee, who in his turn had agreed to sell it to the said Soonderdas Vallabhdas. All persons having any claim against the said property by way of sale, mortgage, assignment, charge, trust lien, possession, gift, inheritance, lease or otherwise howsoever are hereby required to make the same known in writing to the undersigned at their Office at No. 1. Ash Lane (95 Esplanade Road) Fort, within 14 days from the date hereof, otherwise the sale will be completed without regard to any such claim and the same (if any) will be considered as waived.

DESCRIPTION OF PROPERTY.

All that piece or parcel of land of the Pension and Tax tenure (the cess whereon has been redeemed) situate, lying and being at Peddar Road, without the Fort, in the Town and Island and Registration Sub-District of Bombay, admeasuring 1271 square yards or thereabouts bearing Collector's Old No. 2994, New No. A|2023, Old Survey No. 74, New Survey No. 7108 and Cadastral Survey No. 750 of Malabar and Cumballa Hill Division with Bungalow and outhouses standing thereon and assessed by the Bombay Municipality under D Ward No. 3492 (2) Street No. 20, together with a piece of vacant leasehold land to the East admeasuring 120 square yards or thereabouts bearing Collector's Old Nos. 381, 381, New No. 2259, Old Survey No. 81 and New Survey No. 7109 and Cadastral Survey No. 750 of Malabar and Cumballa Hill Division and which premises are bounded, on or towards the East by Peddar Road aforesaid, on or towards the West by the property of Trimbak Jagannath, on or towards the North by the property of Meherbai Vacha Ghandhi and on or towards the South by the property of Ebrahim Rahimtulla.

Dated this 8th day of September, 1938.

MINOCHEHER MANCHERSHAH HIRALAL & CO.,
Purchaser's Attorneys.
(9441)

Public Notices.

NOTICE TO BUILDING DEMOLISHING CONTRACTORS.

SEALED TENDERS ARE INVITED by SETH MANEKLAL CHUNILAL SHAH for demolishing and value of Building materials, sanitary fittings and electric fixtures etc. situated at (old Government 'Tavistock' site) Ridge Road, Bombay.

Tender form and Conditions of Contract can be obtained from the office of the undersigned on payment of Rs. 5 and any further information obtained there during office hours.

Tenders must reach the office of the undersigned before 2 P.M. on 14th September 1938 with a cash deposit of Rs. 200.

SETH MANEKLAL CHUNILAL SHAH does not bind himself to accept the highest or any tender.

DOCTOR & MHATRE,
Architects & Surveyors.
Bombay Mutual Building
Hornby Road, Bombay.
(9427)

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Public Notices

WANTED

FOR SERVICE IN IRAQ

A specialist in preparing transport programmes and the scale of charges, capable of controlling such a scheme, to take charge of the post of an Assistant Director in the **PASSENGER CONVEYANCE SERVICE** in Baghdad. He must have had similar job and experience with one of the large firms in other countries. Pay between I.D. 70 to 90 (I.D. eq. to £1 sterling), according to the qualifications of the applicant. All taxes imposed by Iraq such as income-tax, etc. to be paid by him. Terms of his employment will be in accordance with the special Form C. F. 21 for a period of 3 years. Applicants should send in their certificates with their full address to the Directorate of the Passenger Conveyance Service, Baghdad, Iraq, before the 15th October 1938.

(Sd.) DIRECTOR of the Passenger Conveyance Service, Baghdad.

Reference:—Royal Iraqi Consulate General, Bombay.

(9445)

THE BOMBAY PROVINCIAL CO-OPERATIVE BANK, LIMITED.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the TWENTY-SEVENTH ORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of the Bank will be held at the Registered Office of the Bank, in Apollo Street, Fort, Bombay, on TUESDAY, the 20th September, 1938, at 1-45 p.m. (S.T.) to transact the following business:—

1. To adopt the Report of the Directors and the Audited Statement of Accounts of the Bank for the year ending 30th June 1938.
2. To declare a dividend.
3. To elect Directors.
4. To appoint Auditors and to fix their remuneration.
5. To consider and, if thought fit, to adopt amendments to the Bank's by-laws.

By Order of the Board,
VAIKUNTH L. MEHTA,
Managing Director.

Bombay, 18th August, 1938.

The TRANSFER BOOKS of the Bank will be CLOSED from 21st September 1938 to 3rd October 1938, both days inclusive.

(9452)

Legal Notices

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that DEWAN BAHADUR PADMANABH BHASKER SHINGNE, of Bombay Hindu Inhabitant, has contracted to sell the undermentioned property to our client.

All persons having any claim against or to the said property by way of inheritance, mortgage, sale, gift, lease, lien, charge, trust, maintenance, easement or otherwise howsoever are hereby required to make the same known in writing to the undersigned at their Office at Examiner Press Building, Medows Street, Fort, Bombay, within 14 days from the date hereof, otherwise the sale will be completed without reference to such claim and the same, if any, will be considered as waived.

THE SCHEDULE OF THE PROPERTY.

All that piece or parcel of Pension and Tax land or ground together with the messuages, tenements or buildings standing thereon situate at and fronting the Dammer Lane, Cross Lane, Gamdevi Road, without the Fort of Bombay, in the Registration Sub-District of Bombay, containing by admeasurement 116 square yards or thereabouts and bearing Collector's Old No. 344, New No. 2190, Old Survey No. 639 and New Survey No. 7976, Cadastral Survey No. 1699 of Girgaum Division and bounded, on the East by the said Dammer Lane Cross Lane, on Gamdevi Road, on the West by the Oart of Ganuba Babulshet, on the North by the house of Govind Dwarkaji and on the South by the house of Narayan Laxuman and the premises and buildings whereon are assessed by the Bombay Municipality under D Ward No. 2744 and Street No. 10.

Dated this 10th day of September 1938.

PARALKAR & CO.
Purchaser's Attorneys.

9451

Legal Notices

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY

ORDINARY ORIGINAL CIVIL JURISDICTION

SUIT NO. 1126 OF 1938.

KANWAL NAIN BODHRAJ of Bombay Hindu Inhabitant, residing at Byculla outside the Fort of Bombay... Plaintiff.

Vs.

(1.) CHUNILAL KISSONDAYAL, of Delhi Hindu Inhabitant, residing at Cloth Market, Delhi, (2.) BEHARILAL KISSONDAYAL, of Delhi Hindu Inhabitant residing at Hamilton Road, Delhi, (3.) GIRDHARILAL KISSONDAYAL, of Calcutta Hindu Inhabitant, residing at Dwarkanath Road Calcutta, (4.) Sir CHHAJURAM CHAUDHRI, C.I.E. of Calcutta Hindu Inhabitant residing at Clive Street Calcutta, (5.) CHHOTA LAL KANODIA, of Calcutta Hindu Inhabitant, residing at Burtolla Street, Calcutta, (6.) Rai SAHEB RADHA KISSEN ALMAL, of Calcutta Hindu Inhabitant, residing at No. 35, Banstolla Street, Calcutta, (7.) BABU SIV KISEN BHATTER, also of Calcutta, Hindu Inhabitant, residing at No. 30 Clive Street Calcutta (8) RAM SAHAI MULL MORE, also of Calcutta Hindu Inhabitant, residing at No. 7th Clive Road Calcutta, (9.) TEJPAL BODHRAJ, (10.) SATYAPAL BODHRAJ, both of Calcutta Hindu Inhabitants minors, under the age of 18 years by their Guardian-ad-litem, (11.) MALIK MULL RAJ, of Delhi Hindu Inhabitant, residing at Delhi, (12.) SHIV RAM BHASIN, an Advocate of Ferozpur Hindu Inhabitant, residing at Ferozpur City. ..... Defendants.

PLEASE TAKE NOTICE that this Honourable Court will be moved before the Honourable Mr. Justice Engineer on THURSDAY, the 29th day of September, 1933 at 11 O'clock in the forenoon (S.T.) or so soon thereafter as Counsel can be heard by Counsel on the part of the abovenamed Plaintiff for an Order:—

(1) That pending the hearing and final disposal of this suit, some fit and proper person may be appointed Receiver to take charge of the Estate of the deceased Kissondayal mentioned in the Plaint in the hands of the defendants 1, 2, 3 and 4 to 8 including the books of account papers, vouchers, etc. in possession of the 2nd, 3rd and 4th to 8th defendants with all necessary powers under order 40 Rule 1 of the Civil Procedure Code.

(2) That pending the hearing and final disposal of this suit the defendants 1 to 8 and 11 and 12 and their servants and agents may be restrained by an order and injunction of this Hon'ble Court from in any way dealing with or disposing of the properties, moveable or immoveable belonging to the estate of the said deceased Kissondayal which are in their respective possession as mentioned in the Plaint.

(3) That the plaintiff's costs of this application and the order to be made thereon be provided for.

AND PLEASE TAKE NOTICE ALSO that Special Leave under Rule 247 of the High Court Rules has been obtained from the Prothonotary and Senior Master to serve this Notice of Motion upon the defendants before the service of the Writ of Summons herein.

Dated this 27th day of July 1938.

(Sd.) AMBUBHAI & DIWANJI,
Plaintiff's Attorneys.

To,

BEHARILAL KISSONDAYAL,
The 2nd Defendant above-named.

And

GIRDHARILAL KISSONDAYAL,
The 3rd Defendant above-named.

N. B.—The affidavit of Kanwal Nain Bodhraj solemnly affirmed on the 27th day of July 1938 will be used in support of this Notice of Motion.

(9453)

Public Notices

NOTICE.

POLICY No. HZ. 15235 for Rs. 2,000/-, on the life of Mr. Chhaganlal Gandabhai Parekh, Gold Thread Merchant, Rampura Char Khana Chakla Main Road, Surat, is reported to have been lost.

The Policyholder has applied for a duplicate copy of the policy bond. Unless any objection against issue of a duplicate copy of the policy is lodged with us within one month from the issue of this notice, the company will issue the same to the policyholder.

DR. PHIL HANS SOMMER, Ph. D.,
General Manager for India Burma & Ceylon,
Allianz Und Stuttgarter Life Insurance Bank Limited,
Post Box No. 117. DELHI
9446

WELCOME AGAIN!

SURENDRA B.A., LL.B.
and
BIBBO

SWEET—HEARTS of 'MANMOHAN' & 'JAGIRDAR'

NOW

Prancing..... Romancing....
Singing..... Suffering....

in

SAGAR'S SCREEN GEM

Set In

GOLDEN MUSIC:

Gramophone Singer

WITH

PRABHA

SANKATHA, ADVANI, PANDE, JAMU PATEL, PESI PATEL

From the Mighty Pen of PT. SUDERSAN, came the Original Story of THIS HIGH-SPEED DRAMA

Coming on SATURDAY Next 17th Sept.

IMPERIAL

AN OPPORTUNITY

SPECIAL NEW MORNING-EVENING CLASSES FOR THE DIPLOMA COURSES OF CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS; CORPORATION OF C. SECRETARIES; SPECIALISED BANKING & SHORTHAND

will begin from 15th September.

Guarantee to coach until successful. Most moderate fees.

ALEXANDRA COLLEGE OF COMMERCE
General Assurance Building,
Hornby Road, Fort, BOMBAY.

AROUND THE COURTS

BOMBAY, Friday.

Yesterday at about 1-30 p.m. Rabia bai, wife of Shaik Hussain (19) residing at Gowalia Tank Road with her husband, swallowed it is alleged cyanide of potassium as her husband got angry with her and assaulted her. She was removed to J. J. Hospital, where she died at night.

At the inquest to-day her husband stated that he rebuked her for not dusting the shelf in the house. He caught her by her ear and showed her the dust. She resented his action. He thereupon gave her some strokes with a small stick. Next he stopped talking to her.

While she was serving him food he again struck her with the stick. She was much annoyed. At 1 p.m. he heard noise of a thud. He questioned her, and she replied "I am going to die as I have taken potassium cyanide." He took her immediately to hospital.

The inquest stands adjourned to 22nd instant.

Dattatray Sitaram (26), who was suffering from asthma and was under the treatment of Dr. Dhairyawan, met with sudden death immediately after he was given an injection. The Coroner at the inquest held to-day recorded a verdict of death caused by "Asphylactic shock after Sulpharsenol injection."

Relieved Of Cash And Watch

One of the suspects who are alleged to have deprived a man of his watch and cash to the extent of Rs. 30, at the point of a knife, while he was sitting in the house of an actress, was arrested last evening.

In putting up Esuf Ebrahim in the Court of the Presidency Magistrate, Girgaum, the Lamington Road Police stated that on the night of August 23, one Chamanlal went to the house of Nasira, an actress in Wadia Movietone. Nasira was not at home. Chimanlal sat in the room waiting for her return. While thus waiting, it is alleged the accused and two other persons rushed in and made him give up the property he had on his person at the point of a knife.

The accused was identified by the complainant and arrested yesterday.

He was enlarged on bail till September 21.

Salary Claim Dismissed

Judgment was delivered in the suit filed by Rusi N. Engineer against T. H. Sarkari for recovering of his salaries for six months The judge dismissing the claim said:—

This is a suit to recover Rs. 150. being the plaintiff's salary as a boxing instructor in defendant's employ from 1st February 1936 to 30th June 1936 at the rate of Rs. 30 per month. The plea is one of payment of wages and the onus of payment being on the defendant, I had asked him to lead evidence as regards the plea. In order to appreciate my finding on the question of payment I would relate certain facts which are pertinent to the case.

Defendant and plaintiff's brother Mr. Nusserwanji Engineer were great friends and Mr. Nusserwanji being the editor and proprietor of the 'Kom-Sevak', used to advertise the course of the Physical Culture Institute of the defendant by writing short leaderettes therein.

The plaintiff was employed by defendant as boxing instructor in the defendant's institute. Defendant continued to employ the plaintiff in service upto 30th June 1936 and thereafter as the plaintiff wanted to improve his prospects and as he had got another service in the Petit Institute, he left the defendant's service. Defendant, at the plaintiff's request, also gave the plaintiff a certificate Ex. A, in order that he might get better job in the Petit Institute. Plaintiff was in the employ of defendant for 18 months and admittedly he had received his salary without any default for 13 months, and to my mind, it looks rather very strange that his salary for the last five months should have remained unpaid. Looking to the close connection between the parties I have no hesitation in believing the defendant when he says that no signatures were taken from plaintiff for payments made to him towards his salary from time to time

JUDGE IMPRESSED.

Defendant has impressed me as a witness and I see no reason why I should disbelieve him, a gentleman who has been running the institute as a physical culturist for the last several years. It is ridiculous for plaintiff to suggest that a special and separate signature book was kept by defendant for plaintiff's receipts. The story about the special receipt book seems to have been set up as the defendant has produced in court one receipt book which is marked Ex. B.

To my mind, plaintiff has been emboldened to file this suit being under the impression that he will be able to prove his claim for want of any receipt in defendant's possession. He would not have been left under this impression had he been cautious enough to know that in a Court of Law payments can be proved independently of any receipts or even without signatures for receipts.

After the Seerval's case was over, for some reason or other, the plaintiff's brother and defendant have fallen out. Plaintiff and his brother were convicted for assault which took place in the Court premises on 6th June 1938 at the instance of the defendant.

Immediately after this, the present suit is filed by plaintiff possibly with the object of giving one more kick in return to the defendant. I hold therefore, the plea of payment is proved. Suit dismissed. No order as to costs.

Fingerprint Leads To Jail

A case illustrating the high degree of accuracy which the science of finger prints has reached, was disposed of by Mr. J. K. Khambatta, Presidency, Magistrate, Girgaum, to-day.

The facts of the case according to the judgment are as follows:—On August 13, 1937, a burglary took place at the Khadi Bhandar at Girgaum. The burglar or burglars had broken into the shop of a neighbouring tin-smith and from there had gained access to the sweeper's passage in the rear of the Bhandar. A hole was bored in the rear wall of the shop, and an attempt was made to break open the iron safe. But as the safe could not be opened, the burglar gave up the attempt and went away leaving behind him the implements he had used, including an electric bulb.

The police, who were informed next morning, "dusted" several articles for chance finger impressions. The Finger Prints Bureau isolated, and photographed, two impressions on the bulb. A search was then made in the Single Digit Records and the Prints were found to correspond with the right thumb impression of one Ramratan Nagoo alias Shivji, an old offender, with eight previous convictions.

The police then kept a look-out and, several months later, on June 27, they arrested him at Moreland Road.

The impressions of the accused were taken in Court and the Magistrate compared the impressions with the photographs of the impressions on the bulb, with the help of a Finger Print expert and found that the accused was the person who had attempted the burglary.

He was sentenced to undergo one year's rigorous imprisonment.

"RELIEF PROCESSION" POSTPONED

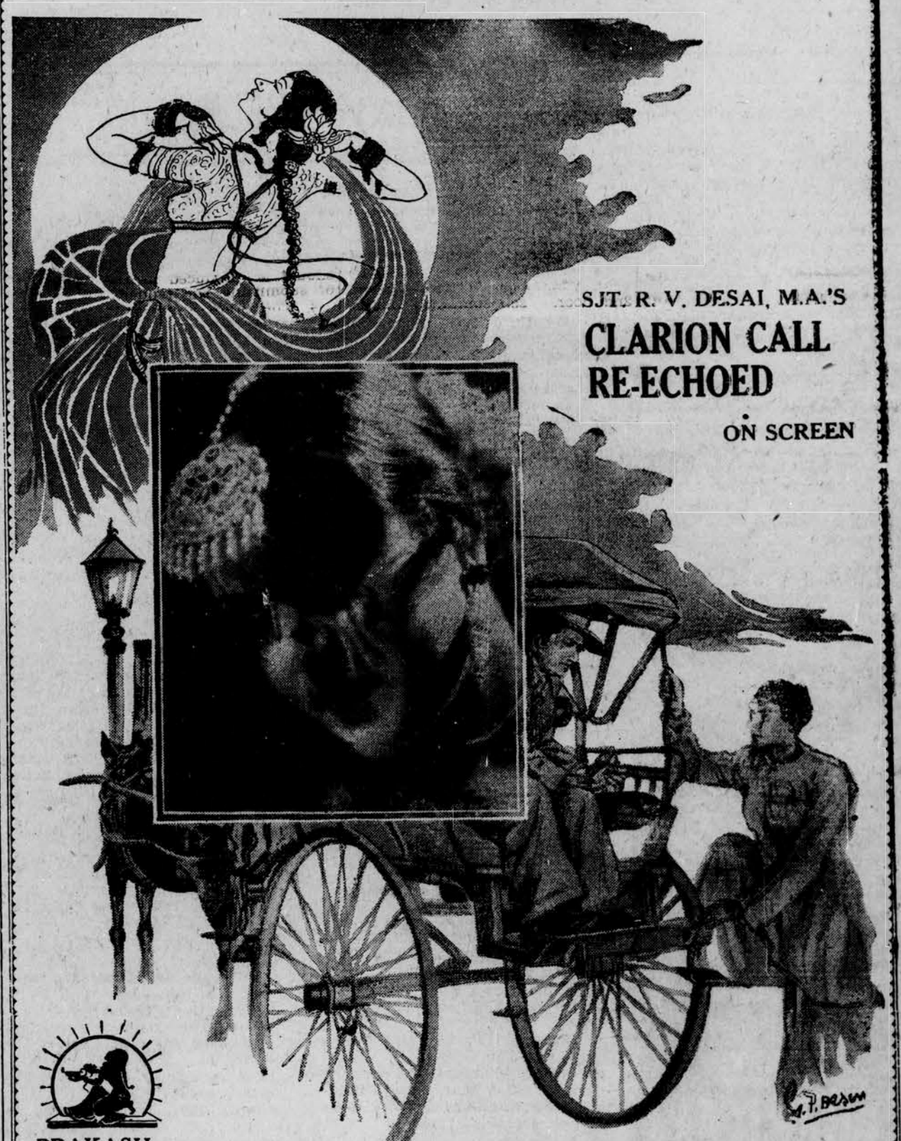
The Secretary of the Shree Hindu Anath Ashram, writes:—

The Commissioner of Police, Bombay having refused permission to play music in the proposed procession of the Shree Hindu Anath Ashram, which is otherwise granted on all occasions of social and religious activities, and without which it is not possible to attract attention of the citizens living in the upper stories of the palatial buildings in Bombay, the 'Relief Procession' proposed to be taken out on Sunday for the collection of funds and clothings in aid of the flood-stricken people of the United Provinces, is therefore postponed and the same will be taken out when the required permission is obtained.

To obtain the required permission, Mr. Devdas Ghosh, the Secretary of the Ashram, is in communication with the Home Minister of the Bombay Government and awaiting reply.

HEAR IT TO-DAY!

Humanity's Great Voice



SJT. R. V. DESAI, M.A.'S
CLARION CALL RE-ECHOED
ON SCREEN

PRAKASH
Art Social

POORNIMA

LOVE IN REVOLUTION AGAINST STEEL-FRAMED
TRADITION

Starring:—
SARDARBANOO, RANJIT, GULAB, UMAKANT LALLOOBHAI & others.

Directed By:—BALWANT BHATT

FROM SAT. 10-9-38 AT

KRISHNA Talkies

TIME: 2-30, 5-15, 8 and 10-45 on Holidays.

Auction Sales

SALE OF VALUABLE IMMOVABLE PROPERTY at Banian Road (near Ghogari Mohalla, Pydhownie):- Quit and Ground rent land admeasuring about 270 Sq. Yds. with the dwelling house thereon bearing Cadastral Survey No. 2511 of Bhuleshwar Division and Municipal C Ward No. 6293 and Street Nos. 23-25 and 27.

Sale on Wednesday the 14th Setpember 1938 at 4-30 P. M. (S. T.) at the premises of the property.

Full particulars and conditions of sale from Messrs. Matubhai Jamietram & Madan, Attorneys for the Vendor, Lentin Chambers, Dalal Street, Fort, or from the undersigned.

SORABJEE COWASJEE & CO.
123, Medows Street, Fort,
Bombay.

BENNETT & CO.

ADJOURNMENT OF AUCTION SALE

Property sale which was to take place to-day at Badlu Rangari Lane Sankli Street Byculla has been ADJOURNED.

AUCTION SALE OF "ECLIPSE" DRY CLEANING CO. AS A GOING CONCERN.

Under instructions from the Party concerned, Messrs. BENNETT & CO. will on THURSDAY, the 15th September, 1938 at 3-30 P.M. (S.T.) sell by Public Auction on the premises at Colaba Causeway, next to Regal Cinema.

"Eclipse" Dry-Cleaning Co. with the dry-cleaning plant and other accessories, furniture etc.

A deposit of 25 per cent will be required at the time of sale. The above is on view.

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AUCTION SALE OF FURNITURE of H Jenkins Esquire and Others, TO-MORROW (SUNDAY) at 10-30 A. M. (S T) at Hughes Road, Opp: Messrs. Hyland Co., of complete Bungalow furniture, English Piano, Godrej & Milner safes, Cabinet Gramophone, Singer Machine, Remington typewriter, Zula Sofa Cabinet, Chesterfield sets, Zunda Almyrah, Corona portable typewriter, Bronze & Marble figures, Wrist watches, etc.

TO-NIGHT & THIS WEEK
DAILY AT 4, 6-30 & 10 P.M.

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SAMUEL GOLDWYN presents
THE HURRICANE

Flight before the storm and the law...the greatest of South Sea adventure dramas by Nordhoff and Hall, authors of "Mutiny on the Bounty."

with
Dorothy LAMOUR · Jon HALL
Mary ASTOR · C. Aubrey SMITH
Thos. MITCHELL · Raymond MASSEY
Directed by JOHN FORD
RELEASED THRU UNITED ARTISTS

PLAZA TALKIES
SUPER STUNT: TAMIL TALKIE:
"MINNALKODI"
Starring: K. T. RUKMANI;
SRINIVASA RAO.
On SUNDAY, 11th at 10-30 A.M.

Selections For To-day's Races

Maharaja's Choice Fancied For Indian Bred Classic

(By "SENEX.")

An attractive programme has been framed for to-day's Race Meeting at Poona. The Indian Breeders' Stakes will be worth going a long way to see. Maharaja's Choice may turn the tables on Advance this time, but it is going to be a near thing.

2 P.M. THE HOTGI PLATE (Division I)—6 furlongs.

AL HUJAZ	1
MUN MOHAN	2
KHALIL	3

2-30 P.M. THE HOTGI PLATE (Division II)—6 furlongs.

HARIA	1
MADHURI	2
MULZOOM	3

3 P.M. THE LAWN PLATE—6 furlongs.

BAHAR NEEL	1
WALK OVER	2
VERSHAN	3

3-30 P.M. THE INDIAN BREEDERS' STAKES—1 mile.

MAHARAJA'S CHOICE	1
ADVANCE	2
SCHOOL FOR SCANDAL	3

4 P.M. THE BEYRUT PLATE—1 mile.

LEILAT KHALAF	1
AJWAD	2
CHERRY BIN	3

4-30 P. M. THE NEWCASTLE PLATE (Div. II)—6 furlongs.

RISING SUN	1
REMARQUE	2
LORD BYRON	3

5 P.M. THE AUTUMN PLATE—About 1-1|2 miles.

FOOTSLOGGER	1
SAXON PRINCE	2
THE PAUPER	3

5-30 P.M. THE PADDOCK PLATE —6 furlongs.

PAPER BOY	1
HIMAT	2
SHELL OUT	3

6 P.M. THE NEWCASTLE PLATE (Division I)—6 furlongs.

CENDRILLON	1
BRELAN	2
FRED STEPHENS	3

Daily Double: BAHAR NEEL and RISING SUN.

Daily Treble: LEILAT KHALAF, FOOTSLOGGER and PAPER BOY.

TO-DAY ON RADIO

Bombay—I Programme

VUB 244 metres (1,231 kc/s).
a. m.
8-0 Records. 8-45 Records.
p. m.
1-0 Market Rates, Announcements. 1-5 Recorded Music. 1-30 Children's Hour. 2-0 Chit-Chor. 2-5 Instrumental Quartet. 2-10 Manohar Kapur. 2-30 Yesterday's Talk. 2-45 Geets. 2-55 Bombay Radio Orchestra. 3-5 Vasant D. Tendulkar.
5-30 Hirabai Jhaveri. 5-50 Recitations of Hindi Poems. By S. Ahmad. 5-55 Garbas Galore. 6-5 Vichitra Been. 6-15 Manohar Kapur. 6-35 String Music. 6-40 Vasant D. Tendulkar. 7-0 To Bhumijan. 7-45 Commercial News. 8-0 From Library Chair. 8-15 Manohar Kapur. 8-30 Bangalore Studio Orchestra. 8-35 Hirabai Jhaveri. 9-0 News. (Hindustani). 9-15 Wamakukshi. 9-30 News. 9-45 Tales from Bazars. By Babaji. 10-0 Domnic Pereira: Violin. 10-15 Ena Mac Donald: Soprano. 10-25 Radio Quartette. 10-45 Dance Music. 11-0 Epilogue.

Bombay—II Programme

31.4 metres (9,550 kc/s).
1-0 Same as in Bombay I
61 metres (4,905 kc/s).
p. m.
5-30 Same as in Bombay I. 5-30 to 6-45 Talyarkhan's comments on Rovers C. N. Tournament.

Delhi—I Programme

VUD 338.6 metres (886 kc/s.)
a.m.
7-0 P. S. Mukerjee. 7-10 Light Music. 7-45 For Highbrows. 8-10 Ghazals. News. 8-40 In English. 8-50 In Hindustani.
noon
12-0 Woman's World.
p.m.
1-0 For Karachi Listener. 6-0 Instrumental Duets. 6-20 Ghazals. 7-0 Classical Music. 7-30 For Villagers Only. 8-0 Popular Geets. 8-15 History in Making. 8-30 Hakim Surile Khan, musical comedy by M. Habib Ullah. 9-0 Ghaffar Haider. News, Weather Report. 9-15 In Hindustani. 9-30 In English. 9-45 Indo-European Orchestra. 10-0 My Musical Tour of India, talk by Devendra Satyarthi. 10-15 Classical Music. 10-55 News.

Delhi—II Programme

31.3 metres (9.590 kc/s.)
Programme as in Delhi I.
60 metres (4.995 kc/s.)
p.m.
6-0 Music. 6-30 From Screen. 7-0 Light Music. 7-30 Cocktail Time. 9-45 Indo-European Orchestra. 10-0 Programme as in Delhi I. 10-15 Vocal Recital. 10-45 Ditties. 10-55 News.

Calcutta—I Programme

p. m
12-30 Request Programme. 1-15 Market Rates. 1-17 Connie Russel. 1-30 Weather. 1-54 Amiya Adhikari. 2-0 Commercial News (Bengali). 2-5 Records. 5-0 For Countryside. 6-0 Dhirendra Nath Chatterjee. 6-10 Rajeshwaribai. 6-35 Manbhanjan. 7-20 Dhirendra Nath Chatterjee. 7-35 Rajeshwaribai. 8-0 Commercial News. 8-5 Himalayas and beyond on Foot: (3) talk in Bengali by P. Chatterjee. 8-20 Amiya Adhikari. 8-30 News, Weather (Bengali). 8-45 News. 9-0 Local News (Bengali). 9-5 Mrinal Kanti Ghose. 9-20 Walter Glynne: Tenor. 9-30 Education, a talk by an Onlooker. 9-45 Music of other Nations.

Calcutta—II Programme

31.48 metres (9,530 kc/s).
p. m.
12-30 to 1-30 Programme as in Calcutta I.
61 47 metres (4,880 kc/s).
p. m.
5-0 to 7-20 Programme as in Calcutta I. 7-20 Mrinalkanti Ghose. 7-40 Protap Brahmachari. 8-0 to 10-30 Programme as in Calcutta I.

Peshawar Programme

V U P 200 metres (1,500 kc/s).
p. m.
5-30 Announcements in Hindustani. 5-40 Naatia Qawwali. 6-5 Naz Begam. 6-30 Khyber Radio Orchestra: Dadra. 6-40 Mohammad Siddiq: Qawwali. 7-5 Nez Begam. 7-30 Qadir Bakhsh and Ummat. 7-45 Readings from books. 8-0 Mohamad Siddiq Qawwal: Qawwali. 8-15 Hour with villagers News, weather report. 9-15 In Hindustani. 9-30 In English. 9-45 Naz Begam. 10-4 Indian music. 10-10 Jawar Bhata.

Lahore Programme

VUL 276 metres (1086 kc/s)
p.m.
6-0 Parkash Chand of Amritsar. 6-20 Anwarbai of Amritsar. 6-45 Classical music. 7-15 Parkash Chand. 7-30 For countryside. 8-0 Khushi. Play in Hindustani. 8-45 Classical music. 9-5 Prakash Chand. News, weather report. 9-15 In Hindustani. 9-30 In English. 9-45 Classical music. 10-15 Prakash Chand. 10-35 Anwarbai.

Lucknow Programme

VUW 293.5 metres (1.022 kc/s)
p.m.
6-30 Mahesh Narain Saksena. 6-55 Shubratanbai. 7-20 Mohammad Ashraf. 7-45 Kumari Shakuntala Mathur. 8-5 Mahesh Narain Saksena. 8-30 'Ek Tha Raja'. 8-40 Shubratanbai. 9-0 Kumari Shakuntala Mathur. News, weather report. 9-15 In Hindustani. 9-30 In English. 9-45 D. H. Lawrence. Talk by Bhagwat Dayal. 10-0 Kumar. 10-30 Shubratanbai.

Madras—I Programme

VUM 211 metres (1,420 kc/s)
p.m.
5-30 Humorous music. By Muthuswamy of Kumbaknam. 5-50 Violin and Jalatarang v. Flute and Vina. 6-10 K. R. Ganesa Iyer: Vocalist. 7-15 Books for Bairns. 7-30 K. R. Ganesa Iyer. 8-15 AIR Carnatic Orchestra. 8-25 Shrimati D. K. Pattammal: Vocalist. 9-15 News, weather report. 9-30 Magic carpet: 3. 9-45 Shrimati D. K. Pattmmal.

Madras—II Programme

p.m.
5-30 to 7-30 Programme as in Madras I. 7-30 Curse of Dowry. 8-15 to 9-45 Programme as in Madras 1. 9-45 After-dinner Concert.

B. B. C. Programme

GSJ 13.93 m. (2153 Mc/s) GSH 13.97 m. (21.47 Mc/s) GSG 16.86 m (17.79 Mc/s) GSG (to 9-30 p.m.) 16.86 m. (17.79 Mc/s) GSF 19.82 m. (15.14 Mc/s).
p.m.
7-30 Gilbert Stacey and his Sextet. 8-5 Background to Central Europe: 4. 8-20 Empire Variety Theatre. 9-0 Hazell's (Aylesbury) Printing Works Band. 9-30 News. 10-0 Dance Music.
10-50 to 11-45 p.m. Arabic Programme. GSP 19.60 metres (15.31 Mc/s).

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GOODLAX BISLERI
The Best LAXATIVE

MILL STRIKERS FORM COMMITTEE

BOMBAY, Friday.

A strike committee was formed this morning at a meeting of the strikers of the Bradbury Mill, held in the compound of the Chawl situated at Rippon Road, opposite the Mill.

The meeting was addressed by several labour leaders of the Girni Kamgar (Red Flag) Union, who exhorted the strikers to maintain solidarity and unity.

The Committee will be composed of about a dozen members consisting of two workers representing each department of the Mill.

The workers authorised the Committee to conduct the strike or, if possible, to negotiate for a satisfactory settlement and will be guided in their efforts by the Girni Kamgar Union.

The strike in the Mill began on August 20, when notices of discharge were served on some of the workers in the Spinning Department. The Mill, though was opened this morning, has not been able to turn out any work, as the strikers decided to hold out.

TAILORS' STRIKE CONTINUES

The strike of the tailors in some of the Girgaum shops continued to-day. Peaceful picketing is being conducted at the shops.

The strike of women in Shri Sakti Mill, Mahalaxmi, also continued to-day.

MENEZES BRAGANCA

A Friend Of The Youth

(From A Correspondent).

To be able to pay one's tribute, however humble it may be, to the revered memory of Menezes Braganca is a great honour. For Menezes Braganca was one of the greatest intellectual giants of his time; a true soldier who, with his heroic courage born of a deep learning and strong conviction, worked and fought single-handed in the interest of his country in the face of social, political and clerical opposition. And he did it in the midst of some of his own friends who, like Judas, betrayed him at every turn. The Youths, who organized a public condolence meeting in his memory, at the I.L.I. Hall under the presidentship of Prof. Armando Menezes, deserve in a special manner to be congratulated on a huge success that greeted their efforts. For, this meeting had the privilege of being the first in Bombay, though it is not going to be the only meeting in this vast city of so many representative Goan Institutions.

ALLEGED DEFAMATION

Case Against Sardar

"The accused described the complainant as a 'mean and wicked man.' He also made other vilifying and defamatory statements concerning the complainant," observed Mr. Ibrahim, in opening the case in which Mr. Jayantilal Amin, a journalist, charged Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel with defamation.

The case was filed about a year back.

Mr. Ibrahim in opening the case, made a brief survey of the circumstances which resulted in launching the present case.

The alleged defamatory statements made by the accused against the complainant were stated to have been uttered by him at a meeting of the Patidar Community in Bombay held at Hira Baug in May 1936.

Mr. Ibrahim stated that the complainant as well as the accused belonged to the Patidar community in Kaira District.

The complainant hailed from Nadiad while the accused belonged to the village of Charotor. There was a group of six villages in the district and, according to the social custom prevailing there, a girl belonging to the Patidar community in any one of the six villages could not be married to a boy outside that group of villages. In the middle of 1936, there was a proposal to marry Vimala, daughter of Mr. I. S. Patel, nephew of the accused to the son of Mr. Shankerbhai Amin, a solicitor, who did not belong to these six villages. There was a lot of agitation over it among the Patidar community.

On May 2, 1936, the complainant happened to meet Mr. Somabhai Patel, brother of the accused, and paternal grandfather of Vimala. The late Mr. Somabhai Patel, Mr. Ibrahim stated, was against the marriage and as he wanted to express his views publicly a meeting was organised to be held on May 3 at Hira Baug. Mr. Somabhai was not present at the meeting but the accused, his son and others were present. The complainant read out a written statement at the meeting and he also referred to two letters written by Mr. Somabhai Patel on the subject. A resolution stating that the Patidar community was not in a position to congratulate the contracting parties to the marriage was then moved.

The accused is stated to have made a speech, in which he alleged made vilifying and defamatory allegations against the accused. The complainant is alleged to have been described by the accused "as the meanest of the mean."

Editor's Evidence.

Mr. Sorabji P. Kapadia, Editor of the "Bombay Samachar," was then called in as a formal witness. He produced copies of the "Samachar" dated 5th and 9th May 1936. He could not produce the manuscripts of certain article as they were not available.

The complainant was then examined. He was given a chair in the witness box due to the indifferent state of his health.

The complainant deposed that he was a journalist of nearly 20 years' standing and had been connected with the "Bombay Samachar" for some years. He was asked by the editor of the "Samachar" to collect views of prominent persons in the Patidar community regarding the proposed marriages. He submitted his reports to the editor which were published.

Mr. C. N. Kanuga cross-examined the witness at great length. Mr. Kanuga stated that the complainant was solely responsible for the agitation against the marriage and that he was the real wire-puller.

The case stands adjourned to September 30.

Mr. Ibrahim with Mr. Hussain appeared for the complainant. Mr. C. N. Kanuga with Mr. Mohanlal Desai defended the accused.

FREE, GRATIS,

and for nothing!

FREE MEDICAL ADVICE WILL BE AVAILABLE— AND MEDICAL ADVICE IS URGENTLY NECESSARY — FOR ANYONE WHO CAN SIT THROUGH THIS PROGRAMME WITHOUT LAUGHING!

RANJIT'S
Rattling,
Laugh-packed
Comedy Hit

'THE CAT'

Load Of Laughs!
Tons of Fun!!
Mine of Mirth !!!

ONE LONG PEEL OF *"HA-HA-HA—"*

Directed by: JAYANT DESAI,
Screen's Versatile Director.

Starring these Fan-Vendors:

SUNITA DEVI, E. BILLIMORIA,
ILLADEVI, MAZHAR, KHATOON
ISHWARLAL, GHORY, RAM APTE.

also:
"LANKA DAHAN"
A Cartoon-Hit!

From
TO-DAY:

Daily: 5-15, 8, 10-30 P. M.
Sat., Sun., Hol., 2-30 P. M.

WEST END

STAR FLASHES

by CHARLES BRUNO

OF 146 CANDIDATES FOR THE ROLE OF A TOUGH BOY IN "STABLE-MATES" THE ONE SELECTED TURNED OUT TO BE A GIRL... AND WAS THE CASTING DIRECTOR'S FACE RED!
BORIS KARLOFF, FORMER BOGEY MAN OF FILMS, HAS GONE "SOFTIE"..... FOR HIS "DEVIL'S ISLAND" ROLE HE HAS A PERMANENT WAVE!
BANG!
BAM!
BECAUSE THE ANCIENT VEHICLE UNEARTHED FOR "THE SISTERS" DIDN'T ACT TRUE TO FORM, SMOKE POTS WERE LIT UNDER THE HOOD AND FIRECRACKERS SET OFF IN THE MUFFLER FOR SOUND EFFECTS.

PATHE

Daily 3-30, 6-30 & 10 p.m. 'Ph. 41561
SUNDAY EXTRA SHOW AT 10 A.M.
2ND GRAND WEEK!

SPECIAL NOTICE:
REDUCTION in PRICES
BEGINNING TO-DAY:
All 3-30 p.m. and 10 a.m. Shows will be Priced as follows:—
LOWER STALLS ..... As. 14 (Instead of Rs. 1-2).
UPPER STALLS ..... Rs. 1-8 (Instead of Rs. 2-4)
BOX SEATS ..... Rs. 2-1 (Instead of Rs. 3-6)
ALL INCLUDING TAX.
DON'T MISS THIS GRAND OPPORTUNITY!
Also:
LATEST BRITISH MOVIETONE
EXCLUSIVE NEWS TO PATHE

BLIND:

but he saw better than them all! THE GOOD OLD FARMER HAD NO EYES. YET HE HAD A BETTER FORESIGHT AND INSIGHT INTO HUMAN CONDUCT THAN THE WHOLE VILLAGE

K. C. DEY. in NEW THEATRES'
"DHARTI-MATA"
The Story of the Soil
5th Week
Daily: 5, 8 and 11 p.m.
TO-DAY & TOM.: 2 P.M.
MINERVA

METRO
DAILY AT 3:30-6:30-10 P.M.
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IT'S EXCITING!
Smashing romance... pathos... conflict... true life told in gripping drama! M-G-M's mightiest!

Robert TAYLOR
Margaret SULLAVAN
Franchot TONE · Robert YOUNG
THREE COMRADES
with GUY KIBBEE
LIONEL ATWILL
HENRY HULL
A FRANK BORZAGE Production
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A Metro-Goldwyn-Mayer PICTURE

—Plus—
M-G-M's NEW Audioscopiks A Laugh Riot!

—Also—
THOSE TALENTED KIDS IN OUR GANG FOLLIES OF 1938.

City & Suburbs

LOCAL ENGAGEMENTS

To-day

Hindu: Bhadarva Vad 1, 1994
Muslim: Rajjab 13, 1357
Parsi: Farvardin 5, 1308
Hightide: 12-12
Lowtide: 5-49 18-17
Sunrise: 6h 25m
Sunset: 6h 47m
S. S. 'Mooltan' with English mails sails at 1 p.m.

Monday, September 12.

Bombay Medical Council meeting, 19, New Marine Lines, 12 noon.
Municipal Corporation, 3-40 p.m. Special meeting, 4-40 p.m.

TAMIL DRAMA

The Sri Ranjani Sabha will enact 'Chandravadanai' at Damodar Hall, Parel on Sunday, the 11th instant at 4-25 p.m. (S.T.).

LECTURE ON RAJA YOGA

Swami Sambuddhananda, will deliver a public lecture on "Prana or Cosmic Energy" at the Batliboi's Accountancy Institute Hall, Prescott Road, Fort, today (Saturday) at 3-30 p.m.

POSTAL NOTICE

Registered and unregistered correspondence other than letters and postcards for Australia and New Zealand per s.s. 'Oronsay' via Madura and Colombo will be accepted at the General Post Office upto 8-30 and 9 a.m. respectively on Wednesday, the 14th instant.

KARACHI ENGINEERING COLLEGE OLD BOYS' ASSOCIATION

Principal G. N. Gokhale will meet the members of the Association at 6-30 p.m. to-day (Saturday) at Tutorial High School, Kennedy Bridge, Girgaum Road.

NEW KHADI BHANDAR OPENING CEREMONY

Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel will perform the opening ceremony of a branch of the A. I. S. A. Khadi Bhandar, Azad Bhuvan, Masjid Bunder Road.

The opening ceremony will be performed at Dariasthan, Dariasthan Gully, to-day (Saturday) at 5 p.m. (S.T.).

INDIAN CIVIL LIBERTIES' UNION

Under the auspices of the Indian Civil Liberties' Union, a meeting to protest repression in Travancore will be held to-day (Saturday) at 8-30 p.m. in Astik Samaj, Matunga, Mr. S. A. Brelvi will preside.

TO FIGHT REPRESSION IN KASHMIR

A preliminary meeting of the citizens of Bombay will be held at the Borah Brotherhood Hall, Jakaria Masjid, Mandvi, at the junction of Masjid Bunder Road and Mahomedali Road, on Sunday, the 11th instant at 10 a.m. to discuss the plan for support to the popular agitation against the repression by Kashmir Durbar.

YOUTHS' PARLIAMENT

Under the joint auspices of the Muslim Students' Union and the Young Theosophists, Mr. R. J. Mithaiwalla will deliver a public lecture on "The Youth Movement in Germany", at Blavatsky Lodge, to-day (Saturday) at 6-30 p.m. Mr. M. S. Ramaswamy will preside.

AMUSEMENTS OF THE DAY

METRO—"Three Comrades". Daily at 3-30, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
EROS—"Holiday". Daily at 3-30, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
OPERA HOUSE—"Raja Gopichand". Daily at 5-15, 8 and 10-45 p.m. Matinee, to-day and to-morrow at 2-30 p.m.
REGAL—"Always Goodbye". Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
ROXY—"Vachan". Daily at 5-15, 8 and 10-30 p.m. Matinee, to-day and to-morrow at 2-30 p.m.
CAPITOL—"Gold Diggers in Paris". Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
CENTRAL—"Gopal Krishna". Daily at 5-15, 8 and 10-30 p.m. Matinee, to-day and to-morrow at 2-30 p.m.
PATHE—"Her Jungle Love". Daily at 3-30, 6-30 and 10 p.m. Sunday morning show at 10 a.m.
WELLINGTON—"The Firefly." Daily at 3-30, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
WEST END—"The Cat". Daily at 5-15, 8 and 10-30 p.m. Matinee, to-day and to-morrow at 2-30 p.m.
SUPER—"Yangrilla". Daily at 5, 8-15 and 10-45 p.m. Matinee, to-day and to-morrow at 2-30 p.m.
MINERVA—"Dharti-Mata". Daily at 5, 8 and 11 p.m. Matinee, to-day and to-morrow at 2 p.m.
KRISHNA—"Poornima". Daily at 5-15, 8 and 10-45 p.m. Matinee, to-day and to-morrow at 2-30 p.m.
IMPERIAL—"Baghban". Daily at 5-15, 8 and 10-30 p.m. Matinee, to-day and to-morrow at 2-30 p.m.
PALACE—"The Hurricane". Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
EDWARD—"Amrit Manthan". Daily at 5, 8 and 10-45 p.m. Matinee, to-day and to-morrow at 2-30 p.m.
BROADWAY—"A Star is Born". Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
MAJESTIC—"Brahmachari". Daily at 5-15, 8 and 10-30 p.m. Matinee, to-day and to-morrow at 2-30 p.m.
LAMINGTON—"Fashionable Wife". Daily at 5-15, 8 and 10-45 p.m. Matinee, to-day and to-morrow at 2 p.m.
EXCELSIOR—"The Drum". Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
NEW EMPIRE—"Cocoanut Grove". Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
PLAZA—"Alibaba Goes to Town". Daily at 6-30 and 10 p.m. Matinee, to-day and to-morrow at 2-30 p.m.

"SUBRAHMANYA BHARATHI DAY"

To-morrow (Sunday) will be observed as "Subrahmanya Bharathi Day", in honoured memory of the great Poet-Patriot of Tamilnad. A procession of Congressmen of Matunga will start at 7-30 a.m. from near the Khadi Depot (near the Matunga Post Office) which, after passing through prominent localities, will terminate at a public meeting to be held at the Asthika Samaj Hall at about 10 a.m. All are requested to join the procession in time.

SOUTH INDIAN ASSOCIATION

At a meeting of the Managing Committee of the above Association held on Friday the 2nd instant the following resolution was unanimously passed:—

"The Committee of the South Indian Association, Matunga, heartily welcome the action of the Madras Government in introducing Hindustani in the middle school course, as that is the only means of putting an end to the linguistic isolation of our province from the rest of India to which people who like ourselves live outside the province are painfully alive."

REGAL Daily at 4, 6-30 & 10 p.m.

"Yes! I'll always love you!...and that will be my penalty ...remembering always how we said goodbye for my boy's sake... the boy I can never claim for my own!"
BARBARA STANWYCK
The "Stella Dallas" star at her greatest!
HERBERT MARSHALL
His most inspired dramatic performance!
in Always Goodbye
with IAN HUNTER
CESAR ROMERO · LYNN BARI
BINNIE BARNES · JOHN RUSSELL
Directed by Sidney Lanfield
Associate Producer Raymond Griffith
Screen Play by Kathryn Scola and Edith Skouras
Darryl F. Zanuck In Charge of Production
A 20th Century-Fox Picture

Also LATEST NEWS

TALK OF THE SUBURBS

(BY A SUBURBAN MAN)

Chimbai village in the Bandra sector, whose deplorable sanitary condition I have on many occasions commented upon in this column is now I am told developing the gambling vice. The place which has only a small fishing village is the venue of many gambling vices.

Being quite a busy Satta centre, the fishermen also indulge in cards and marbles all played for money. The last mentioned game is played in broad daylight on the middle of the entire roadway, which puts both traffic and pedestrians in any amount of inconvenience. This sort of gambling has been a regular habit throughout the suburban fishing villages. It will be admitted that the fishermen hardly indulge in the Satta evil, but card gaming has spread very fast amongst them and I understand some even play to a pool of over fifty rupees.

The major portion of the fishermen's population being uneducated, the lure for making money tells considerably on their trade and several families are now at the mercy of money-lenders. Looking at the whole situation I feel that Congress Government would do well to carry on propaganda amongst these ignorant fishermen. They ought to be explained the full evils of gambling. If this can be done the fishing trade in my opinion would develop considerably.

The suburban police might do well to concentrate on these villages especially the Bandra Police could easily put a stop to such gaming in Chimbai, Chapel Road and Danda.

BANDRA THIS WEEK

The most interesting topic of the suburbs has now been centred on Bandra. Everybody is now anxiously awaiting for the long planned day of Bandra's annual festival.

To-morrow in the very early hours of the morning the gates of this historical festival will be thrown open and people of all castes and creeds without distinction will pour in hundreds.

Great preparations are now nearly complete. All along the route to the chapel of the crest of the Bandra Hill a lively atmosphere already prevails. Stalls of wax models have sprung up over night—models of every size and description which are mostly offered according to the various disease the Heavenly Lady has miraculously cured or in the hope of being cured.

Along the long flight of steps descending the hill, toy shops with every possible toy and useful articles are now put up for a distance of about a mile. Lower down various amusement stalls are ready waiting to function.

Among the many social functions that are to be held during this week, the festival dance to be held to-morrow starting at 9-30 p.m. at the Bandra Town Hall, promises to be a huge success. This I understand is organised in aid of certain deserving charities. The Merry Warblers Dance Band is to play for the occasion.

KHADI & VILLAGE INDUSTRIES EXHIBITION
and
SWADESHI BAZAR
AT CONGRESS HOUSE
During Gandhi Jayanti Week from 21st Sept. to 2nd Oct. 1938

'Onam' Social

The Bombay Keraleeya Samaj will celebrate 'Onam' Social this year tomorrow (Sunday) at 4 p.m. (S. T.), in the Hall of the Chabildas Lulloobhoy Boys' High School, Dadar, B. B. and C. I. Mr. T. C. Mayan, Executive Officer of the Haj Committee, Bombay, will preside.

MUSICAL ART SOCIETY

Musical Art Society will hold its 69th general meeting at Laxmibaug, Bhatwadi, Girgaum, to-day (Saturday) at 9-30 p.m. when Khan Saheb Nissar Hussein of Baroda will give a music performance.

S. I. VOLUNTEER CORPS

The first parade and drill class for the Corps will be held on Sunday, the 11th instant at 7 a.m. on the ground of the Indian Gymkhana (opposite South Indian Co-operative Buildings) G. I. P. Matunga, Bombay.

BOMBAY MATHEMATICAL COLLOQUIUM

The discussion following Prof. Katti's lecture on the 'Teaching of Geometry' will be resumed at the Royal Institute of Science to-day (Saturday) at 4-30 p.m.

STEAMER MOVEMENTS

The N Y K steamer 'Hakusan Maru' left Colombo for Bombay on the 8th September and is due to arrive here on Sunday, the 11th September at 4 a.m.

SCHOOL OF INDIAN MUSIC

The weekly concert of the school will be held to-day (Saturday) at 5-30 p.m. at the School Hall, Benham Hall Lane Bombay 4.

B. P. ADULT EDUCATION ASSOCIATION

The lecture on "Safeguards" in the series on the New Constitution of India organised by the Association, is postponed from Saturday, the 10th September to Saturday the 1st October.

SCIENCE LECTURES

Under the joint auspices of the Royal Institute of Science and the B. P. Adult Education Association, Dr. Y. G. Naik and Mr. C. R. Talpade will deliver the final lectures of the courses in Gujarati Physics and Marathi Chemistry to-day (Saturday) at 3 p.m. in room No. 2 and Room No. 32 of the Royal Institute of Science. Botany lectures in Marathi and Zoology lectures in Gujarati will commence from Saturday, the 17th instant.

BOMBAY SECONDARY TEACHERS' ASSOCIATION

Under the auspices of the Association, Mr. S. S. Cameron, M.A., will inaugurate the History Study Circle in the Demonstration Hall of the Secondary Training College, Bombay, to-day (Saturday) at 5-30 p.m. The inauguration will be followed by a Debate. Subject: "That in the opinion of this House, the teaching of English History in India is a waste of time."

A KHORDADSAL GATHERING

Under the joint auspices of the Rahnuma-e-Mazdayasnan Sabha, the Gatha Society and Grant Road Parsi Association, a gathering will be held to-day (Saturday) at the K. R. Cama Oriental Institute's Dr. Sir J. J. Mody Memorial Hall (Apollo Street, Museum East) at 5-30 p.m. on the auspicious occasion of Khordadsal. Mr. Nariman Dadabhoy Mehta will give a programme of music. Mr. Sohrab Jamshedji Balsara, M.A., will show lantern slides of the photos taken in Iran. Mr. Phiroz Gazder will give an account of his recent travels in Iran. Mr. Behramgore T. Anklesaria M.A., will preside.

Pathe Reduce Rates

From September 10, the Pathe Cinema have reduced their rates for 3-30 p.m. and 10 a.m. shows. The lower stalls will be charged 14 as. instead of Rs. 1-2-0; Upper stalls Rs. 1-8-0 instead of Rs. 2-4-0; and Box seats Rs. 2-4-0 instead of Rs. 3-6-0 all including tax.

SOCIAL SERVICE LEAGUE

The Voluntary Social Workers' Training Class (Advanced) on "Industrial Welfare Work" and "Urban Co-operation" will meet to-day (Saturday) at the League's Head Office, Sandhurst Road. Two lectures will be delivered this day, the first by Mr. Kanji Dwarkadas, B.A., on "Industrial Psychology in India" from 5-15 to 6-15 p.m. (S.T.), and the second by Mr. P. G. Kanekar of the Social Service League, Bombay, on "Labourers' Co-operative Organisation" from 6-30 to 7-30 p. m. (S.T.).

The Voluntary Social Workers' Training Class will meet to-day (Saturday) at Tutorial High School, Grant Road. Two lectures will be delivered this day, the first by Prof. P. A. Wadia, M.A., on "The Problem of Poverty" from 5 to 6 p.m. (S.T.) and the second by Mr. M. R. Bade, B.A., B.Sc., on "Reclamation of the Criminal Tribes" from 6 to 7 p.m. (S.T.).

TWO ACCIDENTS ON FRIDAY NIGHT

On Friday night two motor accidents occurred in the Fort area, in each case a taxi being involved.

At about 10 p.m. a taxi and motor-car were involved in an accident opposite the Council Hall. Both the cars came to a standstill near the pavement on the Museum side, the taxi being badly damaged with one of its front wheels put out of shape.

It is alleged that the driver of the taxi was under the influence of drink. He was removed to hospital for treatment.

The other accident occurred in Mayo Road and the cars came off with little damage.

The police are investigating the cases.

INSTRUCTION TO POLICE OFFICERS

The Government of Bombay has issued instructions that Police officers while investigating crimes are not to partake of private hospitality from the parties concerned or their friends and relatives. They should also be careful to pay for all provisions supplied to them and to get the bills therefor duly receipted.

'Manav-Sadan' At Worli

The Org. Secretary of the Society of the Servants of Humanity, writes:—

The Board of the Foundation Members of the Society of the Servants of Humanity—otherwise known as Sri Manav-Sevak Samaj, has approved the scheme for the establishment of the 'Manav-Sadan', the Society's own premises for preaching the gospel of the 'Unity of All Mankind', on a plot somewhere at Worli.

To give effect and make preliminary arrangements, a Sub-Committee consisting of Messrs. Rameshwardas Agarwala, Liladhar Shah, B. K. Sharma, Y. N. P. Chaturvedi, D. D. Ghosh, R. S. Gupta and B. Nigam has been appointed to move in the matter.

In this connection, it is proposed to observe a 'Servants of Humanity Week' or 'Manav-Sevak Saptah' during the last week of October; when collection of funds towards the fulfilment of the proposed scheme will be made.

AT LAST! The Screen Romance that EVERYONE WILL WANT TO SEE!

KATHARINE HEPBURN
AND CARY GRANT
IN
"HOLIDAY"
ALL YOUR FAVOURITE STARS ACCLAIM IT —SO WILL YOU!

JOAN CRAWFORD says: "KATHARINE HEPBURN is a thrilling artist, always. She has never been so compelling. She makes 'Linda' a breathless reality!"

IRENE DUNNE says: "I was thrilled by the grand performance of KATHARINE HEPBURN and CARY GRANT HOLIDAY is a real treat!"

CHARLES BOYER says: "KATHARINE HEPBURN in HOLIDAY was superb! She proved again that she is one of the screen's greatest!"

MERLE OBERON says: "KATHARINE HEPBURN was magnificent! She gave a very brilliant and appealing performance in HOLIDAY!"

JANET GAYNOR says: "KATHARINE HEPBURN as 'Linda,' is superb!"

NORMA SHEARER says: "KATHARINE HEPBURN is one of the really rare human beings in this world, and she demonstrated it again by her human performance!"

IT TAKES SOMETHING EXTRA SPECIAL TO MAKE STARS PRAISE A FILM IN SUCH GLOWING TERMS, AND YOU'LL AGREE WITH THEM WHEN YOU SEE THIS MAGNIFICENT LAUGH AND LOVE RIOT OF 1938!
A COLUMBIA PICTURE
TO-MORROW MORNING SHOW: AT 10 A.M.
Reduced Rates: 6 as., 9 as. & Rs. 1|2.
EROS India's Finest Theatre Daily: 3-30 6-30 & 10 P.M.

HELD OVER FOR 2nd HAPPY WEEK!
CAPITOL Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
"GOLD DIGGERS IN PARIS"

with RUDY VALLEE
ROSEMARY LANE
HUGH HERBERT
ALLEN JENKINS
THE SCHNICKELFRITZ BAND
GLORIA DICKSON · MELVILLE COOPER
MABEL TODD · FRITZ FELD · A WARNER BROS. Picture
Directed by RAY ENRIGHT · Musical Numbers Created & Directed by Busby Berkeley
Screen Play by Earl Baldwin and Warren Duff · Story by Jerry Wald, Richard Macaulay, Maurice Leo From an Idea by Jerry Horwin and James Seymour · Music and Lyrics by Harry Warren & Al Dubin

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The Bombay Chronicle

BOMBAY: SATURDAY, SEPTEMBER 10, 1938

SWADESHI IN STORES DEPARTMENT

The annual reports of the Indian Stores Department are of special interest as being indicative of the progress in the purchase of Swadeshi goods by the Central and the Provincial Governments in India, the Indian States and various other public bodies in the country. And indirectly they also indicate the progress in Swadeshi industries. The Report for the year 1937-38 shows appreciable progress in every branch of the Department. The total purchases which were valued at Rs. 476 lakhs in 1934-35 and 649 lakhs last year have now reached the figure of Rs. 789 lakhs. It is particularly significant that the purchases on behalf of the Autonomous Provinces amounted, in the year under review, to Rs. 82 lakhs, showing an increase of Rs. 11 lakhs over the previous year in spite of the fact that purchases for Burma have been accounted for separately since April 1937. It is also particularly gratifying that the value of stores purchased in India for the Defence Department increased by 58 per cent. to Rs. 188 lakhs.

A Menace

But at least one fact detracts much from the satisfaction given by the figures quoted above and many others cited in the Report. It is that the goods purchased are not all cent. per cent. Swadeshi. They are described as being "wholly or partially produced or manufactured in India." And a small percentage of goods purchased are imported. Apart from the imported goods, figures have not been given separately for goods wholly and partially made in India. It also seems possible that pretty large quantities of goods are purchased from concerns which are located in India but which are owned and controlled wholly or predominantly by non-Indians. Such concerns cannot as Gandhiji has pointed out, "in the remotest sense be called Swadeshi." Nor are these concerns negligible in number or influence. A list of 122 concerns was published in "Harijan" of September 3 and that was not exhaustive. Such concerns are a menace to Swadeshi and so must be the purchases from them by the Indian Stores Department.

Premium On Foreign Goods

The Report assures the public that "every endeavour was made to substitute supplies of indigenous manufactures, wherever possible, without sacrifice of economy and efficiency." But it is believed in many quarters that the standard specifications to which Indian goods are to conform, to be put on the approved list, are needlessly high and rigid, and only serve to put a premium on foreign goods. For instance, it appears from a memorial submitted to the Bombay Minister for Industries that the electric lamps manufactured in this province have not yet been approved by the Stores Department, because they fall short of the standard by a small margin in respect of their average life though they are found to be above the standard in luminosity and cost. However, it is not this or that article or firm that we plead for. What we insist is that the concerns approved as indigenous must be wholly or predominantly Indian in management and the tests to be applied to their products for approval should not be needlessly exacting. Congress Governments should take the lead in ensuring the acceptance of these reasonable conditions.

Amazing Cynicism

Mr. Jinnah calls upon Muslims not to "be carried away when their sentiments and religious feelings are appealed to in the name of Palestine and Waziristan by our adversaries". Mr. Jinnah is naturally embarrassed by "Palestine and Waziristan". They expose the Muslim League's feet of clay. But if the perfectly legitimate and necessary arguments of "our adversaries" are condemned as "false and seductive propaganda" what is one to say of that exploitation of Muslims of which Mr. Jinnah is himself guilty? The main grounds on which Mr. Jinnah justifies his support to the Army Bill is that anti-recruitment propaganda was likely to "blast the careers" of Muslims who constitute 60 to 70 per cent of the Army as also that it would discredit the "predominantly Muslim" Ministry of Sir Sikandar Hayat. This means that Mr. Jinnah invites Musalmans to be carried away by sentiments for Sir Sikandar Hayat and their present proportion. This means an open and blatant confession by Mr. Jinnah that Musalmans should not bother about the use to which they may be put by British Imperialism. In fact it is an invitation from Mr. Jinnah that they should consider the protection of Sir Sikandar Hayat and their proportion as their first and foremost duty even at the expense of their sentiments and feelings, which were outraged during the last war, which were outraged after the war and which are still being outraged. Whatever the policy of British Imperialism towards Muslim sentiments and feelings, in the past or even at the present moment Muslims, Mr. Jinnah says, must not "be carried away when their sentiments and religious feelings are appealed to in the name of Palestine and Waziristan". They must, according to him, cheerfully serve British Imperialism and in fact participate in outraging Muslim sentiments because the careers of Muslim soldiers and of Sir Sikandar Hayat will, otherwise, be in danger. This is exploitation which is unique for its unblushing and abominable cynicism.

The Press & The Congress

Ever since Mr. Sarat Chandra Bose made certain allegations against Mr. Tushar Kanti Ghose, Editor of the "Amrita Bazar Patrika," a controversy has been carried on in a section of the Bengal Press—a controversy which is as unedifying as it is injurious to the national cause. Mr. Tushar Kanti Ghose vigorously repudiated the allegations of anti-Nationalism against himself, while the "Amrita Bazar Patrika" in the early stages of the controversy, obviously provoked by these allegations, indulged in a very deplorable and indefensible personal attack on Mr. Sarat Chandra Bose. The controversy in the Press soon assumed such unseemliness and bitterness that Dr. Rabindra Nath Tagore felt compelled to issue an appeal to the Press to desist from it and he suggested to the parties concerned "to settle their differences in a calm atmosphere of private negotiations." As he said, "the folly of dragging the reputation of Bengal to the dust may amuse or even bring profit to alien outsiders, but for us it has assumed intolerable proportions." We have no desire to go into the merits of the controversy and we would not have referred to it but for a new issue which has arisen out of the controversy and which involves the rights of the Press. On Monday last an emergent meeting of the Executive of the Bengal Provincial Congress Committee was called at which Mr. Sarat Chandra Bose moved a resolution urging a boycott of the "Patrika." The Executive, however, accepted an amendment that the matter raised in Mr. Bose's resolution be referred to the Working Committee of the Congress. It is understood that, despite this decision, a special meeting of the Executive of the B.P.P.C. is again being called to reconsider the matter. At any rate, we have no doubt the Working Committee will summarily reject this preposterous proposal of boycotting the "Patrika." For, apart from the great and unforgettable services that the "Patrika" rendered in the past to the cause for which the Congress stands, it has done nothing now to warrant such drastic punishment. On the contrary, it has continued to remain a stout champion of national freedom. Being as it is a powerful exponent of the cause for which the Congress is carrying on its struggle, to attempt to boycott it would be like cutting off one's nose to spite one's face. The Congress has always stood for the liberty of the Press. No Congress organisation would be justified in carrying on a campaign for the boycott even of a newspaper which is its unsparing critic, because the Freedom which the Congress is fighting for would be a snare and a delusion if it did not mean the freedom of the Press. As Pandit Jawaharlal truly says in his message to the "National Herald", "we have to be on our guard to prevent it (the National Movement), by self-criticism and a desire to learn and profit by experience, from hardening and losing its vitality and the capacity to adapt itself to changing conditions." The success of our movement would be in certain jeopardy the movement the Press is sought to be prevented, by intimidation, from performing its legitimate function.

OUR LONDON LETTER

Germany Ready To Invade Czechoslovakia

(From Our Own Correspondent).

LONDON, August 31.

The meeting of Ministers called by the Prime Minister to discuss the crisis provoked in Europe by the Nazi threats to Czechoslovakia was held yesterday at 10, Downing Street. The Ministers apparently agreed to a suggestion from the Prime Minister that he should send a personal and friendly letter to Hitler. As a matter of fact, the Prime Minister—just as he did on the occasion of his letter to Mussolini months ago—had already drafted the letter. So far as that was concerned, the meeting of the Ministers, which lasted two hours and forty-five minutes, appears to have been a "yessing" session.

A Deal With Hitler

I am told that the letter contains no more of a warning than the Simon declaration of last Saturday made at Lanark, except for a statement about how absurd it would be if "cousins were to shed one another's blood." On the other hand, it apparently does contain a broad hint about the Chamberlain's Government's anxiety to do a deal with Hitler if he will wait for Britain to work it out. In other words, the line of Mr. Chamberlain is still towards offering Hitler a bargain. If he will refrain from an immediate armed attack, the British Government will seek to support his aims by every means. Strong hints were being dropped yesterday of the possibility of actually calling Hitler or his representatives to a conference, which would be intended to pave the way for an agreement between Mr. Chamberlain and the Nazis, parallel to the "agreement" between him and Mussolini. According to one of the morning newspapers Mr. Chamberlain and his colleagues are anxious to hint to Hitler that if he would agree to make a "peace" gesture at Nuremberg he might find Britain ready to support his full demands with respect to Czechoslovakia. The paper says that the technique is similar to that used in the case of Mussolini, who when he became particularly aggressive immediately received a friendly letter from Mr. Chamberlain and the offer of a Pact.

France Prepares

But while the meeting of the British Cabinet Ministers was busily agreeing that Mr. Chamberlain should send a "personal and friendly" letter to Hitler, the French High Command was sifting detailed information indicating beyond the shadow of a doubt that Nazi Germany is preparing to evacuate the whole of the population on the left-Western-bank of the Rhine. Already all army depots and offices have been moved back beyond the Siegfried fortifications on the right bank of the Rhine. Wives and families of army officers living near the French frontier have been notified that they must prepare to leave at once, while other evacuation measures are expected to be put into force within the next few days. Present indications are that, if carried through to schedule, this step—one of the last in Hitler's preparations for an attack on Czechoslovakia—will be completed by the end of the week.

Hitler's Plan

Paris circles are agreed that this is pretty well conclusive evidence of the fact that German General Staff is at this moment preparing to invade Czechoslova-

(Continued on Page 8 Col. 2)

DEMOCRACY MUST NOT BE FOOLED AGAIN

If Britain Goes To War

By H. N. Brailsford

Before the Nazi Party conference closes at Nuremberg on September 12, we in this country and our neighbours in France may be facing the gravest decision that has confronted us since 1914.

What the Fuhrer will say none of us knows. But he will speak with a million armed men mobilised behind him.

Along the Rhine another half-million are hastily completing the fortifications that face the French. In the North Sea, the two Fleets, British and German, will both be engaged in spectacular exercises.

Twenty years ago Mr. Lloyd George and M. Clemenceau made this problem for us. They included in the Czech Republic 3,500,000 unwilling German subjects.

It was not necessary to do so. This is not a scattered minority. It lies in a compact fringe round the frontiers, and could have been detached to join its kinsmen in Germany and Austria.

For strategical reasons this obvious solution was avoided. The mountains of the Sudeten land offered an easily defensible frontier. The French General Staff and French heavy industry, largely interested in Czech armaments, meant to erect here a formidable barrier against Germany, then a disarmed and pacific republic.

By these defensive measures the authors of the Paris peace created for the Czechs the very danger they meant to avert. Now this democratic republic is in peril, precisely because it holds the fortified mountain barrier.

When once it had based its security on this line, revision became difficult or impossible, and the League of Nations, while some life was left in it, faced every problem save revision.

No Oppression

To-day, with Austria within his Empire, it is Hitler rather than the French staff who poses the strategical problem.

He is bent on dismantling or neutralising this fortress that lies on the flank of any German advance eastwards. It bars the road to the oil wells of Rumania and the black earth of the Ukrane.

Whatever he may say at Nuremberg, however, he will not say this, though it is certainly the whole key and motive of his armed demonstration.

Instead, he will talk of the wrongs of the Sudeten-Germans. That is mere propaganda. They were not oppressed. Until a few weeks ago, they had their members sitting in the Czech Cabinet.

It is true that they suffer, as South Wales suffers: for the German industrial regions are a "distressed area"—perhaps the most miserable corner of Europe. A reconstruction loan would help. Germany herself has made much of the distress by closing her markets.

Finally, the Czech scale of relief for the unemployed is miserably inadequate. War will not help these victims of the Great slump.

Home Rule Area

But, as usual, no one talks of these realities of daily life among the German workers. The entire controversy has been sidetracked on to politics.

The Germans demand self-government for themselves—in principle a proper demand. But it is not geographically possible to make a single compact Home Rule area out of this German fringe.

The Czechs offer to divide their whole territory into about a score of self-governing cantons or counties. Several of these will be solidly German. In these the Germans will control all their social services and domestic concerns.

In this democratic State, however, they will have to respect the rights of all the citizens—even of the Socialists and the Jews. Nor will they, since they take their orders from Berlin, have control of the armed forces.

If, after this offer, Hitler should decide to plunge Europe into war, he damns himself as the aggressor, who will take up arms, not to end the oppression of his kinsmen, but to win for his Empire the strategical keys to further conquests.

In this event we must assume that the French and the Russians will honour their obligations as the allies of the Czechs. Britain if the Prime Minister's warnings meant anything will be involved by reason of its obligations, not directly to the Czechs, but indirectly to the French.

Facing The Facts

Facing this situation with all that it implies in peril and sacrifice, there are two guiding considerations that Socialists will keep in mind in determining their attitude.

It is one thing to bear our share, as Europeans, of the burden of collective security, which bids us aid the Czechs to defend their homes and their soil; and quite another to accept in that duty the leadership of Mr. Chamberlain and the master-class.

It has brought this tragedy upon Europe as much by its arrogant folly in 1919 as by its incessant retreats since 1933.

It bullied the Germans in its hour of omnipotence and gave way when they recovered their will to resist. It destroyed the League which should have kept the peace as much by timely

(Continued on page 13, col. 3)

FRANKLY SPEAKING

STILL FIDDLING

It is really amazing impudence on the part of the London "Times" to claim that nothing has happened after its mischievous article "to provoke fresh anxiety—rather the reverse." That paper has substantially helped to worsen the position and to make the crisis dangerously acute. And what is worse is that the British Government whose policy is responsible for bringing Europe to the brink of a crisis are still "realistically" passive. The fate of Europe depends on developments within the next two days. The British realists propose to hold their Cabinet meeting on—Monday. It was of the essence of urgency that they should formulate a definite and honest policy—a policy that left no doubt about its nature in the minds of those concerned—before Herr Hitler made his impending speech at Nuremberg. For who knows that it will not to be too late after his speech? Yet they are marking time. There is, however, still one chance left for Britain. Herr Hitler, it is reported, may send Herr Wiedemann to sound British opinion and feelings. If Mr. Chamberlain and Lord Halifax give him a categorical and decisive warning of their attitude, the crisis may yet be averted.

COWARDLY SELF-STULTIFICATION

Declaring that "the whole world stands on the brink of war" the British Trade Union Congress Manifesto supports Czecho-Slovakia against Germany and also demands that the Spanish Government's right to purchase arms should be restored and the French frontier opened. This is virtually a reiteration of declarations by earlier annual conferences on the subject, with what practical results the world fully knows. On the other hand, the T.U.C. according to Sir Walter Citrine, "is definitely opposed to direct industrial action to compel a change of Government's policy particularly respecting non-intervention in Spain". Moreover, the conference has decided not to call a special conference of the Unions to discuss the international situation. All this means that the T.U.C. has refused to modify its policy in spite of the fact that during the last two years or so the only response from the Government has been to go from one betrayal to another. Even with this experience before it the T.U.C. has nothing further to suggest when the world stands on the brink of war. We said yesterday that the T.U.C. was going to stultify itself. It has. Indeed it is self-stultification as cowardly as the "realism" of the British Government.

JUST RESTORATION.

The Governor of Bombay has acted wisely in giving his assent to the introduction of a Bill empowering the Revenue Department to acquire the lands confiscated during the C. D. movement for the purpose of restoring them to their original owners. The present owners will be paid the price paid by them plus the amount spent on the improvement of the land, if any, the amount of land revenue paid plus 4 per cent. interest on all these amounts as compensation. It is a point of honour for the Government to restore the lands to those whose sacrifices were in no small measure responsible for the success of the Congress. It would have been futile for the Governor to withhold his assent to a Bill to help the restoration. The provisions of the Bill are fair to the present owners, and it is to be hoped there will be no opposition whatsoever to the measure from any quarter.

POLICE DISCOURTESY.

A question in the Bombay Legislative Assembly elicited the information that about 100 complaints were received from the public regarding discourteous treatment meted out by the City Police and that 30 of these were found to be true. The actual position is, to our mind, worse than is indicated by these figures, though we glady admit that things have much changed for the better under the Congress Government. There are numerous men who are discourteously treated by the police but only a few of them take the trouble or are bold enough to lodge a formal complaint. For years past they have been accustomed to suffer silently, if not to regard policemen's discourtesy as almost a matter of course. And while many complaints are quite true, only a few can be proved to be so.

WORLD YOUTH CONGRESS

To attract 700 delegates from no less than 54 countries of the world is an achievement of which the World Youth Congress which was recently held in New York can justly be proud. This grand success is really a tribute "to the enthusiasm of young people from democratic countries for building up for peace." But the New York Congress is just the beginning of the great adventure. The Congress has initiated a movement to further friendship and peace throughout the world. It is this movement that the young representatives have to popularize in their respective countries.

POINTED PARAGRAPHS

Luxury becomes a necessity after you get used to it.

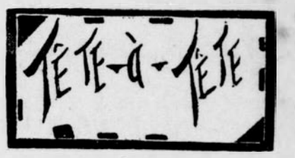
A woman has got to like a man before she will trust him.

It takes a man with sense to make a rupee go a long way.

It isn't the 2:10 horse that travels the farthest in a day.

Women wouldn't be so talkative if they only spoke their minds.

The light of happiness is often shut out by the shadow of suspicion.



WITHOUT COMMENT.

"A reassuring note is struck by the "Times" which says that there is nothing in yesterday's development in London to provoke fresh anxiety; rather the reverse."

—Reuter.

* * * *

Mr. Jinnah has issued a statement defending the Army Bill on the ground that Muslims form 65 to 70 per cent. of the present British Army strength.

Once upon a time this fact was made the—but *then* Mr. Jinnah had retired to his Tent having withdrawn from Muslims the great blessing of his leadership.

* * * *

Mr. Jinnah, having thus established the necessity of protecting Musalmans from anti-recruitment activities, proceeds to warn them against being "carried away, when their sentiments and religious feelings are appealed to in the name of our adversaries."

The next step forward which Mr. Jinnah should take is to call upon Musalmans to support what is being done in Palestine and Waziristan, in fact, to contribute recruits for the purpose.

* * * *

To tackle the Ministerial tangle a conference of the Sind Provincial Muslim League is shortly to be held and Mr. Jinnah, Sir Sikandar Hayat and Mr. Fazlul Huq are expected to attend.

We hope Mrs. Grundy of the Muslim League is duly gratified.

* * * *

Doctor Khare, we note, is keenly interested in psycho-analysis.

How would it be if this enthusiastic student did a bit of psycho-analysing.

What? Yes, of course, it does need a great deal of courage. But scientists we are told never lack this essential quality.

* * * *

SIR SHAH SULAIMAN

Discovers Errors In Eddington Theory!

—Headlines.

Splendid, splendid, whatever it is.

But what is more immediately required is for him to discover the obvious errors in the Aligarh University educational theory.

* * * *

The Czechs declare that "the new proposals have only been made because of foreign pressure urged to a degree that has surprised and even pained us."

That gives a splendid opportunity to British realists to assume an air of injured innocence and openly leave the Czechs to the mercy of Germany—in sheer disgust.

* * * *

Herr von Ribbentrop is reported to have told Nevile Henderson not to bluff on behalf of the British Government because the Germans knew that his Government were divided on the Czech question.

We hope the British Ambassador retired in good order—with a wink on behalf of Mr. Chamberlain and Lord Halifax.

* * * *

BETRAYAL OF CZECHO-SLOVAKIA IMMINENT?

—Headlnie.

The answer is in the negative. It really occurred long ago.

* * * *

"M. Daladier, French Premier, conferred with M. Bonnet to-day on the International situation."

—Paris Message.

That needn't cause any worry. As a counter-blast Mr. Chamberlain conferred with Lord Halifax for one and a half hours on the same day.

* * * *

A TEATIME THOUGHT.

"Palmerston in the House of Commons spoke of the Chinese as 'insolent barbarians,' because they objected to having Indian opium forced upon them. To show our superior civilisation we burnt the Emperor's palace, full of irreplaceable art treasures."

—Very Rev. W. R. Inge.

* * * *

The bold young man approached the fair maid with easy confidence, and lifted his hat.

"Sir," said the fair maid, frigidly, "I don't know you from Adam!"

The bold young man was unabashed.

"Oh, I say," he replied, "I'm far better dressed, surely!"

Momentous League Meeting

Most Vital For World Peace

Czech Minorities Confer

GENEVA, Sept. 9.

The meeting of the League Council, opening to-morrow, is overshadowed by the question of Czechoslovakia and it is expected that the League will largely mark time, until the issue becomes clearer. It is felt here that the League never met under darker sky with more doubtful Omens than this time.

M. Avenol told a meeting of the higher officials present that the meeting was not only the most important in the history of the League but the most vital for world peace. The situation is viewed here, as in London, with calmness and hope, greatest weight is attached to the talks expected to take place between the Anglo-French Foreign Ministers, Lord Halifax and M. Bonnet. The Meeting is not expected before Tuesday.

Czech Minorities Confer

Two important developments occurred to-day in Czechoslovakia neither of which is regarded as calculated to help the Czech cause.

The first is that Sudeten complaints, regarding the ill-treatment of 82 prisoners from Freiwaldau near Machrischostrau, have been substantiated as a result of the Government enquiry that these men were arrested for being in illegal possession of arms. They have apparently been beaten, deprived of food, and it is generally claimed that they have been ill-treated.

It is gathered that Dr. Hodza not only promised the fullest satisfaction, but has already suspended a number of police and officials who will be tried and punished with the extreme rigour of the Law.

The other development was of a political character. Meeting between the Parliamentary representatives of the Sudeten Party and those representing the Slovak Autonomists, the United Hungarians and the Poles discussed questions of the reconstruction of the State and the nationalities problem generally, the meeting resulting in complete agreement regarding the common line to be followed.

Sudetens To Submit Memorandum

Accusations that the Czech Government has not been able to intervene with effect to prevent disturbances in the Sudeten territory are contained in a communique from the Sudeten headquarters, which reveals that the Political Committee of the Sudeten Party, in a special meeting, discussed the incidents "recently of increased frequency."

The communique also refers to a special report showing that persons arrested on political grounds have been "exposed to severe maltreatment." It alleges that some persons arrested on suspicion are being detained in prison without trial for periods at least of two years.

The communique concludes with the charge that events at Machrischostrau show that the constitutional authorities are powerless to ensure respect for final speech will be the most important probably the only one in which foreign political affairs will feature.

civil rights against military and bureaucratic influences" and with the promise to submit a memorandum to the Government dealing with the disturbances, which have increased the tension, for which the Sudeten Party declined all responsibility.

Hitler To Sound British Feeling

Herr Henlein is still at Nuremberg where, according to the Sudeten Party headquarters in Prague, he will probably stay till Monday. The Party has decided to observe mourning for the death of the Sudeten soldier killed in trying to escape from his guards in a train near Machrischostrau.

It is reported in Nuremberg to-night, but not officially confirmed, that Herr Hitler may send Herr Wiedemann to take further sounding in London in order to ascertain the British feeling as regards the Czech question.

Diplomatic activities have completely overshadowed yesterday's Nazi Congress at Nuremberg.

Herr Hitler made no speech, but he is scheduled to speak five times before the end of the Congress, namely twice to-day, once Saturday, Sunday and Monday. The present expectations are that the

Chamberlain Closeted With Colleagues

Mr. Neville Chamberlain had a talk at Downing Street yesterday morning with Lord Halifax, Sir John Simon and Sir Alexander Cadogan.

It is understood that he discussed the developments in the Central European situation for the last 24 hours. A number of Ministers is now in London, and it would not be surprising if a meeting of Ministers is held to-day or so.

It was officially announced yesterday that owing to the need for keeping close contact with the Premier and his colleagues during the present stage of negotiations with Czechoslovakia Lord Halifax has felt reluctantly obliged to postpone his visit to Geneva for the present.

Sir Thomas Inskip and Sir Kingsley Wood called at Downing Street this afternoon. The Polish Charge d'Affaires also visited the Foreign Office.

The departure of Lord Halifax and Sir John Simon from No. 10 Downing Street yesterday at about 9 p.m. brought to a close considerable activity among Mr. Chamberlain and his Ministers to-night.

The first official note issued in Rome since the dispute arose states that no warlike preparations are being taken in Italy in connection with the Czechoslovak crisis, as an agreement is still believed to be possible.—Reuter.

JAMNADAS MEHTA ATTACKS LABOUR BILL

(Continued From Page 1)

gnised authority on Labour problems, had laid down several conditions for the welfare of Labour and not one of them had been fulfilled by Government, and yet a piece of legislation which sought to stifle the growth of the Trade Union Movement was being introduced in the name of industrial peace. Government, he added, ignored the organic character of the whole industry.

Labour did not enjoy going on strikes. It was because they were sweated and because distribution of produce was unequal that they had to resort to strike. Strike was really the expression of spiritual discontent of the worker. This Bill wanted to crush it in the name of industrial peace. Government could pass the Bill "on our dead bodies, but we shall not be parties to it".

Then again there was provision to punish those who collected or contributed to the Strike Fund. When a worker was starving, when his children were starving, when the grocer had refused to give him credit, when he had been turned down out of his house, if anybody paid him some money out of pity, he was liable to be arrested under this provision.

TELLING FIGURES

Mr. Khandubhai Desai had made a very persuasive speech and it was not convincing, said Mr. Mehta. That speech referring to the greatness and glory of Ahmedabad and no reference to the Bill. He gave out figures of strikes in Ahmedabad and Bombay during the last three years. In Bombay there had been 39 disputes, 54,000 working days loss and Rs. 384,000 loss to industry. In Ahmedabad during that period there were 58 disputes 94,000 working days loss and Rs. 464,000 loss. These figures were certainly not favourable to Ahmedabad. After all, the Ahmedabad ideal was going to be the all and end all of all workers. Were the workers to remain for all time hevers of wood and drawers of water? They were partners in the industry and ultimately sought to become masters of the industry or at least equal masters with the employers.

The strike was the awakening of the social consciousness of Labour. He considered that the Bill was pernicious coerion. In conclusion he said he would cry halt and ask Government to bring forward such a measure as would be in conformity with the International Labour Code (loud and continued cheers from Opposition benches).

The House adjourned for the day.

BURMA RIOTS ECHO

India Govt. To Send Agent To Watch Interests Of Nationals

SIMLA, Sept. 9.

An important statement on the position of the rioting in Burma and the steps which the Government of India contemplate taking to safeguard Indian interests was made to-day in the Council of State by Sir Jagdish Prasad in reply to Sir Phiroze Sethna's short notice question.

Sir Jagdish Prasad in the course of his reply said:—

CASUALTIES OF RIOTS

Accurate figures of casualties among Burmans and non-Burmans for the whole country during the earlier part of rioting are not yet available owing to the wide area affected. The Government of India have requested the Government of Burma to furnish particulars of these as soon as possible. The total number of casualties from September 2, until the morning of the 6th was 19 killed and 103 wounded.

INDIA GOVERNMENT'S DEMAND

As regards refugees, exact figures of the numbers that have so far returned to India are not available. It has been suggested to the Government of India that owing to the revival of rioting, the situation as regards refugees must have considerably worsened. The Government of Burma have been asked by telegraph to let us know the present position.

The question as to what assistance the Government of India can render in dealing with this problem is under active consideration.

I would now state briefly the action which the Government of India have already taken or contemplate.

(a) The immediate need is the restoration of peace. Strong representations have been made that firm and effective action should be taken to this end.

(b) The Government of Burma proposed originally to adopt a Tribunal to inquire into the origin of the affray on the 26th July, 1938, and the conduct of the police in the closure of that affray. The Government of India are pressing that the scope of the inquiry should be widened to cover the whole course of the riots and the question of the adequacy or otherwise of the steps taken to cope with them. They have also recommended that the inquiry should be interested to a strong and impartial Tribunal so as to inspire confidence.

(c) Government have now taken up the question of the payment of compensation to Indians for loss of life or property caused by the riots and the establishment of an independent agency for the purpose of assessing the claims.

(d) In view of the revival of rioting, they are taking steps to send immediately to Burma their Agent so as to keep them in touch with developments.

Mr. P. N. Sapru asked a supplementary question whether Government of India proposed to send any counsel to present India's case before the Tribunal?

Sir Jagdish Prasad replied that the question of Tribunal had not yet been settled.—A.P.

17 KILLED: 20 INJURED

Lorry Strikes Against Train In Spain

PERPIGNAN, Sept. 9.

Seventeen people are reported to have been killed and 20 injured at the railcrossing at Gorona, Spain, when a lorry carrying 500 gallons of petrol struck a train resulting in an explosion.

The train and five buildings were set on fire.—Reuter.

MEASURE TO SUPPRESS ARABS

JERUSALEM, Sept. 9.

An amendment to the Palestine Emergency Regulations gazetted to-day authorises the High Commissioner to take possession of any property and land for the purposes of defence, suppression of mutiny, rebellion or rioting.

The amendment empowers him to demolish or remove any buildings for such purposes.

Censorship of press telegrams was reimposed at mid-day.—Reuter.

LEAGUE CABINET FOR SIND?

Opposition Plans To Oust Allabux Ministry

KARACHI, Sept. 9.

Wardha's decision to release the Parliamentary Sub-Committee's resolution on the Sind Ministerial question is taken to mean that the Congress is not prepared to enter into commitments with the Allabux Ministry with a view to keep it going.

FUTURE OF MINISTRY

It is stated that the only two alternatives under the circumstances are, for the Ministry to seek help from quarters other than the Congress so as to get a majority in the Assembly or for the Governor to require the Ministry to convene the Assembly at an early date to prove that it commands the confidence of the House, failing which, the Ministry should resign. In either event it is stated the outlook is not bright, for with the Assembly constituted as it is at present, no party is in a position independently to command a majority.

Sir Ghulam Hussain Hidayatulla and Mr. G. M. Syed, the Opposition leaders, are closely watching the development and are augmenting their strength.—A.P.

MOVE FOR MUSLIM LEAGUERS' CABINET

KARACHI, Sept. 8.

A tearing propaganda against the present Allabux Ministry has been launched by different groups under the banner of the Muslim League. Sir Ghulam Hussain Hidyatullah, ex-Premier of Sind, Sir Abdullah Haroon, Sheikh Abdul Majid and Mr. G. M. Syed have made common cause to overthrow the Allabux Ministry.

Addressing a Muslim League meeting last night at Idgah Maidan Sir Ghulam Hussain referred to the order of the Sind Ministry banning all demonstrations near the residences of the Ministers and declared that he would lead the demonstrations to their residences.

MOBILISING LEAGURES

With a view to considering, among other things, the present problems of Sind, particularly the Ministerial tangle, the Sind Provincial Muslim League Conference has been convened. Though no dates have so far been fixed for it, it is certain it will be held in Karachi and many all-India Muslim League leaders will attend the session. It is also expected that Mr. M. A. Jinnah, President of the All-India Muslim League, Sir Sikandar Hyat Khan, the Premier of the Punjab and Mr. Fazlul Huq, the Bengal Premier, will attend the Conference. Sheikh Abdul Majid left for Abbottabad, wherefrom he goes to Simla and other places to invite the League Leaders personally to attend the Conference.

In this connection a prominent Muslim League leader remarked: "Attempts are being made to instal the Muslim League Ministry in Sind".—United Press.

NAVAL RESERVES CALLED UP FOR DUTY

PARIS: Sept. 9.

A number of Naval Reserve Officers have been called up for duty.

All leave of officers and men of the Navy has been stopped.

The Press reiterates the demand of plain speaking from Britain and France to restrain Germany from rash action.—Reuter.

PICKETING AGAINST "THE DRUM"

Protest Meeting Held At Azad Maidan

Peaceful picketing was resorted on Friday evening by Aziz M. H. Laljee (Muslim Leaguer) and others at the New Empire and Excelsior theatres where the film "The Drum" is being run, as the negotiations between the cinema authorities and the deputationists did not bear any fruitful results.

Police pickets with regulation "lathis" were placed at strategic points near the theatres and along the roads leading to them.

News of the decision to picket was announced at a meeting after the deputationists had a talk with the cinema authorities and the head of the Bombay branch of the United Artists.

At about 6 p. m., peaceful picketing was started and no untoward incident occurred.

THE PROCESSION

At about 2-45 p.m., a procession was taken out from the maidan behind Mandvi Post Office at Mahomedali Road. When the procession reached the junction of Carnac Road and Mahomedali Road, more people joined it. The procession carrying banners and escorted by police, proceeded along the Cruickshank Road, Waudby Road, Ravelin Street, stopped for a few minutes at New Empire Theatre and came to Excelsior Theatre along Murzaban Road.

Then it wended its way to Azad Maidan, where Mr. Mohommed Amin Aziz said that a deputation would demand from the cinema authorities the withdrawal of the objectionable film, which cast slur on the integrity and reputation of Indians, failing which picketing would be resorted to.

It appears the cinema authorities in the course of their talks pointed out that they were bound by the terms of contract with the distributors.

AT AZAD MAIDAN

The result of the negotiations with the cinema authorities was announced at the meeting held again at Azad Maidan, where Mr. Mohommed Amin Aziz stated that their telegram to the Home Minister did not bring them any reply and that their talks with the Police Commissioner, Chairman of the Board of Censors, Bombay, met with a similar fate.

He further announced that picketing by six people immediately would be resorted to and in case they were arrested, more people would be called upon to undertake the work.

S. A. UNION CABINET RESIGNATIONS

Protest Against Reappointment Of Defeated Minister

CAPE TOWN, Sept. 9.

Mr. J. H. Hofmeyr and Mr. R. C. Sturrock have resigned from the Cabinet following re-appointment to the Cabinet of ex-Minister, Mr. Fourie, who was defeated at the general election as a sequel to which his term of office lapsed and who is now becoming a nominated Senator, representing coloured races.

Mr. Hofmeyr in a statement in the Assembly to-day said that he would not have objected, if Mr. Fourie had been elected a Senator or a member of the House. He declared: "This issue touches the whole question of relations between Europeans and non-Europeans. It is simply this: Are we going to allow non-Europeans to be made pawns in the whiteman's political game? One safeguard goes today the next will go to-morrow."—Reuter.

World Achievement.

Banishing Frost

We hear that electricity is being used for warming the soil in winter.

Somehow, no sooner do we hear this than we feel annoyed with ourselves for not having thought of it before. If only we had we might have been making a fortune.

The first place at which the new idea was worked out, so far as we know, was Everton Football Ground, the well-known field on which many an exciting game has been played with all England listening-in.

Every sportsman knows that a football match may be ruined by hard frost. Rain and fog may cause a match to be cancelled, but severe frost makes the ground as hard as iron, and therefore extremely dangerous to the players. Our clever inventors know this, and they have come along with a simple method of keeping the ground above freezing point whatever the state of the weather and however low the thermometer may fall. An experiment made in December 1937 proved in practice what had been worked out in theory.

Very odd it was one winter morning to look over the Everton Football Ground. Everywhere there was thin ice and snow except for a patch of ground about 18 yards square. That green oasis was soft in spite of nine degrees of frost registered overnight. Play would have been impossible on the rest of the field, but it was possible on that small piece.

The secret was simply that wires had been laid about nine inches underground and a thermostat had been installed. When the temperature fell enough to be near the freezing point the thermostat sent a weak current along the wires, warming the ground sufficiently to keep it from becoming hard.

State Congress Chief Contradicts Sir C P.

Sought No Emissaries, Nor Requested Anybody To Mediate

TRIVANDRUM, Sept. 8.

Mr. Vasudevan Pillai, President of the Travancore State Congress in the course of a statement to the Press says:

"My attention has been drawn to the reply of Sir C. P. Ramaswamy Iyer to the second statement of Mahatma Gandhi. He has stated therein that myself and three of my colleagues requested the Commandant of the State Forces and the C. I. D. Special Officer to mediate on our behalf with the Government. This is incorrect.

"In fact, we were asked by the Special C. I. D. Officer to do three things viz., withdraw all the allegations made against the Dewan in the memorial to His Highness and apologise; admit mob violence and express regret; call off Civil Disobedience permanently. We stated that it was impossible to consider these questions without consulting the leaders in jail, and we promised to do so, if he could explain the attitude of the Government under the aegis of His Highness the Maharajah to the declaration of fundamental rights and we demanded the repeal of the Criminal Law Amendment Regulation, the withdrawal of the notification and prohibitory orders, release of all political prisoners and the recognition of the State Congress as a political organisation.

NO REQUEST TO MEDIATE

"The C. I. D. Special Officer was not in a position to explain the attitude of the Government, and promised to consult the Dewan and let us know in two hours' time. After some time when we met, the Officer read a line from a note-book, the sentence being "Peaceful and non-violent activities will be allowed."

But on being asked to elucidate fully the sentence, he pleaded his inability. Thereupon we felt that there was no use in continuing the talks any further. We did neither express confidence in the abovementioned officers, nor did we ask them to mediate on our behalf with the Government.

WHAT VELAYUDHAN ANNOUNCED

"It is not correct to say that Mr. V. K. Velayudhan announced suspension of mass meetings in the State. What he announced was that mass meetings in Alleppey would be postponed for a few days, in view of what had happened in meetings elsewhere. He advised the people to hold meetings in villages. It is incorrect to say that Mr. Velayudhan, on his own behalf and on behalf of the State Congress admitted at and public meeting at Alleppey that there had been violence on the part of the crowds at Quilon and Neyyattinkara".—United Press.

C. D. WILL CONTINUE

No Deviation From Non-Violence

TRIVANDRUM, Sept. 8.

Mr. R. Vasudevan Pillai, Third President of the Travancore State Congress, has issued a statement in the course of which he says that mammoth meetings held in various parts of Travancore and the absolutely peaceful atmosphere that prevailed in such meetings show beyond doubt that people generally are wedded to the creed of non-violence.

NO MAGISTRATES PRESENT

He adds: "One noteworthy feature of the last one week is that Government were directing the Military and the Armed Police to particular centres and ordering them to disperse meetings by lathi charges. The Military is also directed to parade in various parts of the country. One common feature in all places where the Military opened fire is that the District Magistrates concerned were not present either to issue orders or to control and direct the firing by the Military.

"I warn my countrymen against the mischievous propaganda deliberately carried on by a section of the Press to mislead the public. The State Congress has accepted non-violence as its creed, and I once again appeal to the people of Travancore to be absolutely non-violent even in the face of the gravest provocation.

"I want to assure the public inside and outside the State that Civil Disobedience movement started by the State Congress will continue with unabated zeal and that reports appearing in certain papers that there is general suspension of mass meetings are incorrect".—United Press.

MAHATMA'S STATEMENT TO BLAME

TRIVANDRUM, Sept. 9.

Lt. Col. H. L. Watkis, Commandant of the Travancore State forces in a statement says that while he was going to Alleppey he saw Mr. Vasudeva Pillai's car also proceeding. He signalled to the car to drive slowly to avoid covering the troops with dust. He asked them as to where they were going. They said that they were going to a meeting since trouble was reported and to prevent disturbances. Whereupon Col. Watkis said that it was for the same purpose the troops were also proceeding and asked them (Mr. Pillai and his friends) whether they would not like to come with him to the Travellers' Bungalow and discuss the matter.

WHAT THEY DISCUSSED

Proceeding the statement says that at a meeting Khan Bahadur G. S. A Kareem, the Special Officer, was also present. At the meeting they discussed the question of avoiding disorder in meetings. The leaders of the State Congress stated that because there had been violence at Quilon and Neyyatinkara, they had already intended to announce at the meeting at Alleppey that their policy of non-violence had proved a failure.

The leaders asked in what way they could be helped in obtaining permission to hold meetings, in which subversive matters were not mentioned.

They were replied that they could give no undertaking since it was a matter for the Government to decide. They were willing to forward to the Government any proposals which the State Congress leaders were willing to make. The leaders expressed their confidence in the officers.

NEGOTIATIONS BROKEN

Khan Bahadur G. S. A. Abdul Koreem, Special Officer, Travancore, Police, in endorsing the statement of Col. Watkis, says that the State Congress leaders at the Conference in Trivandrum were eager for a settlement but said that they could not deliver the goods, since they had to consult their comrades in jail. They said they would again see him in this connection, but did not turn up.

"Apparently" concludes the statement "the second statement of Gandhiji has stopped them from their further attempts at negotiations".—A.P.

HIS DUTY TO BREAK LAW

State Congress Fights For People's Rights

QUILON, Sept. 9.

Mr. R. Sanker, Vakil and successor to Mr. C. Kesavan as the Dictator of the State Congress for Quilon Division, was arrested to-day at his residence by the Town Police and produced before the First Class Magistrate.

The arrest was a sequel to his having addressed meeting in defiance of the Criminal Law Amendment Regulation on August 28, at Quilon Cantonment.

Questioned by the Court as to his profession Mr. Sanker said it was a law-breaking now. Charges were framed against him under Section 4 (1) and (2) of the Criminal Law Amendment Regulation.

The accused admitted his guilt and made a statement to the Court in the course of which he said that the State Congress stood for Responsible Government and civil liberties which were the birthright of every Travancorean. The policy of the State Congress was complete non-violence. The Congress reflected the general opinion of the country. The Criminal Law Amendment Regulation had been promulgated to suppress people's legitimate aspirations.

As a citizen of Travancore, actuated by patriotism, self-respect and love for civil liberties, he believed it was his duty to break the Law.—United Press.

HARIJAN LEADER ARRESTED

KAYANGULAM, Sept. 9.

Mr. V. R. Nannoo, Ezhava leader (Harijan) and Editor of "Sachivan" was arrested and taken to Alleppey. There was a huge gathering of more than 1,000 people at the time of the arrest. Mr. Nannoo urged the people to remain non-violent even under the gravest provocation.—United Press.

A SHORT STORY

Paint the Church

(BY KARL GRAYSON)

Preacher Andrews walked slowly down the tree-shaded lane that led from the church to the street. His hands were clasped behind him. His shoulders were stooped, as though they bore the weight of a tremendous burden.

Reaching the street he turned and looked back at the church. It was not large. Its architecture was of a day long since past. Yet it bore a dignity, an antiquity that provoked an air of unique picturesqueness reposing there beneath the old maples and elms and horsechestnut trees.

Preacher Andrews sighed deeply. The church, this House of Worship, this building that had stood and flourished for generations, was falling into decay. The spire no longer gleamed white in the morning sun. Paint had peeled from its clapboard walls, leaving ugly blotches. Shutters had lost their lustre—more than one hung from a broken hinge. The grass and weeds were tall and unattended in the once spacious common.

Preacher Andrews sighed again. He thought: "It needs painting. It needs repairing and fixing up. It is becoming an eyesore, a disgrace to the community." The thought sobered him even more. Hopelessness dwelt in his eyes. He had tried so very hard to organise a campaign to raise the necessary funds. He had appealed to the community spirit of his parish, but without success. People weren't interested in churches these days. Sunday was no longer a day for rest and worship. It was a day for rushing around the countryside in automobiles, for attending ball games and picture shows, a day on which hectic activities were crowded into limited hours.

Standing there with the church before him, Preacher Andrews thought of years past when this church was the centre of the community's activity, when raising funds for its maintenance was a matter of little effort, when people responded to a call because of pride and a sense of duty and gratuitousness.

"If it could be painted," he thought. "If repairs could be made, it would become a landmark that would attract attention. People would again take pride, would again realize how necessary a church is to a community, would attend services, would see how much they needed faith, something to cling to, an anchor.

Preacher Andrews suddenly stopped his train of thought. Faith. That's what people needed, and by jove, that's what he himself was lacking. He, a minister of the gospel, lacking faith. The thought startled him. Paint the church; that was the thing to do. Order the thing done and trust in his faith in people and in God that the obligation would be satisfied. A way would show itself. A way must show itself.

His heart thumping, Preacher Andrews started briskly across the street towards his home, and a telephone . . .

The steeplejacks arrived on Monday. They worked from the bottom up, scraping and cleaning. Presently they would begin painting from the top down. Once more the spire would gleam whitely against the morning sun.

From his study window Preacher Andrews watched developments anxiously. Fear dwelt in his heart, a horrible, rending fear. What if his parishioners failed to respond? What if they showed complete indifference? How would he meet the obligation he had entailed? If the painters were willing to wait until the entire job was finished. Preacher Andrews was sure the result would awaken the necessary spark in the hearts of his church members. But the builders would want money on Saturday. A lot of it. He had promised to give it to them.

Saturday! Between now and then—Preacher Andrews moaned softly to himself and opened his Bible.

A steeplejack was sliding down the spire by means of ropes. He reached the roof below, descended ladders to the ground, and came down the tree-shaded lane toward the parish house. He was carrying a large copper ball. Preacher Andrews recognised it as the decoration leading up to the weather vane on the spire.

"Found this and thought you'd like to see it," the jack explained.

The copper ball lay open on Preacher Andrews' desk. Inside were envelopes, newspaper clippings, a compact bundle. Preacher Andrews scanned the clippings. They told of the spire being blown over almost a hundred years ago, and the response of parishioners in providing funds to make repairs. There was another clipping which mentioned the great number of worthless banknotes then in circulation.

Preacher Andrews opened the compact bundle. Inside was a thick stack of banknotes, with a humorous note on top, written by the minister of that time. "These banknotes were contributed by our parishioners for repairing the steeple. All are worthless, providing that even our good church members are victims of the bogus currency now in circulation. Our funds were gladly contributed....."

It was Saturday noon when Preacher Andrews got back from Washington. Held tightly in his hand was a package. The package contained currency which the Treasury Department had substituted for the alleged bogus currency, every note of which had been redeemed by the Government three months after the death of the minister who had stored them in the copper ball.

Preacher Andrews walked up the tree-shaded lane. His step was brisk. There was a smile on his face. Fear no longer dwelt in his heart.

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OUR LONDON LETTER

(Continued from page 6)

kia and that they consider it impossible to hold the territory on the left bank against the French armed forces. That opinion is reinforced by the fact that the Nazi Press campaign against the Czechoslovakia Republic, led by Dr. Goebbels' newspaper, "Angriff," hit new heights of violence, raging and fulminating in a fashion unparalleled even on May 19. It is evident that the Germans aim to concentrate the bulk of their 2,000,000 men on the Czechoslovak frontier for a lightning attack, hoping to crush the Republic before aid can come from the Soviet Union. During this period, they hope, they will be able to hold up the French by the fortification on the right Rhine bank. Such a plan—involving the deliberate sacrifice of German territory—is in accordance with the proposals made by General Ludendorff in his book, "War."

British Communists' Programme

A declaration that the Communist Party of Great Britain accepts the Labour Party's constitution is contained in a resolution, a copy of which I have received, to be submitted to the annual meeting of the party, opening in Birmingham on September 16. "The Communist party declares that it fully accepts the Constitution of the Labour Party, asks for no special privileges, and will abide by all decisions of Labour party conferences; accepting at all times the same obligations enjoying the same rights as all other affiliated organisations," says the resolution, which adds that the unity of the progressive forces for the fight against the National Government and its policy would in no way compromise the Labour party or weaken the struggle for Socialism, but, on the contrary, would win large sections of the people who are still indifferent to Socialism. The Communist party has put forward the following proposals for a programme which could rally the pepole against the National Government: For the defence and maintenance of peace, assistance to Spain and China against foreign aggression, a peace bloc with France, Czechoslovakia and the Soviet Union. For social advance, higher wages, the forty-hour week, paid holidays, large-scale public works, ending of the means test, extension of social services, lower prices and rents, planned development of agriculture, lightening of the burdens on small income and the stopping of the tax evasion by legislation directed against the working class. The resolution adds that the Communist party is ready to co-operate with any organisation of the Labour movement in the struggle for such demands. "The party in every way strives to strengthen the Labour movement and to help it forward. War is threatening and it is a race against time. The solution of the problem brooks no delay. The people can be rallied against Fascism."

Bombay To Be Permanent Capital?

Poona To Be Dropped Out: Govt. Decision

(From A Correspondent)

POONA, Sept. 9.

Will Poona be dropped as the monsoon headquarters of the Government of Bombay from next year and Bombay City alone be the permanent headquarters of Government?

I understand from a very reliable source that a decision to drop Poona as the monsoon capital has practically been reached and that on a convenient day in the present session, the Legislative Assembly will be asked to decide the question.

Several rural members of the Assembly are opposed to the disestablishment of contact with Poona, an important intellectual centre in the Presidency as well as a suitable place for all mofussil interests to converge together.

They have represented the matter to Mr. Shankar Rao Deo, but he appears to think that whatever the Bombay Government does must be in the best interests of the people.

FIRING ON STRIKERS CONDEMNED

A public meeting was held under the auspices of the Congress Socialist Party on Friday evening at Pimplacha Maidan, Fergusson Road, to condemn the Police firing on Bradbury Mill strikers. Mr. Purushottam Trikumdas, presided.

He said the police alleged violence on behalf of the strikers. If it was so, the proper course for the police would have been to arrest the offenders and put them up before a tribunal. He was sure that there was no provocation on behalf of the workers. At the same time, he would advise the workers not to lose their temper and give a handle to the police.

Messrs. Deshpande, Varaskar, and Kamath also addressed the gathering.

Earlier a meeting of the Bradbury Mill strikers was held at Jacob Circle. They marched after the meeting to Pimplacha Maidan.

SIMLA, Sept. 8:—It is understood that Mr. A. H. Lloyd, who is vacating his present appointment as a member of the Central Board of Revenue, will shortly be placed on special duty to investigate the possibilities of death duties in India.—United Press.

LOCKOUT IN PRATAP MILLS

Three Thousand Idle Sequel To Discharge Of 54 Workers

DHULIA, Sept. 8.

About 3,000 workers have been thrown out of employment as a result of a lock-out declared in the Pratap Mills, Dhulia.

It is stated that the dispute arose over the discharge by the management of 54 workers.

A telegram has been sent to the Hon. Mr. B. G. Kher, the Premier, conveying the news. Messrs. Sape and Paranjpe, President and Treasurer of the Kamgar Union, have left for Poona to explain the situation personally to the Premier.

A meeting of the workers was held, where speeches were made by labour leaders asking them to be peaceful and non-violent.—United Press.

MORARJI REFUTES GARDA'S CLAIM

(From Our Special Correspondent).

POONA, Sept. 9.

As was expected mischievous ideas put into the heads of the present owners of confiscated lands have begun to work. Wrong statements have begun to be published by certain newspapers. It was nearly two months ago that Sardar Garda made a statement to the effect that he had been offered by the Commissioner for Northern Division a sum of rupees two lakhs and odd for the confiscated lands that he was in possession of. The Director of Information then issued a communique to say that that was not correct.

SARDAR GARDA'S STORY.

Now that the Bill has been published, Sardar Garda once again avers that he was offered such an amount in a statement published in "Times of India." He also says that according to Sec. 299 of the Government of India Act sanction to the legislation regarding lands could not be given.

I saw Hon. Mr. Morarji Desai, Revenue Minister, who has been taking very deep interest in this question. He was surprised that such statements should be repeated in spite of their being officially contradicted. He told me in an interview: "It is nothing but a lie to say that the Commissioner, Northern Division, agreed to pay rupees 256,412 for Sardar Garda's lands. The Commissioner was authorised only to offer eight times the assessment and he could not have made the offer of any other amount.

"As regards Sec. 299 of the Government of India Act, Sardar Garda perhaps is not able to interpret the Section properly or wants to misinterpret it purposely. As far as Government are concerned I can see no legal or moral flaw in the Bill."

POLICE START LEVELLING WORK

NEW DELHI, Sept. 9.

At about 4-15 p.m. the police removed the Sadhu's belongings from the temple-like structure and started levelling operations. On digging four idols are reported to have been recovered—one a marble idol of Brahma and three murtis of Shiva.

The inquiry into the disputed points in connection with the temple, which was to have been started by Rai Bahadur Joseph Thakurdas this afternoon has been postponed for the time being.—A. P.

Troops Called Out Again

NEW DELHI, Sept. 9.

Troops and tanks, which had been sent back to barracks in the afternoon, were called out again in the evening and remained at the site for over two hours before withdrawing. Police pickets in the City have been increased and armed police is patrolling the streets in taxis.

A meeting of the Hindus announced for the evening was cancelled owing to the promulgation of Sec. 144.—A. P.

Baton Charge At Delhi

Crowd Dispersed From Vicinity Of Queen's Gardens

NEW DELHI, Sept. 9.

The police made a baton charge at about 8 p. m. to disperse the crowd that had collected in the vicinity of the Clock Tower in front of the Queen's Gardens.—A. P.

POLICE DISPERSE CROWDS

NEW DELHI, Sept. 9.

At about noon the City Magistrate read out the order issued by the District Magistrate and warned the crowd to disperse. The Hindu and Congress leaders of the City persuaded the crowd to disperse and the crowd was eventually chased by the police. The site has now been cleared.

The Sadhu, who was stabbed, was successfully operated upon in the Irwin Hospital, where he is progressing.—A. P.

MUSLIMS ABANDON MEETINGS

NEW DELHI, Sept. 9.

Efforts are being made to postpone two meetings of Muslims, which were announced to be held in Jumma Masjid and Fatehpuri Masjid after the Juma prayers, in connection with Palestine in view of the tense situation prevailing in the city.

Hitherto no reports have been received of any clash or stray assaults in any part of the city.

It is understood that the authorities are not prepared to allow anybody to remain at the site of the alleged Shiv Temple, not even the Sadhus, who have been cleared from the site.

The police and military pickets continue.—A. P.

COMMUNAL TENSION IN DELHI

NEW DELHI, Sept. 9.

A Muslim youth is reported to have stabbed the Pujari, who it is alleged demolished Shiva Temple in the Queen's Gardens, this morning. It is stated that the Pujari who has been removed to the hospital is seriously injured.

The Police have arrested the alleged culprit.

Acute communal tension has developed following the alleged stabbing of the Pujari by a Muslim youth this morning.

Section 144 has been promulgated in the city in view of the seriousness of the situation.

Two lorry-loads of military have been brought and are standing by in the vicinity of the site of the alleged temple. Five machine-guns have also been positioned near the site. Police pickets are patrolling the thoroughfares.

The order takes effect immediately and shall remain in force for four days. It prohibits assemblage of more than five persons in certain localities in the vicinity of the site of the disputed temple as also the carrying of fire-arms, lathis or other weapons.—A. P.

SITUATION IN DELHI IMPROVING.

NEW DELHI: Sept. 9.

There is a marked improvement in the general situation. It appears that the excitement is gradually decreasing.

The Muslim shops in the vicinity of the Fatehpuri Mosque, one furlong from the Queen's Gardens, are opening after the Jumma prayers.—A. P.

MOVE FOR A.-I. SATYAGRAHA

DELHI, Sept. 9.

Information received at the office of the Shiva Temple Defence Committee here indicates that Sadhus from different parts of India have signified their intention to come to Delhi and offer Satyagraha, and several have actually started for Delhi.—United Press.

MUTT AND JEFF—Well, All Jeff Can Hope For Now Is That the Girls Take to Wading

By BUD FISHER

BUT I CAN'T SWIM, ROSE!
NEITHER CAN I, BUT WE CAN TRY! COME ON!
CAN I GET A JOB AS A LIFE GUARD HERE IN A HURRY?
WELL, I DUNNO! CAN YOU SWIM?
FIRST AID
NO? YOU CAN'T SWIM?
-ER NO!
NO, BUT, OH BOY, YOU OUGHTA SEE ME WADE!
KIDDIES POOL ONE FOOT DEEP
8-20

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OUR READERS' VIEWS

A Word To Marathi Press

To The Editor of "The Chronicle."

Sir,—Lord Buddha has said—"Speak the Truth: but speak it gently."

We, mortals, may not be able to maintain gentleness in our writings at all times; though we should always endeavour to do so.

But, certainly, we must observe decorum even in our criticism of men and matters; and let not language run riot and ruin the cause, which we may be espousing

For Editors in general and Maharashtrians in particular, there is the shining example of Lokmanya's brilliant editorship; and in our city, we have our G. O. M. of journalism, B. G. H. who, though unsparing in his criticism, is never guilty of unparliamentary expression. — Yours, etc.,

B. F. BHARUCHA.

Mahatma Gandhi And Government Officials

To The Editor of "The Chronicle."

Sir,—The order passed by the C. P. Premier that in all official correspondence Mr. Gandhi should be described as Mahatma Gandhi is really deplorable, if the Press report is correct. It is not far remote that the Bombay Government while declaring that no further titles should be confirmed, declared that the titles held by the Congress leaders were not officially recognised but they were merely given by the willing people. My humble request to the C. P. Premier is that the spirit behind the Congress doctrine of abolishing titles as such should not be forgotten by Congress Governments themselves. I really appreciate the feelings which inspired the Hon. Pandit Ravishanker Shukla to pass such an order, but I only want to say that nothing would be added to the personality of and the public respect for Mahatma Gandhi but chances are there that the word Mahatma itself would lose its charm by such a compulsion even though it may be for showing the "courtesy and respect due to an eminent Indian leader." So let us beware of ourselves lest we become blind in our feelings.—Yours' etc.

CHINU G. SHAH.

"The Drum", A British Propaganda Film

To The Editor of "The Chronicle."

Sir,—A huge procession of Muslims flocked round the Excelsior Cinema, to-day at 4 p.m. where the picture 'The Drum' is being shown, depicting the life and cruelty of the Frontiermen.

The police were summoned and, apart from shouting out "Boycott, Boycott"—the crowd did not seem to be very disorderly and willing to create a dirty scene.

Though I favour the English screen for its superb acting and technique, yet I must bitterly confess that such pictures as 'The Drum' are nothing short of British propaganda to create hatred and discontent towards the Frontier tribesmen by exposing only their mean qualities and such other things.

An Indian who sees 'The Drum' will leave the Cinema House with a feeling of shame and as such the Indian cinema-house owners should not exhibit such pictures.

All right-thinking Indians must vote against the picture being shown.—Yours, etc.,

CHARLEY BAPTISTA.

Colaba, Sept. 9.

Export Of Gold

To The Editor of "The Chronicle".

Sir,—The Finance Member in his reply to Seth Govind Das stated that according to the report of the Bank of International settlements for 1934-1935, the gold hoarded in India from 1493 to 1930 amounted to a minimum of Rs. 1,454,00,00,000. One should like to know who supplied these figures to the said Bank, as it is known that all the figures published in the League of Nations publications as also the said Bank are furnished by the Governments of the respective countries. So that to put forward this figure as that of the said Bank conveys a totally erroneous impression.

Further the Finance Member said, "that to sell goods at 70 per cent. profit and invest the proceeds remuneratively instead of burying it underground was very good business." This is too totally incorrect. Who has made the profit? India started exporting gold since 1931 when gold was much cheaper than it is now. So all those people who sold off their gold in 1931 and subsequent years have not profited thereby but have made a loss and the countries which imported our gold, viz., "Great Britain and America" have profited thereby. So far as India is concerned the question of profit does not arise at all, as the rupee is depreciating in terms of gold and even now, with the depreciation of sterling in terms of dollar, it is going down in value with the rise in Indian Gold price.—Yours, etc.,

R. J. MANEKSHAW.

JOURNALISTS' ASSN. OF INDIA

Protest Against Onslaughts On The Press

The following resolutions passed by the Executive Committee of the Journalists' Association of India have been released for publication:—

"The Committee views with regret the Bombay Government's demand of security from certain newspapers and presses under the Press Emergency Powers' Act and urges the Congress Ministry not to resort to this legislation which is a standing menace to the freedom of the Press, but, when necessary, take action against offending newspapers and presses under the ordinary law."

"This Committee records its emphatic protest against the proposed Press Legislation by the Punjab Government to penalise the publication of news which may be interpreted as "creating fear and alarm in the public, causing hatred and contempt towards any community or class and defaming public servants in the discharge of their duties."

"The Committee is of opinion that the proposed legislation will seriously handicap the working journalists in the performance of their primary functions of publication of authentic news and legitimate criticism of the acts of public servants, and urges upon the Premier of Punjab to drop the measure and to rely upon the ordinary law and sense of responsibility of journalists."

"The Executive Committee of the Journalists' Association of India protests against the Bill which the Government of Bengal propose to introduce in the Bengal Legislative Assembly penalising the publication of any unpublished official record relating to any affairs of State or any matter derived therefrom or any comment thereon except with the permission of the Government as an uncalled for and indefensible encroachment on the liberty of the Press and the Committee urges the Government of Bengal not to proceed with the Bill."

MAHATMA'S FIRST ARREST IN INDIA

Subhas To Lay Foundation Of Ashram At Palwal

PALWAL, Sept. 9.

A correspondent wires:—

A decision to build an ashram called Gandhi Ashram at Palwal, to commemorate the first arrest of Mahatma Gandhi in India in 1919, has been taken at a meeting of the trustees of the Gandhi Ashram Fund.

Mahatma Gandhi has been requested to be present at the ceremony of laying the foundation stone of the Ashram which Mr. Subhas Bose, the Congress President, has been requested to perform during his stay in Delhi for the Congress meetings.

NO GRANT TO S. I. WELFARE SCHOOL

The Schools Committee, at its meeting held yesterday refused the request of the South Indian Welfare Society's School, Matunga for special grant.

The school authorities, sent in an application for grant for March 1940. The superintendent, aided schools, in recommending the grant stated that if any school deserved an exception to be made in its favour, it was the above school.

The Schools Committee merely recorded the memorandum of the Secretary on the subject.

Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel In Bombay

Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel returned from Rajkot to Bombay yesterday morning.

Art Is Heritage Of All Mankind

SIR CHIMANLAL OPENS EXHIBITION OF PHOTOGRAPHS IN AID OF ANTI-T. B. FUND

An interesting exhibition consisting of 491 Photographs of places of historical and archaeological interest, organised by the Bombay Field Club in aid of the King Emperor's Anti-Tuberculosis Fund, was opened by Sir Chimanlal Setalvad at the Town Hall on Friday evening.

FINE EXHIBITS

Apart from workers submitted for competition by private individuals there are fine sets sent by the Archaeological Departments of the Government of India, Hyderabad, Baroda, Mysore, Gwalior, Travancore, Idar, Indian State Railways, and the Government Tourist Bureau, Ceylon.

Writing in a brochure explaining the exhibition, Mr. Charles Gerrard, the Director of the J. J. Art School, Bombay, says: "It is rather surprising that an exhibition of such fine educational possibilities has not been thought of before; it is indeed long overdue."

Messages wishing great success to the Exhibition were received from the Hon. Mr. B. G. Kher, the Hon. Mr. K. M. Munshi, the Hon. Mr. Mavlanker, Sir Sikandar Hyat Khan, Sir Tej Bahadur Sapru, Sir S. Radhakrishnan and others.

VALUE OF EXHIBITION

Prof. C. N. Vakil in the course of his welcome speech explaining the object for which the Field Club functions, said: "Our main object is to arouse interest in those ancient monuments of our country, which are the cultural heritage of all classes of people in India. Because of a lack of interest or want or opportunities, most of us know little about the large number of places of historical and archaeological interest we have in different parts of the country. A familiarity with the monument should go a long way in creating a common interest among the different communities, and enable us to look upon our past history with legitimate pride.

"It is with a view to further this object that the Field Club has organised this Exhibition of photographs of places of historical and archaeological interest. The fact that the Exhibition proceeds will be handed over to the Anti-Tuberculosis Fund should be an additional attraction, and I hope the public of Bombay will appreciate the efforts of the Club and flock in large numbers to see the Exhibition. I may mention that care has been taken to give a descriptive note about each picture, which will be found at the bottom of it, and thus enable the visitors to understand better the significance of the pictures."

HERITAGE OF MANKIND

Sir Chimanlal Setalvad declaring the Exhibition open said that Art whatever its form, whether as music, painting or architecture, knew no frontiers, took no notice of differences of caste, colour or creed. Art treasures were the heritage of all mankind.

At a time when the conflict of political parties and their manoeuvres were taking up so much attention, it was a relief to turn one's attention to an organisation which was doing so much for cultural advancement.

Rev. J. B. Primrose proposed a vote of thanks.

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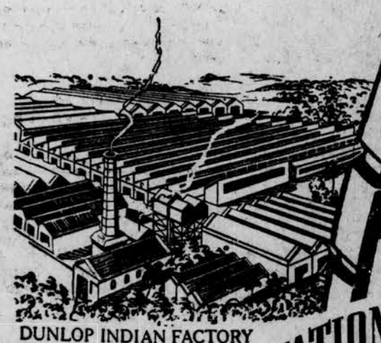

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"BHOODOE BHARTHAR"

Successful Gujerati Drama By Mr. K. R. Sanjana

New plays written in Gujarati by Parsi dramatists are, as a rule, staged during the Parsi festivals. This year several new dramas were staged in the local theatres, one of which deserves mention in these columns, due to its striking portrayal of Parsi social life in all its aspects, and the healthy moral lesson it teaches to young and old of both sexes. It is entitled "Bhoodoe Bharthar," written by Mr. Kekhashru Rustomji Sanjana, who has made his mark as an able dramatist and novelist, and staged at the Victoria Theatre, on Monday and Tuesday last. As the title suggests the central theme of the drama is the bad exploits of a husband, who ruins the life of his better half who made the mistake—too often made by would-be brides in this age—of accepting the hand of a gay Lothario, who is possessed with the gift of the gab and good looks, and rejects the amorous advances of a youth who is brother of the successful suitor. The brother is not dejected, however, but blesses both his would-be sister-in-law and brother, wishing them all marital bliss, a thorough gentleman that he was. The unfortunate woman soon found out the grave blunder she had committed, that her husband was only a braggart and a 'badmash' lavishing his wealth and love on another woman of ravishing beauty—but it was too late. Her tragic death follows after her child is taken away from her due to the trickery and wiles of the "other woman." The plot is woven admirably so as to sustain interest throughout. It points out the inexorably disastrous results of gambling, the length to which a woman can go to attain her objective, how a man, who solemnly vows even to murder his own brother to avenge the downfall and deaths of the innocents, relents, as circumstances change and are revealed in their true perspective, proving the truth of the old adage that "Blood is thicker than water." The comic side of the play was received by appreciative audiences with roars of laughter. Most of the actors, who are experienced in the line, acquitted themselves creditably, doing full justice to a well-written-out drama, which will be staged for the last time—at least this season—to-morrow (Sunday) afternoon at the same theatre by the same company, viz., the New Elphinstone Theatrical Club.

RATE OF WAGES ABNORMALLY LOW

Workers To Strike Unless Tatas' Consider Grievances

(From Our Correspondent.)

JAMSHEDPUR, (By Mail.)

Due to very irregular uncertain conditions of service 1,300 workers of the Schist quarry at Kandhadi have been hesitating for the last few months for the redress of their various grievances. The rate of wages of the workers here is abnormally low, besides men are often suspended and degraded without any reason whatsoever. Attendances are also cut down on flimsy grounds. The men held a mass meeting on the 23rd instant last under the presidency of Comrade N. C. Pal. Attempts were made to prevent the meeting in various ways. Prof Abdul Bari who came back to Jamshedpur on the 25th instant has been intimated of the developments, and the workers are seriously thinking of going on strike unless Tata managements consider the grievances and redress the same quickly and also advice the local management to change its policy in dealing with the workers.

WORKERS DISCHARGED.

The workers of Mosabani are greatly hesitating over the unreasonable dismissal of Messrs. D. K. Jena, and P. Samuel, and suspension of a lot of men. It was expected that Mr. J. N. Mittra's interview with the management last week would produce a peaceful atmosphere. It is however to be regretted that on the contrary the management discharged four more workers. Unless the management shows a reasonable room of mind, there may be trouble again, even before Conciliation Board has time to go through the entire question.

Mahomed Suffee murder case is being tried at the Court of the Sessions Judge. The prosecution examined several witnesses, and Mr Paine for the defence has been cross-examining them at great length. It is understood that the case will be continued for the next few days. The case has created a sensation at Jamshedpur.

LOW RATE OF WAGES.

There has been a tension among the workers of both Tata Foundry and Wire Products Industries over various long standing grievances. In both places there is a general grievance against intensification of work and low rate of wages both to the unskilled and semi-skilled labourers. Executive meetings of both the Unions are being frequently held to meet the situation.

Will Ahmedabad Cloth Market Recover?

All Eyes On Divali Clearance For Getting Rid Of Stocks Of Over-Production

(From Our Correspondent.)

AHMEDABAD, (By Mail.)

Weather conditions have remained satisfactory during the week but more rain is needed for rice cultivation. A few cents of rain came down practically everyday during the week and the total rainfall of the season has gone up to 20.37 inches.

The total number of deaths in the week ending on Thursday last went down to 298, showing a decrease of 51 from the figures of the preceding week and a death rate of 40.50 per thousand consumption took its toll of 23 lives.

CLOTH MARKET.

The cloth market does not show signs of improvement. It was expected that up country merchants would come down for purchases as usual but some few that have arrived so far and they make such purchases only as are absolutely necessary; 48,565 bales of cloth were sent out from Ahmedabad in August but the sales are lower than they ought to be, when compared with production.

The remarks about the cloth market in the press and particularly the letters of Sjt. Harilal Vadilal Kapadia about the excess of production have created a stir in the Millowners Association. The local correspondent of the "Times of India" paints a rosy picture and tries to show that the mill industry of Ahmedabad is thriving. This is true of some mills, but the question of over-production dealt with by Sjt. Harilal Kapadia is one which requires a serious consideration.

MILLOWNERS CONTENTION.

The Secretary of the Millowners Association has published a statement on Wednesday last in which it is pointed out that 48,000 bales of cloth have been sent out from Ahmedabad upto the end of July, as against 50,000 last year. From this the Secretary concludes that Ahmedabad products have not lost their popularity in upcountry markets.

Sjt. Harilal Kapadia argues that the cloth market has continued to remain dull and barring some good mills under competent management, other mills have gone on accumulating stocks and they feel the effects of the dullness of the market. It is pointed out that the cloth market was active in 1937 and stocks commanded good prices and therefore, mills went on working night shifts and increasing production and this practice is continued on even now in spite of decreasing demand. Last year 418,016 bales were sent out from Ahmedabad from the beginning of January to the end of July whereas this year 405, 617 bales have been exported that is 12,400 more bales were sent out in the first few months in 1937 than in 1938. But most of the mills began night shifts in June last year, whereas most of the local mills in Ahmedabad and mills in other stations in Gujarat have been on night shift from the beginning of the year 1938 and hence stocks have gone on accumulating on account of over production and sales have gone down.

It is true that the prices of raw materials have gone down and mills can afford to sell their goods at reduced prices but the situation becomes rather serious when there are large stocks to be cleared and the market is dull as is the case at present.

WARNING IGNORED.

Sjt. Harilal Kapadia sounded a note of warning some months back asking mill agents to stop night shifts and bring down production, but the mill agents turned a deaf ear to the warning and the situation is becoming more and more serious day by day.

The local merchants are careful in their business but the money market has become tight as goods are not sold in upcountry markets and accounts are not settled in time. This difficulty may disappear if the demand increases and accounts are settled before Divali, but the question of the stocks in mill godowns is not likely to be solved unless production controlled by the combined efforts of all those that are interested in the welfare of our textile industry.

"Bharati Day" At Matunga

"Bharati Day" will be celebrated on Sunday at 9 a.m. at the Asthika Samaj Hall, Matunga. A procession will start from Napoo Hall, singing Bharati songs. There will be a public meeting at Asthika Samaj at 10 a.m. Messrs. K. S. Gopalkrishnan, Sripad Shankar, prominent Congress leaders from Madras, will speak. All are invited.

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THE THIN BOY IS HANDICAPPED FOR LIFE

IT'S not natural for your son to be thin. He cannot grow up to be a vital, successful man unless his growth as a child is sound and solid. Illnesses attack thin children more easily and recovery is slower. Irritability, and a tendency to get tired easily, spoil the thin boy's work and play.

Build up your son while you can, when he is still growing. Give him SCOTT'S EMULSION and see it put up his weight and vigour, cut down his "bad temper" within a few weeks. Doctors have prescribed this food-tonic for 60 years, because it is complete; it contains:

COD LIVER OIL — Nature's own food-tonic and concentrated source of:

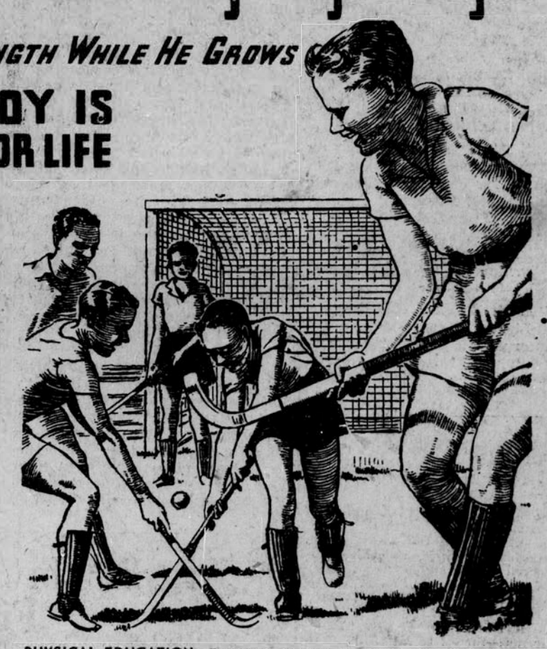
VITAMIN A — the bio-chemical principle of growth and of resistance against infections.

VITAMIN D — without which the body cannot make calcium into bones and teeth.

SCOTT'S EMULSION is three times as effective as plain Cod Liver Oil. Scott's is assimilated within thirty minutes while digestion of plain oil begins only after seven hours. Creamy Scott's stimulates appetite and makes other foods yield more nourishment.

HYPOPHOSPHITES OF LIME & SODA which supply calcium for solid bones and sound teeth; and phosphorus for healthy nerves and brain-tissue.

SCOTT'S EMULSION builds up resistance to infection in the body, provides extra food to enrich the blood and renews all tissues. It is specially strengthening to the lungs. Unlike chemical tonics which give a temporary stimulus, Scott's provides natural stamina. Every drop of Scott's has a lifetime's effect.



PHYSICAL EDUCATION—Exercise is essential to develop your son's body, but it cannot make him into a big, strong man without enough body material. In fact a thin child, unless he takes Scott's Emulsion, may be overstrained by exercise intended for normal children. SCOTT'S EMULSION will quickly build up bone, muscles and nerves to enable him to get the greatest benefit from physical training.

1 dessert spoonful of Scott's Emulsion has more bone-building value than 2 pints of fresh milk.

SCOTT'S Emulsion

Gives Strength for Life

Sold in 8 oz. and 16 oz. bottles — the larger size is better value.

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Lahore . Amritsar

CHOLERA ON THE WANE

The provincial cholera figures for the week were 394 attacks and 174 deaths against 612-218 in the previous week

The week under review has revealed a considerable decrease in cholera figures which is shared by East and West Khandesh, Thana, Ahmednagar, Sholapur and Bijapur districts. In Poona District in which a rise has been registered the majority of the cases (72 cases and 32 deaths) were reported from Junnar taluka. The District Local Board, Poona has appointed two special medical officers on anti-cholera duty.

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THIN ARROWROOT
AND
MALTO

LILY BISCUIT CO.
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ARE YOU GREY?

VIVA LINE HAIR OIL restores grey hair to its natural lustrous colour from the roots permanently and gently like nature. VIVALINE HAIR OIL is the original product which works its way from the roots. Insist on buying VIVALINE. Avoid imitations. Rs. 3/- large bottle for advanced greyness. Re 1/12/- small. Three bottles (Full Course) Post free. Agents:—MADHAV AGENCY, Girgaum, Bombay 4.

Bombay wholesale Depot. Kanchanlal Vadilal & Co., Princess Street, Bombay.

Stockists:—Kemp & Co. Ltd., (all branches). The Popular Pharmacy, Perry & Co., Grant Road; Beli Ram Bros., Princess St., P. Harkisondas & Co., Lamington Road; Hardinge & Co.

Poona Stockists: D. MACEDO & CO., Chemists, 251, Budhwar Peth.

Sole Distributors:—S.P. Co., P.O. Box No. 10006, Calcutta.

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During Autumn
TRAVEL BY
JAPAN-EUROPE SERVICE LINER
HAKONE MARU

Calls at Bombay temporarily on 11th September and sails on 13th September for Japan via Colombo, Singapore, Hongkong and Shanghai.

Excellent First, Second and Third Class accommodation.

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RESERVE FUND Rs. 7,75,000
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VENUS RESEARCH LABRY.
P.O. BOX 587. CALCUTTA.

Muslim Woman's Right To Dissolve Marriage

Zafrulla Quotes Holy Koran In Debate On Kazami's Bill In Central Legislature

SIMLA, Sept. 9.

The Assembly to-day continued the debate on Mr. Kazami's bill to consolidate the provisions of Muslim law relating to suits by married Muslim women for dissolution of marriage and to remove doubts as to the effect of apostasy of a married Muslim woman on her marriage tie. Mr. Kazami moved reference of the Bill to a Select Committee on the last non-official bills day, Friday, 26th August.

Mr. Ghulam Bhik Nairang today resumed his unfinished speech and dealt at length with clause five laying down that the conversion of married Muslim woman to a faith other than Islam shall not by itself operate to dissolve her marriage.

He referred to the many judicial rulings holding that apostasy automatically dissolved the marriage of a Muslim woman and said these rulings were really blunders heaped one upon another constituting a real tragedy of errors. The real authorities on this matter, he declared, were the Maulvis and not the courts.

As regards the fear that the clause would prevent the return to the Hindu fold of a Hindu woman abducted and forcibly converted and married to a Muslim, Mr. Nairang asserted that the clause would not apply of such a marriage. If the woman was forcibly converted then she could not become a Muslim and forcible marriage was a contradiction in terms. That is to say, neither the conversion nor the marriage was valid under these circumstances and she was, as far as the Bill was concerned a free agent to do as she likes.

Mr. Nairang had not concluded when the House rose for lunch.

Mr. Ghulam Bhik Nairang concluded his speech after lunch with Mr. Satyamurti in the Chair. Mr. Nairang expected Government to support this Bill because in the past the policy of the Government had been to support measures introduced for social amelioration.

PROPER APPROACH.

Dr. G. V. Deshmukh, while expressing his full sympathy with the Bill, did not want it to be approached from the same point of view as the mover and of Mr. Nairang who was supposed to be the real father of the Bill. He was opposed to the legislature lending itself to perpetuate the doctrines of any particular school of Law, whether it be according to the decrees of any Shastris or the 'fatwas' of any Ulema. The question, he suggested, should be approached from the point of view of social reform: in a spirit of equity, justice and good conscience. When marriage is a matter of contract its participants should be given the freedom to follow the dictates of reason and the Law should not be made to support a particular school of Law. He, therefore, was not in favour of those sections which referred to the two schools of thought, namely, Maliki and Hanafi.

ZAFRULLA QUOTES QURAN.

A learned discourse on the Muslim Marriage Law by Sir Mohammed Zafrulla, weighted with quotations from the Holy Kuran, kept the House and the full galleries interested for nearly an hour.

Sir Manmathanath Mukerjee, Law Member, followed with a powerful address delivered with old world stateliness and enlivened by humorous anecdotes. Mr. M. S. Aney, thereafter, began his speech but had not concluded when the debate was adjourned till the next session, and the House rose for the day.

Both Sir M. Zafrulla and Sir M. N. Mukerjee defined the Government's attitude to the measure which was summed up by the Law Member as follows:—

The Shia Muslims are to be excluded from the operation of Clauses Three and Four prescribing the grounds on which divorce could be granted and laying down that suits brought under the Bill shall be decided by Hanafi or Maliki Law as the case might be.

The Law with regard to the different grounds mentioned in Clause Three should be specified in detail in order that there might be no dispute or doubt about it.

There should be a provision attached to Clause Five excluding cases of reconversion by a Muslim woman to her original faith.

Clause Six prescribing that the cases under the Bill shall be tried by Muslim Judges should be deleted altogether. Subject to these reservations the Bill might be sent to the Select Committee.

WHICH LAW?

Sir Mohammed Zafrulla dealt with Clause Five and gave a reply to certain criticisms against it. The simple question, he said, was when any married woman adopts a faith different from the faith of her husband which of the two systems of Law under the two faiths should govern the determination of the point whether the marriage should continue or be dissolved. Sir Mohammed expressed the opinion that the system of Law under which the marriage was performed should govern the consideration of the point.

CASE OF STATE INTERFERENCES.

Sir M. N. Mukerjee expressing his personal views on some of the provisions referred to a number of defects in the Bill.

The Law Member referred to the great divergence of opinion on the measure and said, though no community should stand against another community trying to ameliorate the conditions of its Law, it was equally desirable that, unless there was necessity, the other community should not alter its Law if it would affect a sister community. Referring to Clause Five, he said the practical effect of it would be that a Muslim wife would not be permitted to change her faith and if she wanted to change her faith she would be forced to tolerate her Muslim husband. This he argued was interference with religion which the State was pledged not to resort to.

Mr. M. S. Aney who followed had only spoken a few words when the clock struck five. The sponsors of the Bill requested that the discussion be proceeded with for a few minutes and the Bill be referred to a Select Committee today in view of the fact that there was no more day this session for Non-Official Bills. Some members objected, and the President, therefore, adjourned the House till Monday.

"National Herald" Makes Its Appearance

Mahatma And Subhas Send Messages Of Welcome To New Congress Daily

LUCKNOW, Sept. 9.

The "National Herald", the Congress English daily, made its first appearance this morning with messages of welcome wishing success from all parts of the country, particularly from all Congress Premiers.

Mahatma Gandhi has sent the following message to the "National Herald":—"Hope the paper will always represent truth and non-violence."

"I wish", says Mr. Subhas Chandra Bose, Congress President, "with all my heart, a successful and prosperous career for the "National Herald" sponsored by Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru and others".—United Press.

PREMIER PERFORMS OPENING CEREMONY

LUCKNOW, Sept. 8.

"Now-a-days, the newspaper is a great force, and everyone has got to reckon with it. It makes or unmakes a man. Ninety-nine per cent of the people form their opinions by reading the newspapers. The progress or the fall of a country depends upon it, and so the "National Herald", with which the name of the Congress is associated and which claims to follow the ideals of Mahatma Gandhi has greater responsibility than others".

Thus observed the Hon. Govind Ballabh Pant, Premier of the United Provinces, while declaring open the "National Herald" Press this afternoon before a distinguished gathering consisting of the elite of the city.

Concluding, he asked the people to sympathise with the venture, as it was their own paper, and it would fulfil their long-felt need by putting things in their proper perspective, unlike the existing provincial papers which either did not give all Congress views or gave distorted versions of them.

In conclusion, he complimented Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru and Mr. Mohanlal Saxena on their selfless devotion which made possible the advent of the paper.

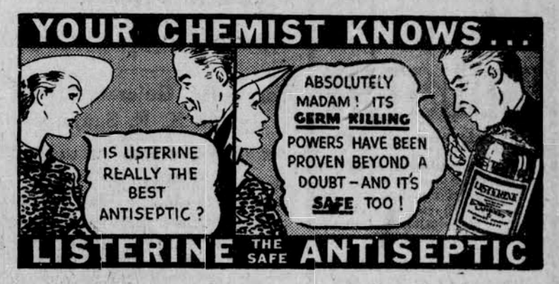
Prominent among those present were Hon. Rafi Ahmed Kidwai, Mrs. Bakshi, Dr. Radha Kamal Mukherjee, Dr. Radha Kumud Mukherjee and B. Sen Gupta, Managing Editor of the United Press of India.—United Press.

Results exceed all Expectations

A DOCTOR IN CALCUTTA
DOCTOR, BOBBY IS SO MUCH BETTER SINCE YOU PRESCRIBED QUAKER OATS. HE'S GAINED 3LBS THIS MONTH
QUAKER OATS NEVER FAILS. IT'S VITAMIN B IS VITAL TO GOOD HEALTH
AN OLD LADY IN CAWNPORE
GRANDMOTHER, QUAKER OATS HAS CERTAINLY HELPED YOU. WHY YOU ACT YOUNGER THAN IN YEARS
YES, I FEEL STRONGER TOO. NO MORE WEAK SPELLS OR INDIGESTION
QUAKER
QUICK COOKING
WHITE OATS

Quaker Oats is a delicious, satisfying food—rich in every element needed for good health. Its precious Vitamin B nourishes the nerves, curbs constipation, creates a sound, healthy appetite. Its minerals, protein, vitamins and carbohydrates build bone and muscle, nourish and invigorate. Eat it daily for lasting health. Delicious—cooks in 2½ minutes.

QUAKER OATS


YOUR CHEMIST KNOWS...
IS USTERINE REALLY THE BEST ANTISEPTIC?
ABSOLUTELY MADAM! ITS GERM KILLING POWERS HAVE BEEN PROVEN BEYOND A DOUBT—AND IT'S SAFE TOO!
LISTERINE THE SAFE ANTISEPTIC

Argylls In Rovers Cup Final

CHESHIRES GO DOWN FIGHTING BY SOLITARY GOAL

EXCELLENT UNDERSTANDING AND PERFECT BALL CONTROL ENABLED THE ARGYLLS AND SUTHERLAND HIGHLANDERS FROM TRIMULGHERRY TO ELIMINATE THE LOCAL FAVOURITES, THE CHESHIRE REGIMENT BY A SOLITARY GOAL FROM THE ROVERS CUP ON FRIDAY EVENING.

The Argylls now meet the winners of Bangalore Muslims and Lincolns in the finals.

Never at any moment were the Argylls extended by the Cheshires as in the plucky fight the Young Goans and the Delhi Young Men gave them respectively. Nor did the Cheshires show their previous form which had enabled them to beat the Aryans.

To-day's semi-final was somewhat disappointing to the Cheshires' supporters who played far below expectations. It was only late in the second half when the Cheshires made some frantic efforts to restore equality but Argylls' remarkable defence held them at bay.

RESULT:

ARGYLLS 1 Goal.
CHESHIRES Nil.

TEAMS:

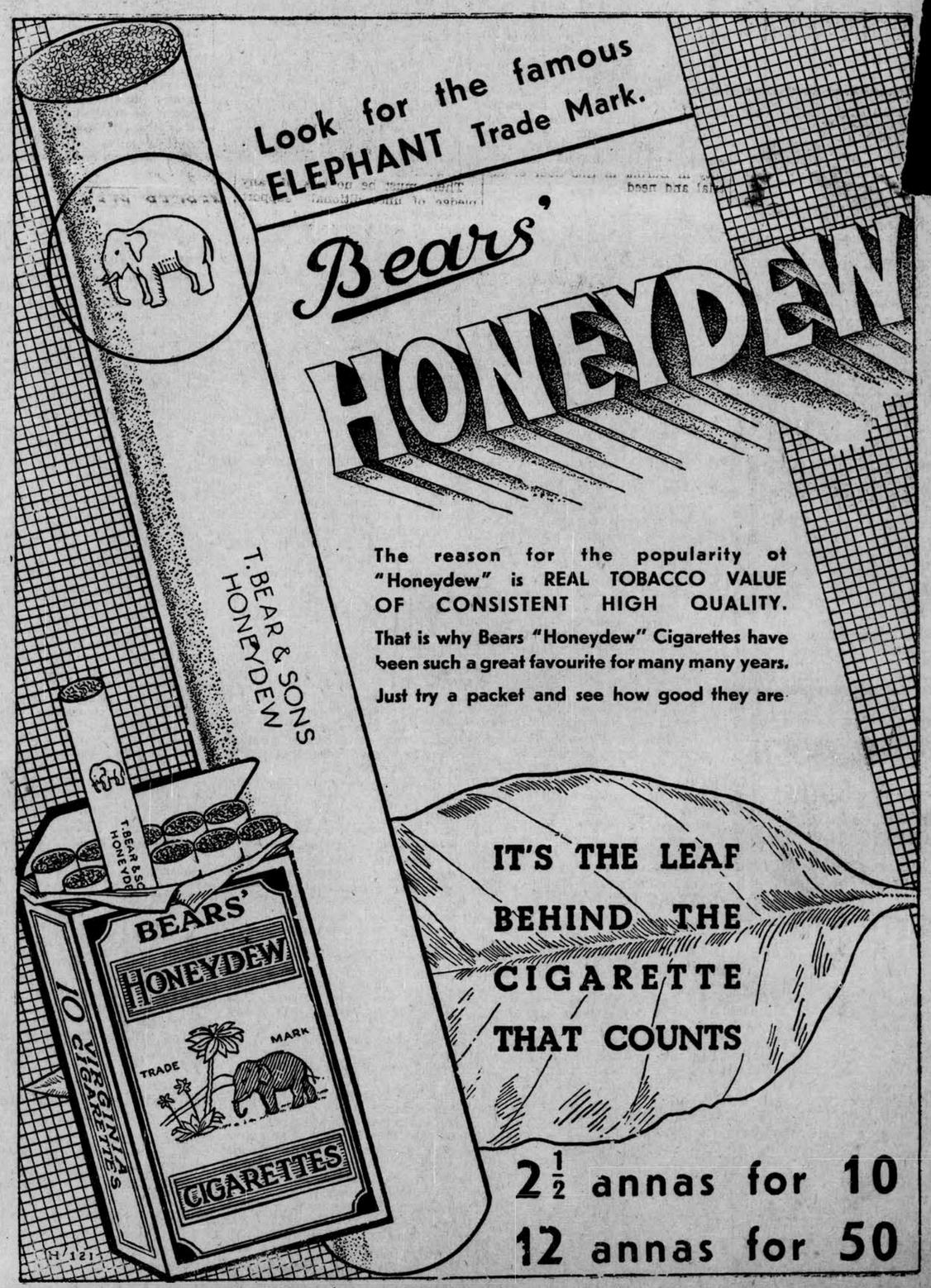
ARGYLLS: — McNaught; Mitchell and Brown; Hall, Slessor and Friel; Brodie, Blaney, Morrison, Campbell and Arthur.

CHESHIRES: — Stubbs; Slack and Barnes; Benson, Smith and Pennington; Powell, Keegans, Westcott, Rees and Wells.

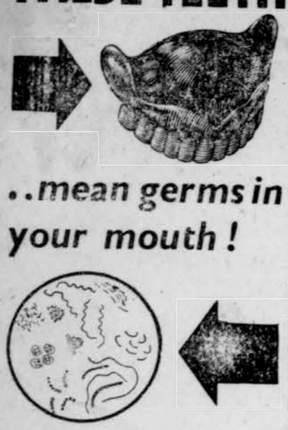
REFEREE:—Mr. A. Haworth.

To-day's Second Semi-Final

Cooperage at 5-40 p.m.
Bangalore Muslims vs. Lincolns.


Look for the famous ELEPHANT Trade Mark.
Bears'
HONEYDEW
The reason for the popularity of "Honeydew" is REAL TOBACCO VALUE OF CONSISTENT HIGH QUALITY.
That is why Bears "Honeydew" Cigarettes have been such a great favourite for many many years.
Just try a packet and see how good they are
T. BEAR & SONS HONEYDEW
BEARS' HONEYDEW
10 VIRGINIA CIGARETTES
TRADE MARK
CIGARETTES
IT'S THE LEAF BEHIND THE CIGARETTE THAT COUNTS
2½ annas for 10
12 annas for 50

STAINED FALSE TEETH



..mean germs in your mouth!

Stained, insanitary dentures are a breeding ground for germs—it is estimated that over 80% of germs enter the human system through the mouth. Don't give infectious germs a foothold in your mouth—keep your plates both stain-free and germ-free with 'Steradent.'

'Steradent' is the new, scientific cleanser for false teeth. The Dental Profession has given it the highest endorsement—over 10,000 Dentists recommend it. 'Steradent' is harmless, quick and economical. Just shake a little 'Steradent' powder in a glass of warm water. Stir well. Leave your false teeth, plates and bridges in it while you dress or for overnight. Every stain vanishes, including blackest tobacco stains of long standing. The wholesome, flesh-pink colour of your plates is restored. Dull, dingy, discoloured teeth regain their clean, lustrous, life-like appearance. Your plates feel smooth, cool and comfortable—just like new, and there is no unpleasant 'disinfectant' taste.

Brushing is quite unnecessary. 'Steradent' is much more efficient and reaches crevices never touched by any brush. Moreover it sterilises your dentures with a pleasant, harmless, but powerful purifying agent.

Agents: ATLANTIS (EAST) LTD., 20/1, CHETLA ROAD, CALCUTTA.

WARNING: *Refuse imitations and inferior substitutes. They may damage your plates beyond repair. Insist upon 'Steradent' and take no chances.*

Steradent
CLEANS & STERILISES FALSE TEETH

Complexion & Beauty comes by using
AFGHAN SNOW

This delightful emollient ensures a Velvety softness and radiant clearness to the skin.

It has combined nutritive, protective and curative action on the skin that is unique.

Perfumed with Rose Blossoms

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"Dalmia Cement" brought by s.s. Versova from Karachi being unloaded at Bombay Port.

INQUIRY INTO BURMA RIOTS URGED

A public meeting of the citizens of Variav, in Surat district, and the surrounding villages, was held under the auspices of Menflic Noorul Islam on Wednesday, when the following resolutions were unanimously adopted:

"This public meeting of the Citizens of Variav and surrounding villages held at Variav strongly deplores the disastrous riots that have recently taken place all over Burma and especially at Rangoon. It expresses its heartfelt sympathies with the innumerable victims of these riots, Muslims in particular and Indians in general, in their loss and bereavement consequent upon the most brutal loots, arson—such as setting fire to Holy Quran, Mosques, Madressas, Idgahs, Mandirs, Mills, shops and buildings and murder—that have raged rampant there. It further places its services at the disposal of the Muslim community in Burma in this hour of its trial and need.

"This meeting appeals to His Excellency the Viceroy and the Government of Bombay to stand by the oppressed Musalmans of India and press on the Government of Burma for an impartial inquiry into the real causes of these riots and run its true perpetrators to earth, as also ascertain the extent of damage caused to life and property, in order adequately to compensate the innocent sufferers bearing in mind that the Musalmans of Variav and Surat District have immense stakes, both commercial and landed, in Burma."

THREE SOLDIERS DESERT ARMY.

PATIALA, Sept. 9.

According to a telegraphic communication received from the District Superintendent of Police, Ambala, by the Inspector General of Police, Patiala State, three gunners of 21 Mountain Battery R. A. Ambala have deserted with arms and ammunition.

The District Superintendent of Police, Ambala, has announced that a sum of Rs. 600 will be awarded to any person giving information leading to the arrest of the deserters and the capture of the arms and ammunition.

They are alleged to have taken with them three service revolvers and three service rifles with several hundred rounds of ammunition and cartridges.

Similar information has been sent, it is understood, to the Police Chiefs of Nabha, Malerkotla, Sind and Faridkot States and Ferozepur, Ludhiana and Jullundur Districts.—A. P.

DR. D. D'SOUZA DEAD

News is received in Bombay of the sudden death on Tuesday of Dr. D. D'Souza, a well-known medical practitioner of Madras.

Dr. D'Souza after a distinguished career at the Madras Medical College set up practice in 1910 in George-Town, Madras, where he was popular with all communities.

In the course of his long practice he discovered a specific for asthma which attracted patients from all parts of India and even outside. He is reported to have provided a radical cure to many sufferers of the disease who had despaired of any successful treatment. Dr. D'Souza was 56 years of age at the time of his death.

DEMOCRACY MUST NOT BE FOOLED AGAIN

(Continued from page 6)

revision as by general disarmament.

Even now, when it faces the necessity for some improvised system of concerted defence, it ignores the aid the Soviet Union can give.

It may, again, when it has to stir our blood by propaganda, talk of a war to end war and to make democracy secure. If any workers' party in England or in France becomes the dupe a second time of such chatter, it will deserve the disillusion that will await it, if again victory should fall to the Western owning class.

That we loathe the record, the spirit and the ambitions of Nazi Germany is no reason for placing ourselves under the banner of British capitalist-imperialism. If again it wins the war, once more it will wreck the peace.

It may decide once again to destroy the armed might of Germany, but with even firmer determination will it frustrate, as it did after the last world war, any transfer of power from the master-class in central Europe to the workers.

There must be no talk of any pledge of unconditional support for the Chamberlain Government, even if it should revive the League and back the French against Hitler.

To oppose it may be morally impossible; but Labour, if it is wise, will keep its independence, deaf to propaganda, vigilant, critical and ready when the moment comes to serve the cause of the workers—the Germans as well as the Czechs, the Russians as well as the French.

Stand By Spain!

The main duty that falls on the Labour Movement this moment is to forbid the Government to sacrifice Spain.

While our attention is diverted to Central Europe, a veil of oblivion has fallen on the Peninsula. Behind it, admittedly, Mussolini is pouring in his reinforcements for Franco, while to humour Downing Street the French must keep their frontier closed, lest any aid from abroad should reach the republic.

Franco, meanwhile, has in substance rejected the British plan for the withdrawal of foreign combatants. It seems that the British Government is perfectly content that its plan should be rejected. But it upholds, none the less, the shameless comedy of non-intervention.

Trading on the danger in Central Europe, Mussolini, entrenched in Majorca, across the line of French communications with Africa, will use all the arts of the armed blackmailer. He will name his price for withholding armed support from his partner of the Axis. The lowest price that he will ask is a free hand in Spain. If the decision lies with Mr. Chamberlain, he will get it.

Let no one imagine that the "National" Government is about to declare a Holy War against Fascism. It may, conceivably, for the sake of the French alliance, do something to preserve the Czech Republic from Hitler; but, to balance that good deed, it will abandon Spain to Mussolini.

Against this infamy only the Labour Party can protect us. It ought to refuse, even if it comes to war, any co-operation with a Government that sells Spain and tolerates the Italian invasion.

If at this hour Labour consents to forget Spain, it, too, will bear before history the load of dishonour.

It has cards in its hand. No Government could contemplate even a limited and half-hearted struggle against Germany, if it had the Labour Party against it.

At Blackpool this issue will be decided. The Government that sells Spain ought to know in advance that it will have the British working-class against it.

(World Copyright Reserve)

Women Join Shegaon Satyagraha

Harijan Association Of Cawnpore Supports Agitation

NAGPUR, Sept. 8.

The Harijans' Satyagraha near Mahatma Gandhi's hut at Shegaon, which is still being continued, will enter a new phase this afternoon with the decision of some Harijan women to join the movement.

A party of five Harijan Women headed by Mrs. Shantibai Borkar left Nagpur by train for Wardha to-day to offer Satyagraha at Shegaon.

These Women will constitute the seventh batch, the previous six batches all being composed of men.

Mr. H. J. Khandekar, leader of the movement, informs the Associated Press that the adi-Hindus and Depressed Classes Association of Cawnpore, through its President, has supported the agitation wishing it success.—A. P.

TRAMWAYMEN'S STRIKE IN KARACHI

About 400 Men Affected

KARACHI, Sept. 9.

The city's traffic was partly dislocated this morning when the employees of the East India Tramway Company numbering about 300 to 400 suddenly struck work leaving tramcars and buses at various terminuses throughout the city.

The strike was the sequel of the employees' demand which include increase in wages etc.

It may be mentioned in this connection that some agreement was reached recently, but the employees allege that the tramway authorities dispensed with the services of some conductors.

The strike resulted in the City's large population of businessmen being stranded and in hackneys and tongas plying for fancy fares. The police are directing the traffic.

Mr. Narainda Beechar M.L.A. a labour leader, is at present negotiating with tramway officials. —A. P.

MERGER PLEA OF AJMER

Prizes For Congress Membership Enrolment

(From Our Correspondent).

AJMER, (By Mail).

A meeting was held in the local town hall under the auspices of the Ajmer City Congress Committee to observe the Provincial Swarajya-Demand-Day, Mr. J. N. Mukerji presiding. Mr. Jai Krishna Mundara moved the resolution of merger of the province with the U. P. Messrs. Shobhalal Gupta, Balkrishna Garg, Mul Chand Asawa and the president addressed the gathering. The resolution was passed unanimously.

Messrs. Indra Dutt Swadhin and Rajendra Kumar 'Ajeya,' the village Congress workers of Kekri circle, who had been undergoing trial in the Kekri court under Sec. 447, 352 and 106, I.P.C. have been sentenced to six months' rigorous imprisonment each under the former two sections and to one year's rigorous imprisonment each under the latter section in default of furnishing bail and security of good conduct for one year.

A village Congress Committee has been formed in Kharwa (Br.), C. I. with Mr. Bhairav Lal as president.

PRIZES FOR ENROLMENT.

The secretary of the Ajmer-Merwara Provincial Congress Committee has made an announcement of the following prizes to be awarded in view of pushing Congress-enrolment in the province:

1st prize: A national Flag worth Rs. 15 to the primary Congress Committee enrolling the largest number.

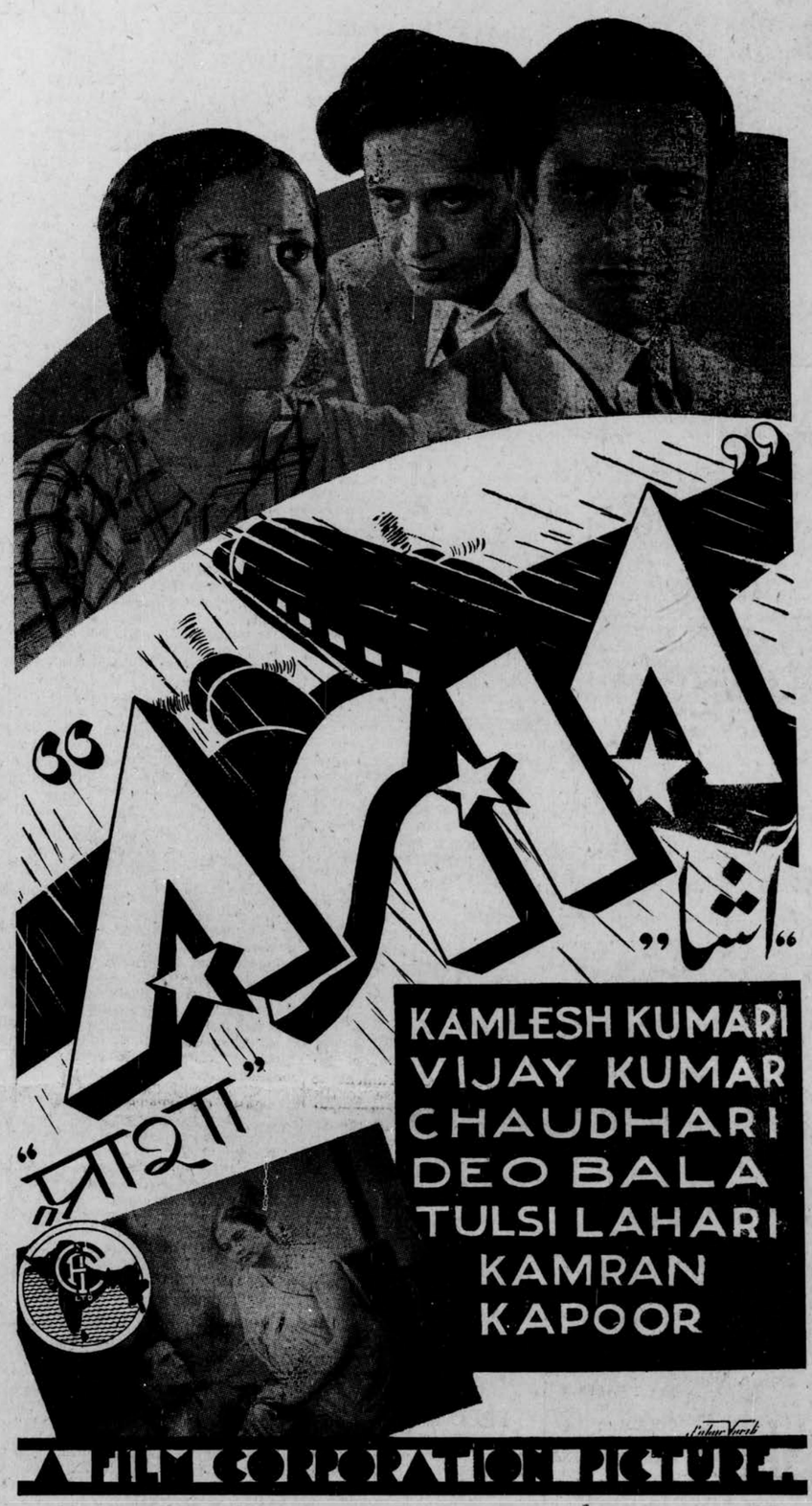
2nd prize: A Yarvada Chakra to the person enrolling the largest number in the urban area, where Congress Committees do not exist.

3rd prize: A Yarvada Chakra to the person enrolling the largest number in the rural area where Congress Committees do not exist.

Teacher: "Now, children, can you tell me what a grudge is?"

Johnny: "Yes, teacher. A grudge is a place where they keep motor-cars."

AERONAUTICS ON INDIAN SCREEN!



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On LOYALTY

Loyalty to a cause, a religion, a country; whatever it is—loyalty commands respect.

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KHAKI DRILLS & TWILLS
CONQUEROR Suitings
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HANAVA & RIVIERA
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Sat., Sun.: MATINEE at 2-30 P.M.

TO-NIGHT and THIS WEEK:

SHANTA APTE
NALINI TARKHAD
in PRABHAT'S Immortal
AMRIT MANTHAN

The BROADWAY

KINGSWAY:————:DADAR

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Hollywood is crowded with gorgeous girls. Red heads....Brunettes....Platinum Blondes.*** You'll be thrilled and profoundly moved by this story of inside Hollywood that reveals for the first time the heartbreaks as well as the comedy—the hatred, the happiness, the jealousy, the ecstasy of making good in the movies.

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JANET GAYNOR
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Released thru' UNITED ARTISTS.

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HAVE YOU EVER SEEN A REAL, BLINDING, INUNDATING DOWNPOUR....SOMETHING THAT CAN BE CALLED A DELUGE? THE INGENUITY OF MAN HAS CHALLENGED NATURE ITSELF AND CREATED A VERITABLE DELUGE IN:

'Gopal Krishna'
(HINDI)

The PRABHAT TOUCH to SHRI KRISHNA

Starring:
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19th WEEK

Daily: 5-15, 8 and 10-30 p.m.
Sat., Sun. & Hol.: 2-30 p.m.
THURSDAY: SPECIAL SHOW for LADIES & CHILDREN: 1-30 P.M.

CENTRAL

WELLINGTON

DAILY: 3-30, 6-30 and 10 P.M.

It has made 1938 REMEMBERED ALWAYS as the year of the FIRST ROMANTIC, DRAMATIC MUSICAL FILM!

JEANETTE MACDONALD
IN
"THE FIREFLY"
WITH
Allan Jones
Warren William

TOWERING OVER ALL PAST SCREEN TRIUMPHS HAS COME A PICTURE TO ASTOUND THE FILM WORLD!

Daily Matinee Rates: 3 annas, 4 annas, 9 annas, Re. 1-2-0.
Plans Open. 'Phone 22666.

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SHIRLEY TEMPLE
IN
"HEIDI"
with JEAN HERSHOLT

2nd GRAND WEEK

THE EXCELSIOR

THREE SHOWS DAILY:
AT 4, 6-30 and 10 P.M.

SPECIAL SHOW ON SUNDAY MORNING AT 10 A. M.

THRILL TO
"THE DRUM"
"THE DRUM"

STARRING:
SABU
AND MANY OTHERS

in
ALEXANDER KORDA'S
GREATEST MASTERPIECE
in
GLORIOUS TECHNICOLOR

A Blazing Triumph Enacted in the North-Western Frontier of India

A UNITED ARTISTS' Super Release.

NEW EMPIRE

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A NEW KIND OF ENTERTAINMENT HAS ARRIVED

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14 MEN ---
A GIRL ---
AND A KID!

The band adopts a Kid!
The Girl adopts the band!
And you'll adopt 'em all!..... take the whole laughable, lovable bunch right into your heart!

ADOLPH ZUKOR presents:

"COCOANUT GROVE"
"COCOANUT GROVE"

Starring:

FRED MacMURRAY
A veteran Band leader.

HARRIET HILLIARD
Radio's Sweet-Singer.

YACHT CLUB BOYS
Funnier than ever.

HARRY OWENS
with his Royal Hawaiian Orchestra.

AND OTHERS

ALL IN THE BEST MUSICAL OF THE YEAR

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1001 SIGHTS—
1002 LAUGHS—
1003 GIRLS—

See EDDIE CANTOR
IN
ALI BABA GOES TO TOWN

FROM TO-DAY AT
PLAZA—Dadar
Daily: 6-30 and 10 p.m. Matinee on Saturday and Sun. at 2-30 p.m.

HELD OVER FOR
9th WEEK
GENERAL FILMS'
BAGHBAN

UNIVERSALLY ACKNOWLEDGED TO BE THE BEST PICTURE OF 1938

with
BIMLA KUMARI & NANDREKER
and an ALL-STAR Cast
IMPERIAL CINEMA
5-15, 8 and 10-30 p. m.
MATINEE: TO-DAY AND TO-MORROW AT 2-30 P.M.

Encouragement To Indigenous Produce

Indian Stores Department Annual Report Reveals Expansion In All Activities

The record of the activities of the Indian Stores Department for the year 1937-38, which is described in the Administration Report of the Department published shows a marked advance over the corresponding figures of the previous year. In fact the turnover of every branch of the Department exceeded the highest previous record.

PURCHASE OF STORES

The number of residents received went up from 71,317 in 1936-37 to 78,425 in the year under review. The orders placed correspondingly rose from 80,318 to 86,148 and their value from Rs. 6,49,06,534 to Rs. 7,89,31,378.

There were also further additions to the list of indentors and the clientele of the Department continued to expand.

Army Purchases:—A marked increase occurred in the purchases on behalf of the Army, Royal Air Force and other defence authorities which amounted to Rs. 1,88,98,218, an excess of Rs. 69,46,847 or 58.1 per cent over the previous year's figure Textiles went up from Rs. 68,60,189 to the remarkable figure of Rs. 1,12,55,389 The engineering stores purchase went up from Rs. 50,91,182 to Rs. 76,42,829.

Civil Departments:—Purchases for the Civil Departments of the Central Government increased from Rs. 67,18,330 to Rs 71,84,310. Larger purchases were made for the Posts and Telegraphs, and the Civil Aviation, but the purchases for the Central Public Works Department showed a decrease.

RAILWAYS.

The total purchase for railways went up from Rs. 3,61,62,520 to Rs. 4,08,49,822 showing an increase of Rs. 46,87,302 or 12.96 per cent. Purchases on behalf of State Railways increased by Rs. 58,67,247 and those on behalf of Railways managed by Indian States by Rs. 8,82,091 as compared with the previous year. Company-managed railways, however, decreased their purchases by Rs. 20,62,036.

PROVINCIAL GOVERNMENTS.

The total purchases on behalf of Provincial Governments amounted to Rs. 82,09,244 as against Rs. 70,41,360 in last year, showing an increase of 16.59 per cent.

Larger purchases were made for the Government of Bombay, United Provinces, Punjab, Assam, and North-West Frontier Province, but the value of purchases on behalf of Madras, Bengal, Bihar and Central Provinces were less than those during the previous year.

BUSY LABORATORIES.

The laboratories of the Government Test House, Alipore, and the Metallurgical Inspectorate, Jamshedpur, were fully utilised during the year. The tests and analyses carried out increased from 18,223 in the previous year to 22,902 in the year under report.

The samples tested and reported on by the Government Test House were 9,085 as against 9,926 in the previous year. The work in the Test House on behalf of the Indian Stores Department alone increased from 5,672 tests to 6,082.

INDIAN PRODUCTS PREFERRED.

Every endeavour was made to substitute supplies of indigenous manufacture wherever possible and to encourage and assist manufacture in India and to improve the quality of products by means of technical advice and suggestions in the course of purchase and inspections. A few notable instances of articles of which acceptable indigenous substitutes were developed are Entomological insect store and postal boxes, point indicator lamps, drill cloth, malleable iron castings, locks iron, guard's and other articles. Special attention was also devoted to the manufacture in India of anti-waste cocks, scissors, whistles with chains, zinc cells, table knives and regulators for railway carriage fans.

A collection of exhibits of various articles of Indian manufacture is maintained in the Imperial Secretariat Building, North Block, New Delhi; and exhibits comprising chemicals, oils, paints, varnishes, surgical dressing, glassware, electric ceiling fan, steel almirah, safe, boots and shoes were added during the year.

The Department placed contracts with Indian manufacturers and firms for a large variety of goods of the aggregate value of over four crores. These included tents, blankets, drills, flannel, serges, mild steel sections, Railway permanent way material and fittings, road dressing materials, cables, paints, pipes and specials, aeroplane hangars, bodies for motor chassis, insulators, vacuum brake fittings, cooking ranges, weighing machines roofing materials, glass plates and others.

Central Intelligence Officers In Provinces

It Is Not Their Duty To Report About Provincial Ministers And Their Activities

SIMLA, (By Mail).

A large number of questions regarding the Criminal Investigation Department under the Central Government and the relation it stands to the Provincial Governments were asked in the Central Assembly.

The Hon'ble Home Member replying to Mr. Chettiar stated that the Government of India had no Criminal Investigation Department at the time of the introduction of provincial autonomy. If, however, the Hon'ble Member's question refers to the Central Intelligence Bureau, the reply is that no part of the work of the Intelligence Bureau has been relegated to the Provinces after the inauguration of provincial autonomy.

Mr. Satyamurti enquired: May I know whether a part of the Central Intelligence Department is working in the provinces? Mr. R. M. Maxwell: Yes There are seven officers working in the provinces.

Mr. Satyamurti: May I know whether those officers are responsible to the Ministers in the respective provinces in charge of Law and Order and Police?

Mr. R. M. Maxwell: No. They are not responsible. They are officers of the Central Government.

Mr. Satyamurti: May I know under whom they work in the provinces?

THEY REPORT DIRECT

Mr. R. M. Maxwell: They work under the Central Intelligence Bureau. They do not work under anybody in the provinces.

Mr. Satyamurti: May I know whether, in sending their reports to the Government of India with regard to various activities for watching which they are employed,—whether those reports reach the Government of India through the Provincial Governments or over the heads of the Provincial Governments?

Mr. R. M. Maxwell: They report directly to their superior officers here, but provincial Governments also do receive a certain amount of information from them.

ANOMALOUS POSITION

Mr. Satyamurti: May I know in view of the inauguration of provincial autonomy the Government have consulted or propose to consult Provincial Governments about the continuance of this anomalous position of certain intelligence officers working in the provinces, without reference to the Ministers themselves?

Mr. R. M. Maxwell: No. There is nothing anomalous about Central officers working in the provinces For instance, take the Posts and Telegraphs department's officers. They work in the provinces but still there is no anomaly there. Is there any anomaly there?

Mr. Satyamurti: Since the Hon'ble Member has asked me a question, may I know whether, apart from the Central Intelligence Bureau, there is any other department whose functions are shared partly between the Government of India and the Provincial Governments? In the case of the Posts and Telegraphs Department the Provincial Governments have nothing to do with it. But with regard to the criminal intelligence most of it is done by Provincial Governments and some by the Central Government. If so, may I know under what arrangement this is done which is not inconsistent with provincial autonomy?

Mr. R. M. Maxwell: These officers are not concerned with criminal intelligence. That is entirely provincial matter.

Mr. T. S. Avinashilingam Chettiar: The Criminal Intelligence Department is intended for Law and Order, and in view of the fact that these subjects have been transferred to the provinces, may I know what reason there is to maintain this department at the same cost and with the same personnel as before?

Mr. R. M. Maxwell: It is provided under item 1 of list I of the Seventh Schedule of the Government of India Act.

Mr. Satyamurti: May I know whether it is part of the duties of the intelligence officers to report about the Ministers and their activities?

Hon'ble R. M. Maxwell: No sir.

Mr. Chettiar: In view of the fact that a like department is already functioning under the provincial ministers, may I know whether the Government will consider the advisability of adding on this work to them with a view to effecting economy in expenditure?

DIFFERENT FUNCTIONS

Mr. R. M. Maxwell: These officers have somewhat different functions. The provincial intelligence branches can only deal with matters within the four corners of their own province. These officers will be able to help in matters of inter-provincial liaison in say, such matters as all-India movements of criminals or dangers.

Mr. Satyamurti: Apart from these all-India movements, what are the functions of this Central Criminal Intelligence Department?

Mr. R. M. Maxwell: They gather information on matters of inter-provincial and all-India interest, I am not referring merely to criminals, such as communism and they report this to the Central Intelligence Bureau and they are also able to make provision for inter-provincial information on these subjects. They are able to help the provincial intelligence branches in knowing the all-India aspects of such matters.

Mr. Satyamurti: In view of the fact that communism is a subject which is in charge of the Ministers for Law and Order, may I know what is the relations of this Intelligence Department to the Minister of Law and Order and the Police, 'in the province, whose function, "inter alia", include dealing with all those who are "criminals" according to the Government of India?

INFORMATION TO MINISTERS

Mr. R. M. Maxwell: This department gives the Ministers information which they would not perhaps get otherwise.

Mr. Satyamurti: My Hon'ble friend said in an earlier answer that this department communicates all that information to the Government of India over the head of the Ministers. May I know whether part of the information is conveyed to the Ministers also and if so which part?

Mr. R. M. Maxwell: I have answered that question.

Mr. Manu Subedar: Is it one of the functions of these Central Intelligence officers to report on the Ministers to the Provincial Governors?

Mr. R. M. Maxwell: I answered that question in the negative.—United Press.

Quetta Fund For Religious Strictures

QUETTA, Sept. 8.

The Agent to the Governor General in Baluchistan has sanctioned a sum of Rs. 80,000 from the Viceroy's Quetta Earthquake Fund for the construction of temples, mosques and churches in Quetta. Out of these, the Muslim Sunnis received Rs. 23,000, Muslim Shias Rs. 13,000 Hindu Sanatan Dharam Rs. 12,000, Arya Samaj Rs. 11,000; the Sikhs Rs. 8,000; Christians Rs. 5,000 and the Parsis Rs. 3,000.—United Press.

WHEN A QUEEN DREAMS

.....What does she dream of? Lomavati, Senior Queen of King Gopichand, dreamed of a farmer's hut..... Her Lord, the King was a healthy young farmer, and she, his Bonnie Bride!

"Raja Gopichand"

SARASWATI'S SIX-STAR FILMUSICAL:

STARRING:

USHA, CHANDRAKANT, LEELA, RATNAPRABHA, LONDHE, DINKER

7th WEEK

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TO-DAY & TO-MOR.: 2-30 P. M.

OPERA HOUSE

2nd WEEK

OF THE PROCESS—
"Laugh and Grow Fat"!

THE SENSATIONAL ADVENTURES OF THE YOUTH WHO LOVED, BUT WOULD NOT MAKE LOVE.

'BRAHMACHARI'

Written by: Principal P. K. ATRE the MARK TWAIN of India.

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Produced by: HUNS PICTURES

Starring: WINAYAK, MINAKSHI, MALVANKAR.

Daily: 5-15, 8 and 10-30 p.m.
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PUT IT DEFINITELY AS AN EMPHATIC
"MUST"
IN YOUR WEEKLY PROGRAMME OF FILMS
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BOMBAY TALKIES'
GLORIOUS ROMANCE
of LOVE, HONOUR and CHIVALRY:

Vachan

STARRING:
DEVIKA RANI
AND
ASHOK KUMAR

IT IS A PICTURE FULL OF ENTERTAINMENT—IT IS DRAMA, POETRY & ROMANCE—ALL IN ONE.

SEE IT ONCE & YOU WILL WANT—
—TO SEE IT AGAIN!

Daily: 5-15, 8 & 10-30 p.m.
Matinee To-day & To-mor. at 2-30

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TALKIES

The Only Indian Theatre with the MIRROPHONIC SOUND SYSTEM!

THE SEARCH FOR THE BURIED TREASURE LANDED THEM IN TO A WHIRLWIND OF ADVENTURES:—

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BHAVNANI PRODUCTIONS
AT
SUPER TALKIES

Daily at 5, 8-15 and 10-45 p.m.
Fri., Sat. & Sun. Matinee 2-30 p.m.

STAR FLASHES
by CHARLES BRUNO

TRAINED WHITE RATS INSTEAD OF THE COMMON VARIETY ARE USED IN FILM SCENES BUT ARE MADE TO APPEAR GRAY BY GIVING THEM A HENNA DIP.
LOUISE PLATT
RECEIVED HER FILM CONTRACT BECAUSE SHE HAD APPEARED IN FIVE PLAYS ON THE BROADWAY STAGE..... YET EVERY ONE OF THE PLAYS FAILED AFTER A RUN OF LESS THAN TWO WEEKS!
CHARLES BRUNO 8/9
HOWARD HILL, WORLD'S CHAMPION ARCHER, ACTUALLY SHOOTS AN APPLE FROM THE HEAD OF CAPT. FRED SOMERS AT A DISTANCE OF 50 YDS FOR A SCENE IN 'FOLLOW THE ARROW'.
471

TO-DAY
MATINEE AT 2-30 P.M.
Daily 5-15, 8-0 & 10-45 p.m
LADIES' SHOW
On WEDNESDAY at 2-0 P.M.
VISHNU'S
Classical Hit of the season

Fashionable Wife

Starring SUVARNA & ANILKUMAR
THIRD GLORIOUS WEEK

SEE IT TO-DAY WITH YOUR FAMILY
AT
LAMINGTON
Talkies Lamington Rd.

Bill For Restoration Of Confisca ted Lands

Tribunal To Be Set Up To Report On Individual Cases

The following bill for Restoration of Land confiscated during Civil Disobedience movement has been released for publication by the Government of Bombay:—

Whereas certain lands were forfeited as a result of the Civil Disobedience Movement for the non-payment of land revenue and other sums due to Government; And whereas the said lands were disposed of to certain persons for inadequate consideration; And whereas it is just and expedient to acquire them with a view to restore them to the original holders thereof; It is hereby enacted as follows:—

SHORT TITLE

1. (1) This Act may be called the Bombay Forfeited Lands Restoration Act, 1938.

(2) It extends to the whole of the Province of Bombay.

(3) It shall come into force on such date as the Provincial Government may, by notification in the Official Gazette, direct

2. In this Act, unless there is anything repugnant in the subject or context—

(1) "Forfeited land" means any of the lands forfeited to the Crown during the Civil Disobedience Movement in any of the years 1930 to 1934 for non-payment of land revenue or other sums due to Government and specified in the notification published in the Official Gazette by the Provincial Government within six months from the date on which this Act comes into force. The expression "Forfeiture of lands" shall be construed accordingly.

(2) "Original holder" in relation to any forfeited land means a person who owned the land at the time of its forfeiture and includes his heirs.

(3) "Prescribed" means prescribed by rules.

(4) "Rules" means rules made under section 14.

(5) "Tribunal" means the tribunal constituted under section 3.

(6) Words and expressions not defined in this Act but defined in the Land Acquisition Act, 1894, shall have the meanings assigned to them in that Act.

CONSTITUTION OF TRIBUNAL

3. For the purposes of this Act, the Provincial Government shall constitute a Tribunal consisting of such member or members as the Provincial Government may appoint. If the Tribunal consists of one member, such member, and if it consists of more than one member, the President, shall be a person who is or has been or is eligible to be appointed a Judge of a High Court.

4. (1) The Provincial Government, if it is satisfied that any of the forfeited lands should in the public interest be acquired and restored to the original holder, may a declaration that the said land is needed for such purpose.

(2) The declaration shall be published in the Official Gazette and shall state all the material particulars in regard to the said land.

(3) Such declaration shall be conclusive evidence that the said land is needed for such purpose.

NOTICE TO PERSONS

5. (1) On the publication of the declaration under section 4, the Tribunal shall cause public notice to be given at convenient places at or near the land to be acquired stating that the Provincial Government intends to acquire the said land.

(2) Such notice shall also state the particulars of the said land and shall require all persons interested in the said land to appear personally or by agent before the Tribunal at the time and place therein mentioned (such time not being earlier than fifteen days after the date of publication of the notice) and to state the nature of their respective interests in the said land and the amount and particulars of their claims to compensation for such interest.

(3) The Tribunal shall also serve notice to the same effect on the occupier, if any, of such land and on all persons known or believed to be interested therein.

(4) The original holder of the land and the Collector shall also be served with a notice intimating to them the time and place of the enquiry by the Tribunal and shall be entitled to appear in such enquiry.

POWER TO REQUIRE AND ENFORCE

6. (1) The Tribunal may also by notice in writing require any person interested in the land to make or deliver to it at the time and place mentioned (such time not being earlier than fifteen days from the date of such notice) a statement containing, so far as may be practicable, the name of any other person interested in the land or any part thereof as co-proprietor, sub-proprietor, mortgagee, tenant or otherwise, and particulars regarding the nature of such interest and the rents and profits, if any, received or receivable on account thereof.

(2) Every person required to make or deliver a statement under this section or under section 5 shall be deemed to be legally bound to do so within the meaning of sections 175 and 176 of the Indian Penal Code.

7. (1) On the day fixed in the notice given by the Tribunal under section 5 or any other day to which the inquiry may be adjourned, the Tribunal shall proceed to enquire regarding—

(i) the amount of compensation to be awarded for the land; and

(ii) the respective interests of the persons claiming compensation.

(2) The Tribunal shall then make an award stating the amount of compensation which in its opinion should be awarded for the land. Such award shall be in writing and where there are several persons interested in the land, the award shall also state the amount of compensation to be awarded to each.

PROCEDURE BEFORE TRIBUNAL

8. Save as otherwise provided by or under this Act, the provisions of the Code of Civil Procedure, 1908, shall so far as may be, apply to any enquiry before the Tribunal under this Act.

9. (1) Subject to the provisions of sub-sections (3), (4) and (5), the amount of compensation to be awarded for the land shall, after making deductions in respect of matters specified in sub-section (2), be—

(a) the amount paid to the Provincial Government as occupancy price for the land,

(b) the amount of expenditure incurred in making improvements on the land after its disposal by the Provincial Government until the date of the declaration under section 4,

(c) the amount of land revenue paid in respect of the land after its disposal by the Provincial Government until the date of the award, and

(d) interest at the rate of 4 per cent. per annum on the amounts mentioned in (a), (b) and (c) until the date of the award.

(2) In determining the amount of the compensation to be awarded, the Tribunal shall make deductions in respect of the following matters, namely:—

(a) the profits, if any, received by the holder for the time being from the land during the period mentioned in clause (c) of sub-section (1), and

(b) any damage resulting from any act, permanently injurious or destructive to the land, committed by the holder for the time being or any person acting on his behalf during the period mentioned in clause (c) of sub-section (1);

Provided that the amount of compensation to be awarded under sub-section (1) shall not in any case be less than the total of the amounts mentioned in clauses (a) and (b) of the said sub-section.

(3) If the holder for the time being, within 15 days from the date of the publication of the notice under section 5, intimates in writing to the Collector that he is willing to receive as compensation a sum equal to the amounts mentioned in clauses (a) and (b) of sub-section (1) together with the interest thereon at the rate and for the period mentioned in clause (d) of the said sub-section, the amount of compensation to be awarded for the land shall be the said sum without making any deductions therefrom in respect of any of the matters mentioned in sub-section (2).

(4) In cases where the holder for the time being is not the person to whom the land was disposed of by the Provincial Government but has purchased the land in good faith and for consideration before the first day of April 1938, the amount of compensation to be awarded shall be—

(a) the amount paid by such holder as price for the land, and

(b) the amount of expenditure incurred by such holder in making improvements on the land until the date of the declaration under section 4.

(5) In cases where the land is subject to any mortgage or charge which has been made or created in favour of a person who has advanced money in good faith, the amount of compensation to be awarded to such person shall be—

(a) the unpaid balance of the principal advanced, and

(b) if such person is not in possession of the land, the unpaid amount of interest payable on the principal at the rate of 4 per cent. per annum.

Nothing in this sub-section shall bar the right of such person to enforce his rights against the mortgagor or the person who created the charge in respect of the balance due to him.

(6) In addition to the amount of compensation awarded under sub-section (1), (3), (4) or (5), as the case may be, the Tribunal shall in every case award a sum of 15 per cent. on the said amount.

Explanation.—For the purposes of this section "holder for the time being" means the person who is the owner of the land on the date of the declaration under section 4.

PAYMENT OF AMOUNT.

10. (1) After the award is made, the Collector shall tender payment of the amount awarded to the persons entitled thereto according to the award and shall pay it to them unless prevented by any of the contingencies mentioned in sub-section (2).

(2) If such persons do not consent to receive it or if any of them is under any legal disability and there is no person competent to receive it on his behalf, the amount awarded or part thereof, as the case may be, shall remain in deposit with the Collector for a period of three years from the date of the deposit or from the date when the person entitled to receive it ceases to be under a legal disability, as the case may be. After the expiry of the said period, such amount, if not paid, shall lapse and shall be credited to the revenues of the Province.

11. Notwithstanding anything contained in this Act, the Tribunal may, with the sanction of the Provincial Government, instead of awarding money compensation in respect of any land, make any arrangement with the person having interest in such land either by grant of another land in exchange or in such other way as may be equitable.

AWARD OR ARRANGEMENT TO BE FINAL

12. The award made by the Tribunal under section 7 or any arrangement arrived at under section 11 shall be final and binding on all persons interested in the land.

13. (1) On the expiration of fifteen days from the publication of the notice under section 5, the Provincial Government may, at any time, direct the Collector to take possession of the land mentioned in the declaration under section 4. On such direction being given the Collector shall take possession of the land.

(2) If at the time of taking possession of the land under sub-section (1), there are any standing crops on the land, the Collector shall offer to the persons interested such compensation as is in his opinion reasonable for the said crops. The decision of the Collector regarding the amount of such compensation shall be final. In case, such offer is not accepted, the Collector shall keep the amount of such compensation in deposit and the provisions of sub-section (2) of section 10 shall, so far as may be, apply to such deposit.

(3) Such land shall, on its possession being taken by the Collector under sub-section (1), vest absolutely in the Provincial Government free from all encumbrances and the Provincial Government may restore it to the original holder thereof on such terms and conditions as it thinks fit.

14. The Provincial Government may make rules for the purpose of carrying out the objects of this Act.

Jail Reform In C. P.

NAGPUR, Sept. 4.

"Government proposes shortly to appoint a committee of experts in trade and industry to review the position of the jail industries and make suggestions for the improvement of their profit-earning capacity.

"A Bill for the better treatment of political prisoners has been introduced in the Assembly and a Bill for the release on parole of well-behaved prisoners for short periods to enable them to visit their homes is being placed before the Legislature."

Thus says the resolution of the C.P. Government on the administration of the Jail Department in 1937.—United Press.

SHAMDASANI CAN SIT IN LAWYERS' SEAT

Presidency Magistrate's Ruling

On an objection taken by Mr. S G. Velinkar, Counsel for the Central Bank, that Mr. P. D. Shamdasani, who appeared as a petitioner in a case transferred to the fifth court from the Chief Presidency Magistrate's Court, Mr. M. A. F. Coelho, Presidency Magistrate, gave a ruling permitting Mr. Shamdasani to sit in one of the chairs reserved for lawyers, as otherwise, it would cause him considerable inconveniences in conducting the case.

APPEAL FOR HELP FOR U. P. FLOOD-STRICKEN

GORAKHPUR, Sept. 7.

Mr. Hanumanprasad Poddar wires:—

Owing to heavy rains for last few days there has been again a rise in the water-level in the flooded districts of United Provinces. Villagers returning to their dilapidated villages are again compelled to retire to higher localities for safety. Condition of villagers and cattle during the heavy rains without any shelter, is most pitiable. Crops are completely destroyed. Villagers will remain without source of maintenance till the next harvest is ready. Even substantial landed proprietors, who have lost their all are faced with starvation with their families. Lakhs of people in the flooded area are without home, without shelter and without the barest necessities of life. The recent heavy downpours of rain have aggravated the sufferings of the people to an extent, which can hardly be imagined without actually seeing their condition.

Gita Press has been at present distributing daily provisions to thousands of distressed peoples through its different centres but relief operations on a very large scale will be necessary for months together. People will have to be provided with seeds for cultivation, wherewithals to build their houses, when the flood water recedes, and the cattle will have to be kept alive through supply of fodder.

People in parts of India unaffected by the flood should be prepared to do their utmost to relieve the distress of the suffering population in the flooded districts.

New year's Greetings
CALENDARS 1939
DESIGNS · MOST ATTRACTIVE PRICES · DEFY COMPETITION
WANTED AGENTS TO SECURE ORDERS ON VERY ATTRACTIVE TERMS
Apply to:-
The IMPERIAL ART COTTAGE
7A, TAGORE CASTLE STREET CALCUTTA

ENJOY!
The pleasures of eating without suffering from a tyrannical stomach afterwards! BiSoDoL, the modernantacid, quickly relieves stomach disorders due to acidity.
BiSoDoL

No. 321

A BEAUTIFUL FACE - BUT
unfortunately disfigured by ugly white spots and patches! How can you endure such blemishes when—
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—Can definitely be cured in a few weeks At Home! Write for SOLE DISTRIBUTORS:-
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HALL'S WINE ensures Vitality
ALREADY he's a success, thanks to his VITALITY. He's discovered that Hall's Wine is the natural tonic which keeps VITALITY *continually* renewed. He knows Hall's Wine *always* brings him rich stores of energy for work and pleasure.
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'B.O.' (Body-Odour) attacks those who are careless about perspiration
People with Body-Odour seldom have friends; and anyone may have 'B.O.' without realising it. That's why it's so important to make *certain* of personal freshness.
Of course you can't stop perspiring. And there's no reason why you should. Perspiration is necessary, healthy, and in itself inoffensive. But if left to clog the pores of the skin and grow stale it soon leads to Body-Odour, which is offensive to others—especially in crowded places. Yet there's such an easy way of making sure of personal freshness—cleanse yourself frequently with Lifebuoy Toilet Soap. Its rich, penetrating lather, with the special antiseptic health element, goes deep down into the pores and washes away every trace of stale perspiration. And it leaves your skin tingling and gloriously healthy and refreshed.
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DELAY is DANGEROUS

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WARNING SHOULD NOT BE USED IN PREGNANCY OTHERWISE ABORTION WILL OCCUR

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BEAV HOUSE, OFF. LLOYDS BANK, HORNBY RD FORT, BOMBAY.

● Thousands of weak, anaemic people have found new strength and glowing vigour in Waterbury's Compound. This time-tested tonic tones up the entire system . . . fortifies the body against disease. It contains many nourishing ingredients that are essential to health . . . liver and malt extracts, iron, copper, manganese and other strengthening elements.

You will find Waterbury's Compound pleasant and easy to take. It can make you feel like a new man in fifteen days. Why not start *today* to rebuild your health and strength?

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Sold in Blue and Red Wrappers — the Red as a General and Bronchial Tonic

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The desire of all parents is to see their children grow up healthy and strong, but sometimes unfortunately their development is retarded as a result of illness or natural weakness.

In such cases BURGOYNE'S PARRISH'S CHEMICAL FOOD is the proven remedy. Doctors in every part of the world recommend it as the ideal tonic for children.

It is rich in the Phosphates and Iron so vitally necessary for their development. It enriches the blood, builds firm strong bones and strengthens the body generally.

If your children's progress is not satisfactory owing to illness or other causes, give them this amazing tonic without delay. The improvement it will bring about will surprise you.

Young women and girls with a tendency to anæmia and debility will also find it beneficial.

Obtainable in 4- and 8-oz. bottles from all dispensaries, pharmacies and dealers

BURGOYNE'S

PARRISH'S CHEMICAL FOOD

BOMBAY: M. K. Shah & Co., Manhar Bldgs., Lohar Chawl.
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TRADE AND FINANCE

Increase In Note Circulation

INVESTORS HOLD OFF FROM SECURITIES MARKET ON EUROPEAN POLITICAL SITUATION

Gold Firm And Silver Steady

Weekly Market Reviews

(From Our Special Correspondent)

BOMBAY, Sept. 9

MONEY.

This was a short-working week owing to the incidence of two bank holidays

There was no change in the monetary situation, call funds being quoted at 1/2 per cent. per annum. The statement of the Reserve Bank of India made upto 2nd September 1938 reveals an increase of Rs. 256 55 lakhs in Note Circulation, while there is a corresponding decrease of Rs. 325.39 lakhs in Bank Deposits. Balances held abroad by the Reserve Bank have decreased by Rs. 36.12 lakhs, while Loans and Advances to Government under Ways and Means are up by Rs. 26 lakhs. The statement of the Imperial Bank of India, also made upto 2nd September 1938, records an increase of Rs. 159.54 lakhs in the Bank's Investment Portfolio and Bank Advances are up by Rs. 6.68 lakhs. Cash in hand shows a decline of Rs. 203.46 lakhs. Tenders to Government for three months' Treasury Bills amounted to Rs. 2.38 crores, whereof Rs. 2 crores were accepted at a fractionally higher rate of Rs. 0-11-10 per cent. per annum compared with Rs. 0-10-10 per cent. in the preceding week. Term money rates were unchanged at 1-1/4 per cent. for six months.

GILT-EDGED.

The European political situation showed signs of worsening during the early part of the week with the result that gilt-edged market was inclined to be easier, investors preferring to hold off. 3-1/2 per cent. India Sterling Stock, which was quoted at £93-1/4 at the opening, declined gradually to £92-1/4, while 3-1/2 per cent. Rupee Paper showed a fall of four annas at Rs. 98-14. Medium term bonds were practically unchanged, while long term scrips were offered with few buyers. 4 per cent. 1960/70 loan declined from Rs. 112-13 to Rs. 112-11, while 5 per cent. 1945-55 (tax free) loan was a shade quieter at Rs. 117-13. 2-3/4 per cent. 1948-52 loan was done at Rs. 100-8. 4 per cent. 1941 bonds at Rs. 103-5 and 3-1/2 per cent. 1947-50 loan at Rs. 106-5. 5 per cent. 1939-44 loan changed hands at Rs. 103-1 and 3 per cent. 1963-65 loan at Rs. 98-5. 3 per cent. 1951-54 loan was almost pegged around Rs. 102-12. 4 per cent. 1943 bonds around Rs. 108-10 and 4-1/2 per cent. 1955-60 loan around Rs. 119-6. 5 per cent. 1940-43 loan was marked down at Rs. 106-10 and 5-1/2 per cent. 1938-40 loan at Rs. 100-4.

EXCHANGE.

After the holidays, sterling exchange opened steady, buyers of spot T.T. quoting 1s. 5-59/64d. with occasional sellers at 1s. 5-29/32d. In the absence of any sizeable booking of export of gold and continued slackness in the showing of merchandise export bills, the rate declined, sellers of spot T.T. quoting 1s. 5-27/32d. and buyers 1s. 5-57/64d

The flight of European capital to the United States continued unabated throughout the period under report and the sterling/dollar cross-rate was subject to comparatively wide variations. After opening at 485.46 cents, the rate declined by stages to 481.56 cents on Tuesday last and after a slight rally to 482.93 cents, closed at 482.81 cents. The sterling was reported to have been supported by official source at intervals. The premium on three months' forward dollars widened from the opening level of 0.61 cents to 1.25 cents on Tuesday, but narrowed fractionally to 1.21 cents at the close. The sterling/franc rate was pegged around 178.32 francs to the pound sterling, while the discount on three months' forward francs narrowed from frs. 3.81 to frs. 3.71 at the close. The guilder depreciated in terms of sterling from the opening rate of 8.92-1/16 to 8.92-13/16, closing at 8.92-3/8, while the premium on three months' forward delivery widened from 2.31 cents to 2.87 cents at the finish. The belga moved between 28.76-1/2 and 28.50-1/2, while the Italian lira oscillated between 92.25 and 91.56. Among the Far Eastern exchange, the Shanghai dollar steadied up from 8-3/8d. to 8-7/16d., while the yen kept unchanged around 1s. 2d. throughout the week

GOLD.

Opening steady at Rs. 36-3-3, gold advanced steadily during the week in sympathy with the rise in the London price of the metal and the appreciation of the dollar in terms of sterling Buying by option dealers and speculators in a nervous market was responsible for pushing up the price of spot gold to Rs. 36-12 on Tuesday last, but the rise was short-lived, arbitrage selling being responsible for bringing the price down to Rs. 36-7-6 before the close of the day. After a slight rally to Rs. 36-8-3 on Wednesday, the market closed lower at Rs. 36-7-3 in the absence of any demand for export of either gold or gold coins. September settlement was quoted at the same rate as spot, while October settlement commanded a premium of six pies over spot. In London, spot gold, after opening at 143s. 4d., steadily improved to 144s. 2-1/2d. but declined and closed at 144.1-1/2d. The premium on gold over the dollar arbitrage parity in that market was nil for the major part of the week. There was good local demand for sovereigns in sympathy with the higher price of gold and the quotation, after opening at Rs. 23-9-6, advanced to Rs. 23-12-6, but closed lower at Rs. 23-11-6 for spot. Floating stocks of gold are estimated at about 3,00,000 tolas, while arrivals from upcountry average some 15,000 tolas a day. The offtake works out to about 1,500 tolas a day. Imports during the week amounted to Rs. 1,25,117 in gold bullion and coins, while last week's shipment to London per s.s. "Naldera" is valued at Rs. 7,60,594 The highest and lowest rates touched during the week are Rs. 36-12 and Rs. 36-3 for spot and September settlement and Rs. 36-12-6 and Rs. 36-3-3 for October settlement.

SILVER.

Opening steady around the previous close of Rs. 50-12, spot silver declined sharply mid-week to Rs. 49-14-6 on rumours from the United States to the effect that purchases of Mexican silver by the American Government would be discontinued in view of the attitude taken by the Mexican Government towards American representation for compensation to American citizens whose property in Mexico had been expropriated by the Mexican Government. There was, however, good buying resistance at the lower level and the quotation soon reacted to Rs. 50-5 on the same day. Steadier advices from London, where spot silver after declining from the opening level of 19-1/4d. to 19-1/16d. advanced at the close to 19-5/16d. were responsible for a steadier market in Bombay at the close, spot being quoted at Rs. 50-10-6. September settlement stood at a discount of one anna and October settlement at three annas under spot. In the London market, two months' forward delivery was quoted at a discount of 5/16d. almost throughout the week. Local stocks are estimated at about 2,300 bars, while the offtake is better at 40 bars a day. Imports during the week amounted to Rs. 5,500 in silver coins, while 43 bars were also imported. £126,000 worth of silver is "en route" to Bombay per s.s. "Viceroy of India." The highest and lowest rates recorded during the week are: Rs. 50-13-6 and Rs. 49-14-6 for spot, Rs. 50-12-6 and Rs. 49-13-6 for September settlement and Rs. 50-10-6 and Rs. 49-11 for October settlement.

SHARES.

The local share market was characterised by comparatively narrow movements during the period under report and the volume of trading was limited owing to the intervening holidays. In the steel section, Tata Iron Ordinaries ranged between Rs. 303 and Rs. 295, while Deferreds moved between Rs. 1,475 and Rs. 1,417. The cotton mill section was quiet with very little speculative interest; Bombay Dyeings declined from Rs. 909 to Rs. 872, but recovered and closed at Rs. 901; Centuries likewise lost ground from Rs. 299 to 284, but were quoted at Rs. 293 at the finish; Central Indias, after opening at Rs. 263, lost about 15 points to Rs. 248, closing at Rs. 256, while Colaba Lands found sellers at Rs. 155-8, but were held around Rs. 159 at the close. Gokaks ranged between Rs. 168 and Rs. 160-8 and New Greats between Rs. 240 and Rs. 235; Kohinoors, after declining consistently from Rs. 286 to Rs. 272, showed some improvement to Rs. 279-8 at the close. The Hydro-electric section showed very little change; Andhra Valleys moved narrowly between Rs. 1,460 and Rs. 1,455, Tata Hydros between Rs. 155 and Rs. 154 and Tata Powers between Rs. 1,385 and Rs. 1,370; Bombay Trams were almost static at Rs. 116. Bank and Railway shares were a shade quieter in sympathy with gilt-edged; Bank of Indias lost a rupee at Rs. 143, while Central Banks kept almost unchanged at Rs. 30-4; Imperial Bank Fully Paids showed little or no change around Rs. 1,555 and Partly Paids declined from Rs. 385 to Rs. 382-8; Reserve Banks were a trifle weak at Rs. 116-12 at the close; Ahmedabad Prantij Railway scrips, after remaining unchanged around Rs. 967-8 during the first half of the week, fell briskly to Rs. 942-8 at the end, while Tapti Valleys were inclined to be offered at declining rates, the quotation falling from Rs. 743-12 to Rs. 741-4. In the miscellaneous group, Associated Cements tended downward, the quotation touching the low level of Rs. 102-8, but towards the close showed a slight improvement at Rs. 104-8. Bombay Burmas lost well nigh 20 points from Rs. 536 to Rs. 516, but at the end made some leeway to Rs. 523; Scindia Steams ruled weak at Rs. 19-14, while Belapurs showed good strength at Rs. 186.

CALCUTTA

The past was a comparatively quiet week on the Calcutta Stock Exchange, where jute shares particularly revealed no special feature. The market showed a steady tone now and then, but business as passing was much restricted. On balance, prices showed small advances over the previous week's levels.

INDIAN STOCK EXCHANGE

Bombay, Sept. 9.

GOVT. SECURITIES.

3 1/2 per cent Paper	98/14
4 per cent 1960-70	112/12
5 per cent 1945-55	117/13

BANKS.

Bank of Baroda	112
Bank of Hindusthan	30/8
Bank of India	142/8
Central Bank	30/4
Imperial Bank F.P.	1555
Imperial Bank P.P.	382/8
Indian Overseas Bank	43/12
Reserve Bank	116/8
Union Bank	5/9

TEXTILES.

Ahmd. New Textiles	510
Ambica	230/10
Arun	225
Arvind	1150
Bhartkhand	2525
Bombay Dyeing	900
Buckingham and Carnatics	198
Calico	630
Central India	257/8
Century	293/2
Colaba	158/12
Delhi Cloth and Gen. Mills	350
Elgin	212/8
Gokak	162/8
Hukumchand	195
Indore	61/4
Jubilee	206/14
Khatau Makanji	125/10
Kohinoor	278/12
Laxmi Cotton	485
Madhusudan	200
Marsden	108/12
Morarji	141/14
Mysore	98/12
Nandlal Bhandari	91
New Great	238/12
Raipur	635
Rajnagar	252/8
Sajjan	97/8
Sholapur	XD28/0
Simplex	88/2
Swadeshi	222/8
Vishnu	1227/8

HYDRO ELECTRICS

Andhra Valley Ord.	1452/8
Tata Hydro Ord.	153/7
Tata Power Ord.	1370

ELECTRICS.

Ahmedabad Electrics	133/2
Ajmer Electrics	12/12
Bombay Suburban	140
Bombay Tram.	116/4
Surat Electrics	172/8

MISCELLANEOUS.

Air Services of India	6N
Alcock Ashdown	314/6
Associated Cements	103/4
Belapur	185/10
Bombay Burma New	176/14
Bombay Burma Old	520
Bombay Steam	220
Bombay Telephone	84/4
Br. B. Petrol	3/6
Burma Corporation	6/2
Dalmia Cement	10/2
Indian Bleaching	130
Industrial Investment Tr.	42
Indian Radio Ord.	390
Indian Radio Defd.	490/10
Indian Copper	2/6
Indian Iron	32/14
Mysore Sugar	25/8
Port Canning	67
Premier Construction	66/4
Rohtas Industries	24/4
Scindia Steam	19/12
Shivrajpur	44/8
Tata Oil	32
Tata Steel Ordy.	295
Tata Steel Defd.	1422/8

JUTES.

Birla Jute	13/8
Howrah	47/10
Hukumchand	6
Kamarhatty	456
Kankanarrah	332
Lawrence	333
Reliance	57

HIGH & LOW COTTON PRICES

Bombay, Sept. 8.

Broach A/M. 1939 op 156 3/8; highest 156 5/8; lowest 156 1/4; closing 156 1/4

Oomra D/Jan. op. 139 3/4; highest 139 3/4; lowest 139 1/2; closing 139 3/4.

Bengal D/Jan. op 118; highest 118; lowest 117 3/4; closing 117 3/4.

BEFORE BUREAU.

Broach A/M. op. 156 1/4; highest 156 1/4; lowest 155; closing 155 1/4.

AFTER BUREAU.

Op. 156; highest 157 1/4; lowest 155; closing 156 7/8.

Alexandria Cotton

Alexandria, Sept. 8.

SAKEL—	
November	13.34+3.
January	13.47+6.
March	13.59+6.
ASHMOUNI—	
October	10.24+5.
December	10.27+6.
GIZA—	
November	12.74+6.
January	12.74+6.
March	12.83+6.

Exercise calls for MORE ENERGY!

RUNNING, jumping—active grown-ups. 10 helpings of little bodies burn up more crisp, fresh Kellogg's in each energy for their weight than moisture-proof WAXTITE their parents. packet, ready to eat with milk and sugar.

Your son must have food that *quickly* builds energy. Start the day with Kellogg's Corn Flakes, easy to digest and irresistible to both children and

The "More Milk" problem

Most children won't drink as much milk as they need. But they love it on golden, toasted Corn Flakes. Buy Kellogg's at any stores to-day.

First Choice of Modern Parents Everywhere!

Safety First!

DON'T LET THAT 'HARMLESS' SCRATCH BECOME SEPTIC

Cuticura Ointment prevents blood-poisoning—heals ugly skin disease

SAFETY FIRST! Never neglect the slightest scratch. The germs of septic poisoning abound everywhere. You scratch the top of an irritating pimple, prick yourself with a thorn while gardening, graze or scratch yourself at work or play—just smear a little Cuticura Ointment on the spot and you are safe against festering and blood-poisoning. Because Cuticura Ointment kills any germ or poison you may have picked up and keeps the rest away until the injury is safely and cleanly healed.

No home should be without this unfailing healer and protector against septic poison. Cuticura Ointment is the finest, trouble-free antiseptic for skin eruptions and injuries. No mess, no discoloration or stain. Simply smear Cuticura on—it *stays* on and its germ-killing action heals quickly and surely. For safety's sake, always keep a tin handy.

Relieves and heals **Dhobi's Itch, Prickly Heat, Eczema, Festering Sores, Ulcers, Boils, Abscesses, Pimples, Poisoned Wounds, Cuts, Bites and all disorders of the Skin and Scalp.**

Sold by all Chemists and Bazars.

THERE'S HEALING IN EVERY TOUCH

DUSART'S SYRUP

OF LACTOPHOSPHATE OF LIME

gives strength to the mother and makes the child stronger

Dusart's Syrup facilitates growth and dentition

It gives vigorousness to convalescents

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Dusart's Syrup is Manufactured by

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Lactophosphate of Lime contained in Dusart's Syrup is the most powerful invigorating remedy

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CONCERNING shaves—

Here's a tip! Add a drop or two of Scrubb's to your shaving water. It softens the beard and makes the razor's work twice as easy. Also cools the skin and prevents that sore feeling!

It's always safe to use

SCRUBB'S

Look for the Signature

COTY

Parfums de Luxe

The choice of women of taste

L'AIMANT • LE VERTIGE • L'ORIGAN

CHILDREN LOVE Glaxo BISCUITS

Glaxo Biscuits are delicious and very nourishing, too. They are made by Peek Frean for the makers of the famous Glaxo Milk Food. These biscuits are packed in airtight tins to preserve their freshness in difficult climates.

PEEK FREAN

make also CHEESELETS · GOLDEN PUFF

ASSORTED CREAM · MILK *(in airtight cartons)*

Sole Agents:—Herbertsons, Ltd., Bombay & Calcutta.

ATTEMPTS HAVE BEEN MADE

to copy the Tek toothbrush. But because Tek's short-headed design is *patented*, no other brush of quite the same excellence can be made. Beware, however, of the imitations put on the market by manufacturers who recognize that the short-headed toothbrush is superior in every way to the old-fashioned big-headed kind. Bear in mind that NO short head brush is genuine unless it bears the world famous name

Tek

A Guaranteed Product of Johnson & Johnson (Gt. Britain) Limited, Slough

AMERICAN COTTON CROP BUREAU FIGURES

Comparisons with previous seasons:

Season	Indicated crop.	Condition.	Area Lift for Harvest.	Yield per acre.	Ginned.
1938	11,825,000 bales	65.0 p.c.	26,449,000 acres	214.1 lbs.	1,332,000 bales
1937	18,946,000 bales	75.0 p.c.	34,001,000 acres	266.9 lbs.	1,871,000 bales
1936	12,399,000 bales	59.0 p.c.	30,028,000 acres	197.6 lbs.	1,375,000 bales
1935	10,638,000 bales	64.0 p.c.	27,640,000 acres	184.2 lbs.	1,136,000 bales
1934	9,638,000 bales	54.0 p.c.	26,866,000 acres	171.6 lbs.	1,403,000 bales

The estimated area for harvest indicates an abandonment of 1.7 per cent as compared with 1.3 estimated at this time last year and an actual abandonment of 1.4 per cent. Ten-year average abandonment (1928/37) is 2.1 per cent.

STEADY TONE IN SUGAR

Rise In Indian Sugar Prices

Bombay, Sept. 7.

JAVA SUGAR.

Since our last review there is no special news to report in Java sugar market which has continued to remain steady during the whole past week and prices have remained almost unchanged with narrow fluctuations. There has been practically no movement of importance as there is hardly any buying interest for some time in absence of any incentive from Foreign markets. Demand from out ports is restricted to shipment by named steamers or shipments during Sept. for fixed ports for which premium is paid, otherwise there is lack of demand. During the week according to reports no direct business was placed in the market by any of the Importers owing to existing disparity with Java and the local quotations. Locally there was limited turnover between dealers and outsiders at current rates and some sales were made by dealers for out ports mostly for Sept. Tendency of the market at the close was slightly better due to scarcity of sellers at lower rates.

INDIAN SUGAR

There was further advance of 4 to 8 annas per md. both in ready and forward deliveries. Prices in the market were influenced by the bullish reports received from Cawnpore and Calcutta where large business was done at advancing limits. Speculation appears to be mainly responsible for the recent variation in prices. The future is looked upon with optimism because of the rumours that the balance stock available until the new season may not be sufficient for consumption. Besides the repeated decrease in next season's cane crop due to floods is also regarded as a factor for optimism in the minds of the merchants. Tendency of the market at the close was firm with hardly any possibility of material decline in near future as local stocks are reduced to very low level and arrivals are not sufficient as compared with the deliveries. Arrivals during the week are estimated at 1000 tons and stocks at 5300 tons as against 800 and 9100 tons at the same time during 1937.

FOREIGN MARKETS.

There was practically no change in prices both in New York and London Terminal markets. Java market was reported steady with 'Nivas' limits unchanged at 5.95 Glds. for Br. India West Coast ports. Some second hand sales were reported at .10 to .20 Glds. per 100 kg. discount on official limits for Osterm Destinations. General opinion in Java is that since most of the second hand sellers have liquidated their holdings, there is every possibility of fresh business in near future at 'Nivas' limits.

CALCUTTA AND KARACHI

There is no interest in Java sugar and quotations are simply nominal. As regards Indian sugar Calcutta market reported a sharp rise of 6 to 8 annas per md. and a considerable speculative business was done at increasing limits on rumours of the shortage at the close of the season. Karachi market was reported firm on better reports from Cawnpore.

All India First Sugar Cane Forecast 1938/39. It is reported that the total area shown is estimated at 3355000 acres as against 3845000 acres, the corresponding revised area last year or a decreased of 13 per cent.

Local market for Java sugar is likely to remain steady with prices fluctuating within narrow range. As regards future the situation is very uncertain at the moment owing to political and exchange uncertainty and will depend on movements of the foreign markets during the next few days.

CINE INDUSTRIES AND RECORDING CO.

The Directors have issued the following report for the period ending 30th June:—

The Company was Incorporated on 12th April, 1937 and commenced its business on 17th June 1937. A Production Committee was appointed consisting of Messrs. S. K. Nathani (Chairman), Mohanlal T. Shah and C. M. Trivedi (Managing Director); and due to their endeavours, your Company entered into a contract on 24th June, 1937, with Messrs. New Theatres Limited, Calcutta, to produce two Pictures known as "Circo Pictures" in partnership with them. The rights over these Pictures have been sold for the territories of Bombay, C. P.; C. I.; the Punjab, Sind, and Africa and you have still on your hand for sale the rest of the territories. We expect a very good profit from the territories remaining unsold hitherto.

The Net Profits for the period under Report amounts to Rs. 13,135-1-1. This amount, your Directors propose to dispose off as follows:—

Rs. 4,702-8-0 to dividend on shares at Rs. 7/8 per Share, Free of Income Tax (over 10 per cent). Rs. 3,000 to dividend Equalisation Fund. Rs. 5,000 to Reserve Fund Account Rs 432-9-1 to balance carried forward. Rs. 13,135-1-1 Total.

Your Directors had to forefeit 31 shares on 1st September 1938, and this would leave a balance on Forefeited Shares Account of Rs. 1,025

He: "Tell me, honestly, Gertrude, am I the first man who has asked you for a kiss?"

She: "Yes—all the others just took them."

BOMBAY COTTON STATISTICS

Receipts from 1st September 1937 to 31st August 1938		2,553,178
Same time previous season		3,129,329
Exports from 1st September 1937 to 31st August 1938	1937	1936
United Kingdom	68,072	82,124
Continent	285,066	404,335
China	85,014	46,200
Japan	719,735	1,544,541
Coast Ports	63,346	44,409
U. S. A.	525	8,910
	1,221,758	2,130,519
Total exports by rail, 1st September 1937 to 31st August 1938		397,323
Estimated Mill consumption in Bombay from 1st September 1937 to 31st August 1938		1,063,095
Same period last year		794,711
Estimated stock of raw cotton held by exporters, Dealers and Mills in Bombay on 31st August 1938		875,871
Same time last year		681,892

KARACHI STATISTICS

Total receipts of cotton from Up-country from 1st September 1937 to 25th August 1938	1,513,686
Same time previous season	2,230,632
Total cotton shipped from 1st September 1937 to 18th August 1938	1,290,978
Same time previous year	2,108,236

IMPERIAL BANK OF INDIA

Statement of the affairs of the Imperial Bank of India on the 2nd September 1938.

LIABILITIES	Rs.	
CAPITAL:		
Authorised—2,25,000 shares of Rs. 500 each	11,25,00,000	
Issued and subscribed—2,25,000 shares of Rs. 500 each	11,25,00,000	
Called up—75,000 shares of Rs. 500 each, fully paid	3,75,00,000	
1,50,000 shares of Rs. 500 each, Rs. 125 paid	1,87,50,000	5,62,50,000
Reserve Liability of shareholders—Rs. 375 per share on 1,50,000 shares	5,62,50,000	
Reserve Fund		5,52,50,000
Fixed Deposit, Savings Bank, Current and other Accounts		80,35,65,000
Loans against Securities per contra		—
Acceptances for Constituents		2,59,000
Sundries		49,25,000
	Rupees	92,62,49,000

ASSETS	Rs.	
INVESTMENTS:		
Government securities	41,95,26,000	
Other Authorised Investments	97,05,000	42,92,31,000
ADVANCES:		
Loans	7,13,06,000	
Cash Credits and Overdrafts	20,27,92,000	
Bills discounted and purchased	2,09,28,000	29,50,26,000
Liability of Constituents for Acceptances per contra		2,59,000
Dead Stock		1,94,39,000
Sundries		61,89,000
Bullion		—
CASH:		
In hand and with the Reserve Bank of India	13,36,50,000	
Balances with other Banks	4,24,55,000	17,61,05,000
	Rupees	92,62,49,000

BANK OF ENGLAND RETURNS

London, Sept 8

	This week
Total Bullion	£327,800,000
Public Deposits	£ 32,200,000
(a) Other Deposits	£126,100,000
Government securities	£101,300,000
(b) Other securities	£ 27,400,000
Notes and Coin	£ 47,700,000
Notes in circulation	£480,100,000
Ratio of Reserve to Liabilities	30.15 p.c.
(a) Other deposits include bankers	£ 91,300,000
(b) Other securities include discount and advances	£ 5,400,000
Total deposits	£158,300,000
Total securities	£128,700,000

PRECIOUS METALS

Bombay, Sept 9

The following are their weekly quotations for the Precious Metals.

Platinum 100 per cent Rs. 52 per tola
Platinum 97 per cent Rs. 51 per tola
Platinum 25 per cent Rs. 15 per tola
Palladium 100 per cent Rs. 40 per tola
Iridium 100 per cent Rs. 200 per tola
Osmium 100 per cent Rs 70 per tola
Ruthenium 100 per cent Rs. 80 per tola
Rhodium 100 per cent Rs. 250 per tola

"I've never managed nursing before"

"BABY IS DOING SO WELL, I WISH I COULD GO ON WITH BREAST FEEDING."
"YOU CAN IF YOU BUILD UP YOUR STRENGTH. TAKE A LITTLE BRAND'S ESSENCE EACH DAY—DO YOU BOTH GOOD."
"I'VE NEVER KNOWN YOU LOOK SO WELL— AND STILL NURSING THAT GREAT BOY."
"YES—ISN'T IT WONDERFUL! I'VE FELT GRAND EVER SINCE I STARTED TAKING THIS BRAND'S ESSENCE OF CHICKEN. IT'S DELICIOUS TOO."

THERE is no doubt that breast-feeding is best for the mother as well as the child if the mother's health permits. To maintain the necessary strength and good quality of the milk the mother must have a reserve store of energy. That's why doctors prescribe Brand's Essence of Chicken; being light and palatable it is easily digested and tempts appetite. Brand's Essence of Chicken is a tonic as well as a delicious food, and can be taken during serious illness and after operations and fevers.

GIVE BRAND'S ESSENCE OF CHICKEN for

General weakness, After operations and serious illnesses, Ulcers and all gastric troubles During pregnancy, Childbirth and nursing, Growing children, etc. etc.

BRAND'S

ESSENCE OF CHICKEN

Untouched by hand—contains no preservatives

Obtainable in bottles from your dealer

Agents for India: Grahams Trading Co. (India) Limited. Bombay P.O. Box 90. Calcutta P.O. Box 147. Karachi P.O. Box 30.

Brand's ESSENCE of CHICKEN is best taken cold and should be kept previous to use in a cool place, if possible on ice.

DEPRESSED STATE OF YARN MARKET

Gradual Improvement In Art-Silks

Bombay, Sept. 7.

The yarn market has continued to remain dull and depressed throughout the whole past week. Prices in all kinds of yarns especially in Indian yarns have undergone a further decline to some extent with a distinctly easy tendency at the close. Most of the quotations in Indian yarns are simply nominal in as much as buyers are scare and if any bulk offers are placed before the dealers they are very much inclined to accept the same. Reports from almost all consuming districts are yet not encouraging and it is further reported that many of the consuming districts are able to purchase their requirements from several mills in their districts at prices which are comparatively much cheaper and suitable to them. It is no wonder therefore that in such circumstances any sales in bulk by the Bombay mills or local dealers are difficult at the present moment until confidence in the present level of prices has been restored. Export demand which was in evidence in small lots has also disappeared for the time being. Stocks of yarn and cloth sold but undelivered have been steadily increasing both with the mills as well as with dealers and have naturally been causing anxiety. The future outlook is not yet hopeful.

ENGLISH YARNS

There has been no change in this class of yarn where prices from Manchester are absolutely unsuitable and no forward business has therefore been possible.

JAPANESE AND SHANGHAI YARNS.

Although prices from Shanghai are generally steady for forward deliveries, the latest reports from Japan go to show that the prices in single and two fold grey and bleached yarns have now been gradually declining and this has naturally affected very adversely spot prices in the local market during the week. In many cases prices have declined on the whole to the extent of Rs. 0-0-3 per lb. particularly in 2/42s yarns where arrivals are heavy and demand is very limited. In case of mercerised yarns prices have also declined to small extent owing to insufficient demand from consuming centres. Speculative turnover in mercerised yarns has also been very much restricted probably due to recent decline in cotton and fears of decline in prices in Japan. As regards forward business, Japanese spinners and exporters have been quoting rather irregular prices and consequently actual business booked is very limited. Sampin have declined further in sympathy with decline in cotton whereas Exchange is slightly easy.

ARTIFICIAL SILK YARNS.

The only market which has been showing some singns of gradual improvement during the last few days is the artificial silk yarn market where although prices have not improved appreciably the undertone continues to remain very steady. Enquiries from almost all consuming districts have been steadily improving and it is expected that in the course of next few weeks, consumption will again show improvement in almost all important consuming districts. As regards Japanese yarns, some scarcity has been found in popular deniers and in well-known chops and prices in such qualities have shown a tendency to improve further. As regards forward business Japanese spinners have been quoting higher prices and quotations from most of them have been very irregular. As a result fresh forward business has been rather difficult. In case of Italian yarns Syndicate prices have remained unchanged during the week. Offtake in Italian yarns have been gradually improving and in the absence of sufficient stocks in popular deniers and qualities, sales continue to remain very moderate. Stocks in the local market have been steadily declining and arrivals are yet limited. Undertone remains healthy and the future outlook is rather more hopeful.

INDIAN YARNS.

Turnover on the Bombay Yarn Exchange Ltd., has been rather restricted on account of a number of holidays intervening. In view of recent decline and irregular tendency in cotton market prices have naturally declined to the extent of Re. 1-0-0 per bale during the week. The future tendency is not yet hopeful.

ENROLMENT OF CONGRESS R. C. MEMBERS

KATNI (By Mail).

A meeting of the leading citizens and Malguzars was held at the residence of Pt. Hari Prasad Pathak. Prominent among those present were Thakur Chhedilal, President of the Mahakhoshal Congress Committee, Pt. Badri Nath Dube, Secretary M.P.C.C. and President District Congress Committee, Mr. L. C. Shah, M.L.A., Pt. V. P. Gautam and Mr. Abdul Gaffar Khan. In response to the appeal of Mr. Dube, 25 members of the Reception Committee were enrolled on the spot, and people assembled assured the President and the Secretary of the M.P.C.C. that they would whole-heartedly co-operate with them in their laudable efforts for the enrolment of members of the Congress Reception Committee and see that the promised contributors are paid at the time of the next visit of the office-bearers of the Mahakoshal Congress Committee

POLICEMAN'S DEATH MYSTERY

KARACHI, Sept. 8.

Mystery surrounds the death of a policeman reported from Sakrand village in Nawabshah District. It is stated that the deceased who was reported missing for the past five days, was found hanging from a tree. His body was decomposed and almost beyond recognition. The results of post-mortem examination are awaited. The police are investigating.—A. P.

LATEST

Commercial News

NEW YORK COTTON ELEVEN POINTS DOWN

Downward Trend On Stock Exchange

GILT-EDGED SECURITIES LOWER

BOMBAY, September 9.

NEW YORK COTTON.

The New York Cotton Market suffered a setback to-day owing to denial of cotton export subsidy rumours, which induced the renewed selling and liquidation.

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE.

Prices mostly show downward trend on the lack of interest. The general tone was very dull.

Gilt-edged securities came under selling pressure. Foreign bonds were steady.

BULLION.

The activity in local Silver Market was restrained by uncertainty surrounding foreign market.

Gold market was devoid of much speculative interest.

COTTON

LATEST NEW YORK COTTON PRICES

OCTOBER 1938

New York, Sept 9

Previous closing	8.07
To-day's opening	8.06
Difference	—01
To-day's closing	7.96
Difference	—11

LIVERPOOL COTTON

OCTOBER 1938

Liverpool, Sept 9

Previous closing	4.57
To-day's opening	4.54
Difference	—03
To-day's closing	4.56
Difference	—01

BROACH EXPECTATION

April May 1939 ..... Rs. 153-8

N Y. COTTON MARKET

New York, Sept 9

The New York cotton market opened with October quoted at 8.06 i.e. one point lower than the previous closing. After early steadiness, the market fell under October liquidation and foreign selling. Later, some hedging appeared bringing October position down to 8.00.

BOMBAY COTTON Late Trading

Bombay, Sept 9

Broach, to-night opened at Rs. 155-2 but soon after the price declined to Rs. 154. Later, however, the price advanced and closed higher at Rs. 156-6.

NEW YORK COTTON

New York, Sept 9

The following were the opening ranges:—

October (8.07/8.06) 8.06/8.06
December (8.10/8.09) 8.10/8.09
January (8.07/8.07) 8.07/8.07

LIVERPOOL COTTON

Liverpool, Sept 9

American October (4.55) 4.54
American January (4.63) 4.62
Egyptian November (6.59) 6.57
Egyptian January (6.85) 6.83

LONDON COMMODITIES

London, Sept 9

TEAS

Indian Pekoe (0-11 1/2) 0-11 1/2
Indian Pekoe higher (2-7) 2-7
Ceylon Pekoe (1-0 1/2) 1-0 1/2
Ceylon Pekoe higher (1-8) 1-8

JUTE

First Marks C. I. F. Continent New Crop September October (£19 5/16 paid and sellers) £19 1/4 sellers
Dundee September (£22 1/2) £22 1/2
Lightning September (£21) £21

RUBBER

Spot (7 15/16 paid and buyers) 7 7/8 paid and buyers
Forward January March (8 1/8 paid and value) 8 paid and buyers

SEEDS

Castorseed Bombay September October (£10 7/8 sellers) £10 7/8 sellers
Linseed Calcutta September (£11 13/16 sellers) £11 7/8 sellers
Linseed La Plata September (£10 5/8 sellers) £10 1/2 sellers
Groundnuts Coromandal October (£9 15/16 sellers) £10 1/16 sellers

METALS

Tin (£191 7/8 buyers £192 sellers. Very steady) £191 1/2 buyers £192 sellers. Quiet.
Lead (£15 buyers £15 1/8 sellers. Firm) £14 15/16 buyers £15 sellers. Quiet.
Electrolytic Copper (£46 1/2 to £47 1/2) £46 1/2 to £47 1/2
Iron (112) 112

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE

New York, Sept 9

U S Common New Stock (dol 59 3/4) dol 58 5/8
General Motors (dol 48 3/8) dol 47 1/2
Anaconda Copper Mining (dol 34 1/8) dol 33 3/8
U S Steel Preference (dol 113) unquoted.

LIVERPOOL WHEAT

Closing Quotations

London, Sept 9

Liverpool wheat market closed to-day at October 57 7/8

EXCHANGES

CROSS RATES

T. T. New York On London

New York, Sept 9

Previous closing	4.82 15/16
To-day's opening	4.82 1/4
At the time of New York cotton closing	4.82

T. T. LONDON ON NEW YORK

London, Sept 9

Previous closing	4.82.81
To-day's opening	4.82.81
To-day's closing	4.81.93

T. T. LONDON ON PARIS

London, Sept 9

Previous closing	178.31
To-day's opening	178.31
To-day's closing	178.31

LONDON EXCHANGES

London, Sept 9

London exchanges opened with the sterling dollar at 4.82.81 and steadily fell to 4.82.18 on continued lack of support.

Franc against sterling opened at 178.31 and continued very steady with hardly any important change.

CROSS RATES

London on Bombay (1-5 7/8) 1-5 27/32
Paris on Bombay (13.275) 13.283
New York on Bombay (35.99) 36.00
Berlin on Bombay (89 5/8) 89 5/8
London on Milan (91.75) 91.72
London on Shanghai (0-8 1/2 nominal) 0-8 1/2 nominal.
London on Kobe (1-2) 1-2

BULLION

Influx (nil) nil
Withdrawal (nil) nil
Gold (£7-4-1 1/2) £7-4-1
Silver (19 5/16d.) 19 1/4d.

DISCOUNTS

3 months (17/32 to 9/16 per cent) 9/16 to 9/16 per cent
4 months (9/16 to 9/16 per cent) 9/16 to 5/8 per cent
6 months (9/16 to 5/8 per cent) 5/8 to 5/8 per cent

LONDON SILVER CABLE

Bombay, Sept 9

The following cable regarding silver market was received in Bombay to-night:—

"Little general selling. Small business. Market steady."

LONDON SILVER

London, Sept 9

Spot	(19 5/16d) 19 1/4d—1/16
Forward	(19d) 19d nil

LONDON GOLD

London, Sept 9

Gold Bars Fine per ounce (£7-4-1 1/2) £7-4-1

BOMBAY BULLION

Latest Quotations

SILVER

Bombay, Sept 9

Silver ready	50 11 0
Silver Bhadarva	50 9 0
Silver Asho	50 7 6

GOLD

Gold ready	36 6 3
Gold Bhadarva	36 6 6
Gold Asho	36 6 9
Sovereign	23 10 9

LIVERPOOL WHEAT

Liverpool, Sept 9

Liverpool wheat market opened steady with October at 55 1/2 pence and December 55 1/8 pence but thereafter turned quiet with bullish shipments reports offset by overnight easy closing.

CHICAGO WHEAT

Chicago, Sept 9

Chicago wheat opened steady with September at 0.61 7/8. After early steadiness the market gave way under scattered selling by disappointed holders with the price later easing to 0.61 1/8.

WHEAT AND LINSEED

Closing Quotation

Bombay, Sept 9

Wheat September	3 12 3
Wheat January	3 15 3
Wheat May	3 1 6
Linseed September	9 0 0
Linseed May	4 10 3

3½% GOVT. PAPER

Closing Quotations

Bombay, Sept 9

The 3 1/2 per cent Government paper closed finally at Rs. 98-14-6 at 5 p.m.

INDIAN STERLING LOAN

Bombay, Sept 9

The 3 1/2 per cent Indian Sterling Loan closed to-day at £91 3/4.

Closing quotations on the previous days were:—

Wednesday August 31	£93 3/4
Thursday September 1	£93 1/4 Ex Div
Friday September 2	£93
Monday September 5	£92 3/4
Tuesday September 6	£92 1/2
Wednesday September 7	£92 1/4
Thursday September 8	£92 1/4

INDIAN LOANS

London, Sept 9

3-30 p.m.

3 per cent Indian (£99) £99
3 1/2 per cent Indian Stock (£92 1/4) £91 3/4
4 1/2 per cent Indian Stock 1950-55 (£113) £113
4 1/2 per cent Indian 1958-68 (£117) £116 3/4
4 per cent Indian 1949-69 (£107 1/2) £107 1/2
5 per cent Indian 1942-47 (£110 1/8) £110
3 1/2 per cent New Indian 1945-59 (£103 1/2) £103 1/2

AUSTRALIAN LOANS

5 per cent Australian Loan 1945-70 (£105 5/8) £105 5/8

BRITISH FUNDS

2 1/2 per cent Consols (£73 3/4) £73 1/4
3 1/2 per cent Conversion Loan (£101) £100 5/8
4 1/2 per cent Conversion Loan (£104 7/8) £104 7/8
5 per cent Funding Loan (£112 3/4) £112 3/8
3 1/2 per cent War Loan (£101 3/4) £101 3/8
4 per cent Victory Bonds (£110) £109 1/2

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE

London, Sept 9

London stock exchange was dull owing to lack of fresh developments.

Giltedged securities came under the renewed pressure. Indian Stock 3 1/2 falling to £91 3/4 i.e. ten shillings lower than the yesterday's closing.

INDUSTRIALS

Standard Motors (13-0) 13-0
Marks and Spencer Ordinary (57-6) 56-10 1/2
Hydro Electric (dol 4 1/2) dol 4 1/2
Elec Music Industry (11-4 1/2) 10-9
Princhin Johnson (28-1 1/2) 27-4 1/2
Imperial Chemical (30-9) 30-1 1/2
Woolsworth New Ordinary (63-1 1/2) 62-9
San Paulo 7 per cent Coffee Rates 1930 (£25) £25
Dunlop Rubber (27-3) 26-9
Unilever Ordinary (35-9) 35-1 1/2
Ford Motors (17-0) 17-0
Cables and Wireless New Ordinary (£43 1/2) £42
British American Tobacco Ordinary (103-9) 103-9
Carreas A (£7 3/8) £7 3/8
Imperial Tobacco Ordinary (140) 138-1 1/2
P. and O. S N. Company Deferred (20-0) 20
Distillers (96-3) 94-9
Breford Dye (3-10 1/2) 3-7 1/2
British Celanese (3-4 1/2) 3-4 1/2
J and P Coates Ordinary (37-1 1/2) 37-1 1/2
Courtaulds Ordinary (31-0) 31-0
Fine Cotton Spinners (3-3) 2-3
Vickers Limited Ordinary (20-1 1/2) 19-9
Inter Nickels (dol 50 1/2) dol 49 5/8
Indian Iron and Steel Ordinary (46-10 1/2) 46-3

TEA SHARES

Assam Company (18-9) 18-9
Donaro Tea (36-3) 36-3
Empire of India (26-3) 26-3

JUTE SHARES

Barnagore (£8) £8

RUBBER SHARES

Anglo Dutch Rubber (28-1 1/2) 27-7 1/2
Gule Kelampong (23-1 1/2) 22-6
Rubber Plant Inv Trust (29-3) 28-7 1/2

MINING SHARES

Nandydrug (40) 40
Burma Corporation (9-3) 9-3
Rio Tintos (£13) £13-0
East Rand Proprietors (51-10 1/2) 50-7 1/2
Rand Mines (£9 1/4) £9 1/4

MINE SHARES

Crown Mines (£17 3/8) £17 1/4
Associated Portland Cement (77-6) 77-6
Trinidad Leaseholds (96-3) 96-3
Sub Nigel (£11 1/2) £11 3/8
Spring Mines Split Shares (29-4 1/2) 29-4 1/2
Union Corporation (£9 1/8) £9 1/8

OIL SHARES

Venezuela Persian (23-9) 23-9
Anglo Iranian (102-6) 102-6
Burma Oil (90) 90
Mexican Eagle (4-1 1/2) 3-10 1/2
Shell Transport (88-1 1/2) 87-6
Royal Dutch (£37 1/2) £37 1/4

RAILWAY SHARES

Great Western Ordinary (£34 3/4) £34 3/4
London Midland and Scott Ordinary (£13) £13
London North Eastern Def (£2 3/4) £2 3/4
Southern Def (£11 3/4) £11 3/4
London Transport 5 per cent (128 3/4) £127 3/4
London Transport 'C' Stock (£74 3/4) £74 3/4

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE

European Situation Causes Adverse Influence

(SPECIAL CABLE.)

LONDON, Sept. 9.

On the Stock Exchange unsettled European situation adversely influenced all sections and with buyers unwilling to open up fresh commitments the prices generally moved to lower levels. Exceptional however, Petters, manufactures of oil engines rose from 36 to 46/3 following the announcement that John Brown purchased controlling interest.

On foreign exchanges dollar was firmer on renewed continental buying. Among commodities wheat closed firm in response to overseas.

Wall Street opened easy.

CALCUTTA STOCK EXCHANGE

Further Improvement In Jutes

CALCUTTA, Sept. 9.

In the Calcutta share market jutes ruled firm and further improvement was noticed amongst speculative as well as in other investing stock. Business was also put on a large scale.

In coals, equitable was most prominent feature to-day and recorded further advances over the last figures. Other stocks kept more or less unaltered.

Teas were rather dull and inactive. Indian Iron and Steel and other speculative issues opened steady but receded slightly towards the close. Other industrials remained more or less inactive.

Government Securities were steady.

The following weer closing quotations:—

Government Securities 3-1/2 per cent. Government Paper 98/15 four per cent. Loan 1960-70 112-14 five per cent. Loan 1939/44 103-1.

Banks:—Central E 31 Ex Div. Reserve 117.

Cotton:—Muir Mills ord 225.

Coals:—Aldih 4-14; Bengal 332; Bhalgoral 4-13; Burrakur 14-4; Deoli 7-12; Dehmo Main 12-11; East Indian 25-2; Equitable 36-14 Ex Div. Jainty Central 1-15; New Beerbhoom 19; Farasea 1-4; Singaran "A" 1-5 Singaran "B" 1-14.

Jutes:—Anglo-India 303-8; Bally 158; Albion 200; Barnagore 128; Birla 14-12; Clive 21; Dalhousie 309; Delta 360; Howrah 48-13; Hukumchand pref. 80 Ct.; India 270; Kamarhatty 462; Kanknarrah 362; Kahardah 305 small lot; Lansdowne 149; Pref. 117; National 20-6; Nuddea 37-12; Presidency 3-9; Rameshwara 4-12; Reliance 60.

Miscellaneous:—Burma Corporation 6-2; Indian Copper 2-5; Dalmia Cement ord. 9-10; Defd. 3-1; Pref. 90-8; Alkali and Chemical Pref. 114; Hukumchand Steel ord. 8-4; Indian Iron and Steel 33-3; Kumardhubi Engineering 3-5; Steel Corporation ord. 8-5; Pref. 89; Balmerlawrie 266-8 Ct. B. I. Corporation ord. 3-5; Dunlop Rubber ord. 16-2; Great Eastern Hotel 215-8; Steuart and Co., annas thirteen; Orient Paper 7-3; Digwarrah 6-12; Bengal Assam Steamship Pref. 91; India General Navigation ord. 100; Buland 12-4; Carew and Co., pref. 105 Ct. Champaran 14-7; Div. South Behar 20-4.

Debentures:—3 per cent. 1963-68 Calcutta Improvement Trust 96-10; five and three-quarter per cent. Ramnugger and Sugar (2nd Mortgage) 102 six per cent. (1938-50) Shree Radha Krishna Sugar 100-8.—A. P.

KARACHI PRODUCE MARKET

To-day's closing quotations: Sind cotton January 14/5/3; Punjab January 12/8/9; Desi American January 17/5; Steady Wheat September 19/5; October 19/9/6; November 19/15; July 22/-/9; Steady Gram September 25/13; October 25/14; 25/15; July 21/4; Toria September 32/5; November 32/15; February 30/12; Cotton Seed September 15/15/9 January 15/4.

Egyptian Cotton

Liverpool, Sept. 8.

GIZA—

Spot	7.34—u.
October	6.60+2.
November	6.60+2.
January	6.86+2.
March	6.94+2.
May	6.95+4.

UPPERS—

Spot	6.05—s.
October	5.96+6.
November	5.94+b.
January	5.91+b.
March	5.92+b.
May	5.93+b.
July	5.95+6.

LONDON RUBBER

London, Sept. 8.

Smoked sheets standard ribbed per lb. sellers 8

COLABA OBSERVATORY, BOMBAY.

Summary of Meteorological Observations during 24 hours ending 8 a.m. of 9-9-1938.

Change of 8 a.m. barometer in past 24 hours —.011 inches

Temperature (dry bulb) at 8 a.m. 79.8 degrees

Temperature (wet bulb) at 8 a.m. 76.8 degrees

Maximum temperature during 24 hrs 86.7 degrees 1.7 (above normal)

Minimum temperature during 24 hrs 77.2 degrees 1.7 (above normal)

Relative humidity at 8 a.m. 87 per cent.

Direction of wind at 8 a.m. SE

Velocity of wind at 8 a.m. 5 miles per hour.

Total movement of wind in 24 hours 107 miles

Velocity of maximum gust of wind during 24 hours 15 miles per hour

Extent of cloud at 8 a.m. (the whole sky cloudy eq. 10) 8

Rain in 24 hours 0.02 inches

All India Weather

From Our Correspondent.

POONA, Sept. 9.

The following are maximum and minimum temperature and rainfall recorded at Poona Observatory:—

	Max. Temp.	Min. Temp.	Rainfall Past 24 hours	Since June 1	Departure from normal
Agra	99	76	—	17.1	—4.2
Amraoti	89	74	—	34.7	+10.9
Akola	91	74	—	33.1	+10.4
Ahmedabad	92	75	—	19.1	—5.1
Ajmer	93	78	—	8.4	—8.6
Ahmednagar	86	68	—	23.3	+10.1
Ambala	101	76	—	18.3	—2.7
Allahabad	91	81	—	46.6	+16.1
Benares	90	79	0.1	33.1	+2.8
Bareilly	95	80	—	33.5	—0.1
BOMBAY	87	77	T	65.7	+5.7
Bangalore	85	69	T	20.2	+5.6
Bhopal	90	76	—	44.8	
Baroda	93	74	—	32.2	
Belgaum	86	64	—	26.5	—9.0
Bahawalpur	103	79	—	4.7	+0.9
Bijapur	88	71	—	16.9	+7.0
Bellary	92	74	T	13.3	+5.8
Bhavnagar	92	73	—	18.5	+1.5
Chittagong	88	76	0.6	72.0	+4.7
Calcutta	90	80	0.1	26.1	—14.2
Cuttack	92	76	0.1	31.2	—7.3
Cawnpore	94	82	—	47.6	+19.5
Calicut	87	74	—	96.9	+14.6
Colombo	87	79	T	11.1	—6.7
Cheerapunji	75	65	0.7	390.3	+105.0
Cocanada	92	77	0.8	24.5	+6.4
Cochin	83	77	—	56.5	—10.3
Dehra Dun	88	73	T	76.7	+8.5
Delhi	102	80	—	8.5	—11.1
Dehra I. Khan	104	74	—	2.0	—3.0
Darjeeling	63	57	0.2	100.1	+6.3
Desa	90	73	—	19.5	—2.0
Dalhousie	—	—	—	46.9	—6.9
Fort Sandeman	92	66	—	3.8	—1.8
Gorakhpur	87	78	1.3	50.8	+13.7
Hyderabad (Dn.)	85	68	0.3	20.6	+0.9
Hyderabad (Sind)	97	77	—	3.6	—2.0
Indore	87	71	—	41.7	+16.2
Jhansi	94	79	—	34.2	+4.8
Jubbulpore	87	77	—	50.5	+5.6
Jacobabad	102	83	—	1.0	—1.2
Jaipur	98	76	—	11.3	—8.6
Karwar	83	74	—	82.1	—18.9
Karachi	84	76	—	4.3	—1.4
Kodaikanal	63	54	0.3	20.1	+2.0
Khandwa	92	75	—	30.0	+7.5
Lucknow	93	80	—	53.9	+24.1
Ludhiana	104	77	—	8.0	—11.5
Lahore	103	76	—	7.0	—6.8
Lyallpur	102	81	—	5.7	—4.4
Multan	101	79	—	3.0	—1.8
Mysore	87	69	—	10.8	—0.1
Madras	93	73	1.4	10.8	—1.2
Maymyo	—	—	—	—	—
Marmagoa	83	75	—	67.1	—
Malegaon	84	—	—	12.6	—1.2
Mussoorie	69	59	0.6	54.5	—10.1
Mahableshwar	70	59	0.2	233.5	—5.8
Murree	75	58	—	39.5	+7.0
Mount Abu	73	63	—	38.1	—14.9
Masulipatam	92	75	1.5	21.1	+0.9
Mandalay	95	80	—	10.4	—4.2
Mangalore	85	75	—	107.7	+7.4
Meerut	—	—	—	16.1	—7.3
Mercara	74	62	—	105.0	+8.1
Nagpur	91	73	0.3	47.7	+10.3
Ootacamund	67	53	0.6	21.3	—1.6
Patna	89	80	0.3	47.4	+11.2
Peshawar	98	72	—	3.4	—0.7
Poona	86	67	—	16.5	—0.2
Pachmarhi	79	69	—	69.8	+8.4
Port Blair	84	77	0.1	61.9	+8.1
Quetta	64	47	—	1.0	—
Ranchi	87	71	2.6	35.2	—4.9
Rawalpindi	99	69	—	33.0	+12.3
Rangoon	85	77	0.1	64.6	+0.5
Ratnagiri	84	74	—	101.6	+15.3
Rajkot	92	70	—	18.6	—3.5
Sialkot	99	78	—	27.6	+7.0
Srinagar	85	52	—	6.4	—0.2
Sholapur	91	73	T	28.5	+12.7
Shillong	75	61	0.1	53.2	+5.1
Simla	70	59	—	40.7	—3.5
Surat	90	76	—	35.3	+0.9
Salem	90	75	—	21.5	+5.7
Trichinopoly	95	76	T	11.4	+0.1
Trivandrum	87	77	—	23.3	+2.9
Vizagapatam	83	79	T	18.5	+2.2

T indicates rainfall of 1 to 4 cents.

ALL-INDIA WEATHER REPORT

POONA, Sept. 9.

Rainfall has been nearly general in Assam, Chota Nagpur, East Central Provinces, South Hyderabad and local in Bengal, Bihar, East United Provinces, United Provinces hills, North Hyderabad, Madras Deccan and North Madras coast. A few falls are reported in Orissa, West Central Provinces and south-east Madras.

The chief amounts of rainfall are: Silchar four inches; Ranchi three; Vellore two; Gorakhpur, Nizamabad, Madras and Masulipatam one and half; Saugor Island and Gulbarga one.

Forecast until evening of tenth: Rainfall will be nearly general in Assam, Bihar and Chota Nagpur and local in Bengal, east United Provinces, east Central Provinces, the Konkan, the eastern half of the peninsula while a few falls are expected in Orissa, west United Provinces and in the rest of the central parts of the country and the peninsula.—A. P.

OFFICIAL BAROMETER READING DATED 9-9-38.

At 8-7 a.m. local time (8-46 a.m. Indian Standard Time) and temperature 82.4 deg F., a mercury barometer without index error at mean sea level would actually read 30.03 inches and a compensated aneroid 29.83 inches.

For correction of ships' instruments please subtract from the above official barometer reading 0.001" for every foot of elevation of the instrument above mean sea level.

Total rainfall during the month 1.60 inches

Total rainfall during the year 66.96 inches

Weather remark: Rain

SHIPPING NEWS

ARRIVED

Bombay, Sept 9

L Triestino ss India of 4782 reg tons Captain G Castiglione arrived from Genoa, via Italian Ports, Port Said, Suez and Massowa with sulphur and general cargo.

B I S N ss Gharinda of 3212 reg tons Captain L E Heath arrived from Bassein via Galle, Colombo, Tuticorin, Cochin and Calicut with general cargo.

L Triestino ss Paolina of 4894 reg tons, Captain G Boers arrived from Trieste via Italian Ports, Port Said, Suez and Aden with general cargo.

SAILED

Anchor Line ss Britannia of 5276 reg tons, Captain J Duncan sailed for Marseilles and Liverpool via Port Said with passengers and local cargo.

L Edwards ss Wartenfels of 3766 reg tons, Captain A Schmidt sailed for Port Said, Antwerp, Rotterdam, Hamburg and Bremen with passengers local and same bottom cargo.

L Edwards ss Canton of 3432 reg tons, Captain G Torsell sailed for Madras, Calcutta and Rangoon with local and same bottom cargo.

LOADING

The following vessels booked for loading on 9-9-38.

S S Sutherland (L E) for Europe and American Ports via Karachi and Marmagoa.

S S Werdenfels (L E) for Europe and American Ports via Marmagoa, Karachi, Verawal, Cochin Calicut.

S S Golconda (M [illegible] Mangalore, Cannanore, Cochin, Beypore, Narrakal and Malabar Coast [illegible].

STEAMERS IN DOCKS

ALEXANDRA DOCK

Bombay, Sept 9

5 Canton 3432 Madras 10-9 L Edwards
7 Britannia 5276 Liverpool 9-9 Anchor Line
13 Tairea 3756 Durban 14-9 M M
15 Wardenfels 3766 Antwerp 10-9 L Edwards Ltd

VICTORIA DOCK

7 Gharinda 3212 N F N F M M
8 Unicoi 3667 Colombo 10-9 L Edwards
12/13 Nirvana 3765 Karachi 10-9 M M

PRINCE'S DOCK

A Hashemi 298 M Coast NF S Hassum
B Nawab 3424 Rangoon 10-9 T Morrison Ltd.
K Rahamani 3291 NF NF T Morrison
M Vita 1955 N F N F M M

Steamers Expected

FROM LONDON

Strathallan 6-10-38 P and O S N
Burdwan 10-9-38 P and O S N
Viceroy of India 12-9-38 P and O S N
Lanchi 15-9-38 P and O S N
Stratheden 22-9-38 P and O S N
Strathnaver 25-9-38 P and O S N
Ranpura 29-9-38 P and O S N

FROM HULL

City of Kobe 13-9-38 J Finlay

FROM LIVERPOOL

Circassia 8-9-38 Anchor Line
City of Batavia 11-9-38 K Nixon

FROM HAMBURG

Braunfels 28-9-38 L Edwards
Kandelfels 14-9-38 L Edwards

FROM GOTHENBURG

Teneriffa 17-9-38 L Edwards

FROM NEW YORK

Silverbeech 10-9-38 Volkart Bros.

FROM TRIESTE

Pavlina 9-9-38 L Triestino
Conte Verde 12-9-38 L Triestino

FROM CHINA AND JAPAN

Hakusan Maru 10-9-38 N Y Kaisha
Conte Rosso 13-9-38 L Triestino
Naldera 3-9-38 P and O S N
London Maru 23-9-38 O S Kaisha
Awata Maru 27-9-38 N Y Kaisya
Victoria 28-9-38 L Triestino
Tokushima Maru 30-9-38 N Y Kaisya

FROM BASRA

Barala 15-9-38 M M
Vasna 17-9-38 M M
Sumatra 12-9-38 L Triestino

FROM SYDNEY

Mooltan 10-9-38 P and O S N
Strathaird 24-9-38 P and O S N

FROM DURBAN

Kenya 17-9-38 M M
Takliwa 1-10-38 M M

FROM JEDDAH

Jehangir 12-9-38 T Morrison

FROM MOULMEIN

Itinda 16-9-38 M M

FROM RANGOON

Jalajyoti 15-9-38 Scindia S N

FROM CALCUTTA

Binfield 10-9-38 M M
Elephanta 11-9-38 M M

FROM KARACHI

Mirzapore 16-9-38 P and O S N

Sailing Dates

FOR LONDON

Strathnaver 1-10-38 P and O S N
Mooltan 10-9-38 P and O S N
Hakusan Maru 11-9-38 N Y Kaisya
Viceroy of India 17-9-38 P and O S N
Warfield 28-9-38 M M
Strathaird 24-9-38 P and O S N

FOR LIVERPOOL

Circassia 23-9-38 Anchor Line
City of Canterbury 10-9-38 K Nixon

FOR HAMBURG

Wartenfels 12-9-38 L Edwards

FOR NEW YORK

Silverbeech 13-9-38 Volkart Bros.

FOR TRIESTE

Conte Rosso 13-9-38 L Triestino
Sumatra 14-9-38 L Triestino

FOR GENOA

Victoria 28-9-38 L Triestino

FOR CHINA AND JAPAN

Tango Maru 14-9-38 N Y Kaisha
Conte Verde 12-9-38 L Triestino
Hakone Maru 13-9-38 N Y Kaisya
Ranchi 15-9-38 P and O S N
Awata Maru 29-9-38 N Y Kaisya
Cartellezo 13-9-38 L Triestino
Ranpura 29-9-38 P and O S N
Burdwan 13-9-38 P and O S N
Mirzapore 21-9-38 P and O S N

FOR SYDNEY

Strathallan 6-10-38 P and O S N
Stratheden 22-9-38 P and O S N

FOR BASRA

Bamora 14-9-38 M M
Varela 15-9-38 M M

FOR DURBAN

Kenya 28-9-38 M M
Tairea 14-9-38 M M

FOR JEDDAH

Jehangir 19-9-38 T Morrison

FOR RANGOON

Nawab 10-9-38 T Morrison

FOR KARACHI

Werdenfels 12-9-38 L Edwards
Vita 17-9-38 M M
Elephanta 12-9-38 M M

B.P.T. GENERAL LANDING DATES

S S Halizones 7-9-38
S S Haideri 8-9-38
S S Irravadi 8-9-38
S S Dayavati 8-9-38

EXPORTS

S S Hakone Maru for Kobe: 300 bs raw cotton L Ramji; 200 bales raw cotton M A.mersey; 450 bales raw cotton S R Tulshan; 100 bales raw cotton Sassoon J David; 100 bales raw cotton C Jethabhai; 100 bales raw cotton H Nensey; 100 bales raw cotton The Swastika G Trading; 100 bales raw cotton N Manilal; 800 bales raw cotton N Nagshi; 150 bales raw cotton A Clayton; 60 bales raw cotton B Gangadhar; 45 bales raw cotton B Harakchand; 120 bales raw cotton V Ladha; 137 bales raw cotton G Dossa; 500 bales raw cotton Japan Ctn Trading; 300 bales raw cotton A Podar; 200 bales raw cotton V Ladha.

For Osaka: 500 bales raw cotton Japan Ctn Trading; 100 bales raw cotton The Cotton Agents,

S S Silver Beach for Pto Champerico de Guatemala: 10 bales ctn grey yarn A Virji.

S S Tango Maru for Yokohama: 110 tons old iron scrap C Nanalal.

For Osaka: 100 bales raw cotton A Podar; 200 bales raw cotton The Cotton Agents; 145 tons old steel scrap A Popatlal; 200 bales raw cotton Langley.

For Kobe: 301 bales raw cotton V Ladha; 483 bales raw cotton Langley; 351 bales raw cotton L Ramji; 400 bales raw cotton M Amersey; 100 bales raw cotton V Ladha; 100 bales raw cotton Sassoon J David; 100 bales raw cotton N Manilal; 100 bales raw cotton H Nensey; 200 bales raw cotton A Clayton; 250 bales raw cotton G Dossa; 700 bales raw cotton A Podar.

S S Burdwan for Hongkong: 50 bales ctn grey yarn D Sassoon; 209 bales ctn grey yarn J Jivan.

For Yokohama: 170 bales raw cotton Kotak.

For Kobe: 100 bales raw cotton A Clayton; 349 bales raw cotton L Ramji; 100 bales raw cotton Nissho Co; 150 bs raw cotton S R Tulshan; 100 bales raw cotton Kotak; 300 bales raw cotton A Podar; 100 bales raw cotton G Dossa; 100 bales raw cotton Pehlavi Cotton; 250 bales raw cotton N Futehally; 400 bales raw cotton Ralli Bros; 200 bales raw cotton V Ladha; 500 bales raw cotton N Nagshi.

For Shanghai: 1000 bales raw cotton V Morarji.

S S Wartenfels for Hamburg: 100 bs cotton waste M Chandulal; 161 bales cotton waste clean M Chandulal; 1020 bags groundnuts S M Rajgor.

For Antwerp: 70 bales ctn waste clean M Chandulal; 11 cases scarp films Empire Smelting.

IMPORTS

S S Rajputana Agents M Mackenzie and Co from London: 33 pkgs photo material cinema film etc.; 54 cases cigarettes; 39 cases gripe water; 291 cases whisky; 56 cases bacon; 80 cases provision; 50 bags toilet soap.

From Marseilles: 39 cases medicines; 50 cases gum; 107 cases mineral water; 100 bags shelled almonds; 60 cases vermouth; 100 kags leadore.

From Bordeaux: 209 cases brandy.

From Charente: 142 cases brandy;

From Paris: 153 cases medicines.

From Gothenburg: 109 cases wall bracket castings.

From Basle: 36 brls aniline colour.

S S Warfield Agents M Mackenzie and Co from London: 52 cases cardboard cartons; 44 cases confectionery; 198 cases boot polish; 200 bales old newspaper; 233 cases medicines; 106 cases glucose D; 100 cases enos fruit salt; 40 bags zinc oxide; 67 cases installation complete with receivers; 61 cases elect passenger lifts; 54 cases oil varnish; 3608 drums portland cement; 71 drums lubg oil; 54 cases biscuits; 680 cases oil stores, vinegar, lime water, juice, provision etc.; 135 pcs service boxes; 50 cases halls wine; 50 cases wine glasses; 113 cases sausages in tins; 572 cases gin; 83 cases whisky; 65 cases cigaretes; 2073 bundles tyres and tubes; 100 cases ovaltine; 50 cases cond milk; 100 cases rolled oats; 300 zinc plates; 40 boxes pitch; 42 cases castor oil; 275 cases dry distemper; 44 rolls floor cloth; 780 d/s paint; 97 cases paper; 102 cases cider; 165 bundles preserves beans.

From Middlesbrough: 515 loose m s plates; 79 loose m s bars; 70 drums soda nitrate; 50 cases iron rivets.

From Rotterdam: 486 pcs rails; 49 bundles fish plates; 32 cases cotton yarns.

From Dunkirk: 200 cases lump starch crescent.

From Antwerp: 853 bundles m s circles; 260 cases skimmed milk; 120 cases cond milk; 50 bags sodium starch 379 bales strawboards; 200 pkgs chicory; 105 pcs marble; 250 pcs line sheets; 100 casks hydrosulphite of sodium; 160 bdls stl tubes; 130 cases iron rievts; 65 bales paper.

From Amsterdam: 165 cases beer.

From Bordeaux: 272 cases cognac; 192 cases brandy.

S S Singapore Maru Agents M B Kaisha from Moji: 700 bales strawboards; 50 drums carbide of calcium; 265 bags empty glass bottles; 50 cases cud sardine.

From Colombo: 7016 bags copra.

From Yokohama: 750 cases beer; 250 bales cotton yarn.

Cotton Arrivals

Receipts into Bombay on 4th/7th Sept	4,888
Receipts into Bombay to date since 1-9-1938	10,231
Receipts into Bombay same time last season	2,237
Increase	7,994

KHOJA SHIA ISHNA ASHRI JAMAT

The fourth meeting of the current year of the above Institution will be held on the 11th instant at 10 a.m. (B. T.) in the Musjid premises at (Palagally) Samuel Street.

Absence Of New Business On Renewal Of Nervousness Over Foreign Situation

BUREAU REPORT AS ABOUT EXPECTED

Crop Movement To Influence Price Course

BOMBAY: September 9.

AS ANTICIPATED THE SECOND BUREAU REPORT INDICATING A CROP OF 11,825,000 BALES AND FAILED TO HAVE ANY EFFECT ON NEW YORK COTTON PRICES.

THE OFFICIAL FIGURES WERE AS UNDER:—

CROP 11,825,000 BALES; CONDITION 65 PER CENT.; YIELD PER ACRE 214,1LBS.; AREA FOR HARVEST 20,149,000 ACRES; ABANDONMENT 1.7 PER CENT. GINNINGS 1,332,000 BALES.

The Bureau report was considered to have too little change to have a pronounced immediate influence on the New York cotton market but it was generally looked on as encouraging. New Business however was checked by renewed nervousness over the foreign situation.

GOVERNMENT COMMENT.

"Probably weevil losses are now expected to be about the ten-year average and considerably above 1937. The reduction in yield owing to weevil is the greatest ever in Virginia, above the average in the Carolinas and Georgia, about the average in the Central Belt and below the average in Texas and Oklahoma but above 1937 everywhere.

It is significant that the infestation of leafworm occurred much earlier than usual in the Central and Western states and both leafworms and Bollworms are particularly active in Texas."

NEW YORK MARKET.

The market opened steady and then turned feverish early in the session but later prices rallied on the report from Washington quoting that the Agricultural Bureau report stating that the crop has been severely damaged by weevils and other insects. There was some hesitation after the publication of the Bureau but prices hardened on improved demand partially foreign and absence of more than moderate liquidation and hedge selling. finally local liquidation appeared and the market closed steady.

At the opening October was quoted one point up at 8.07 and prices declined to 8.05 which was the lowest level. Later on prices improved on better demand and October was quoted 8.12 which was the highest level. The market again reacted and closed at a rise of one point to a decline of two points. Spot cotton prices advanced one point at 8.18c. per lb.

NEW ORLEANS MARKET.

The New Orleans cotton futures market was quiet and closed unchanged to 4 points down. Spot cotton prices closed unchanged at 8.12c. per lb.

LIVERPOOL MARKET.

The Liverpool cotton market opened at a rise of 2 points with October 4.55. There was nervous covering on unfavourable European situation which absorbed hedging of outsiders. Trading was confined to pre-Bureau covering up. Later on the report being slightly lower than expectation, there was scattered support which met American straddle selling. The market closed at a rise of 5 to 3 points. Middling American Spot cotton prices advanced 3 points at 4.72d. per lb.

EGYPTIAN COTTON.

Egyptian cotton market was steady. Giza futures closed 2 to 9 points and Uppers advanced 6 points. The Alexandria market was steady with a limited business. Sakels futures closed 3 to 6 points higher and Ashmouni futures advanced 2 to 6 points.

PRIVATE CABLES.

N. Y. October Highest (12-38 p.m.)	8.12+06
N. Y. October Lowest (10-23 a.m.)	8.05—01
Liverpool October Highest	4.58+05
Liverpool October Lowest	4.54+01

Messrs. Chunilal Mehta and Co., Ltd. have received to-day the following cable information from their Foreign Friends:—

Liverpool:—The Bureau figures are somewhat below expectations. Our opinion is that the market will not go much higher at present owing to hedge selling and unfavourable condition of trade. Market feels the want of outside support.

Liverpool.—Bureau slightly below general expectations and suggests improbability any material decline in prices below loan level. On the other hand supply position too unfavourable to stimulate bull speculation without change for better in the world economic and political conditions.

New York.—Market turned easier owing to increased liquidation and hedge selling. Government Agricultural Bureau's weekly weather report mixed. Government Report estimates crop 1,18,25,000. Crop movement may cause further decline but advise buying. Material advance expected later on. Cotton goods market—yarn market—quiet and steady.

New York.—Crop report about as expected. Confident ultimate effect of loan is bullish.

Messrs. Bishwambharlal Maheshwari have received to-day the following cable information from their Foreign Friends:—

Liverpool:—

Bureau slightly less than expected don't expect much change prices but should have steadying effect.

Bureau figures intensified stalemate do not expect any major fluctuations except through outside factors.

New York:—

Agricultural Department repurt is about as expected Market sensitive to international money market and is controlled largely by foreign exchange quotations have a fair opinion of the market would be inclined to buy moderately on dips.

Bureau speculatively neutral stop possibility moderate amount favourably located premium cotton be sold particularly account delay distribution loan papers doubt material decline expect progressive tightening later.

U. S. Bureau report crop 1,18,25,000 bales Average condition 65 per cent report is about as expected are not inclined to change our opinion.

Messrs. Devkaran Nanjee have received the following telegrams from their foreign friends.—

Liverpool:—1 "The figure are somewhat below expectations. Our opinion is that the market will not go much higher at present owing to hedge selling, unfavourable condition of trade. Market feels the want of outside support."

2 "Bureau colourless. Think prices low much. Expect quiet condition until political situation clearer."

New York:—1 "Agricultural department emphasise Boll Weevil doing damage. European uncertainty restricting enterprise. Small business in dry goods. Think that approaching bottom."

2 "Department of Agriculture reports Weevil damage becoming serious particularly top crop. Hedge sales substantially reduced after publication of the Bureau report."

3 "Government report no encouragement to speculators. Expect smaller crop estimates.'

4 "Prefer buying near months only. Expect a further decline."

5 "Bureau stand off. Would buy declines only."

LANCASHIRE TRADE

An already quiet market has been slowed down further by fluctuating cotton values. Buyers see nothing in the present situation to cause them to fear that prices will go against them to any material extent and are not disposed to purchase more than is necessary to satisfy urgent needs. The market is being scoured for cheap sellers, and these are not difficult to find at a time when approximately half the looms in the industry are idle. The volume of actual business is so small that quotations have to be keen to secure orders, and it is safe to say that, with few exceptions, selling prices are either down to, or below, bare costs of production.

SMALL TURNOVER.

Turnover for India has been extremely small. Some of the big shippers have described it as the poorest week of the year. Minor miscellaneous parcels are all that have been booked for the smaller markets of the Far East. Recent disturbances in Rangoon have virtually dried up demand from that market.

Occasional transactions in split printers and poplins for South America and in heavy printing cloth for West Africa have been fairly substantial, but the general demand from these markets has been scrappy. Egypt has placed one or two moderate contracts for tanjibs, but no vigorous buying is likely until the tariff question has been settled. What little Continental business has been available has come chiefly from Scandinavia, and buying for the home trade and the Dominions has been done very cautiously.

YARNS DULL

Spinners have had another dull week, both as regards American and Egyptian yarns. Some uneasiness has been caused by Tuesday's reduction of nearly 1d. per pound (15/16th's) in yarns covered by the 56's American weft agreement. This was necessitated by cuts in the prices of qualities spun down from 66's which are unprotected, and which had disturbed the parity. Fears were entertained that the prices of other American yarns covered by agreements might be affected, but these should be allayed by the official declaration that that will not happen. —"M.G.C."

Weather Over U. S. Cotton Belt

Eastern:—Generally fair to partly cloudy. Local showers Charleston (South Carolina) 0.07 inches.

Central:—Generally fair to partly cloudy.

Western:—Generally fair to partly cloudy. Local showers. San Antonio (Texas) 0.06 inches.

FORECAST.

Eastern:—Scattered showers.

Central:—Partly cloudy. Local showers.

Western:—Partly cloudy. East Texas thunder showers near the coast.

NEW YORK COTTON.

New York, Sept. 8.

October	8.07+01
December	8.11
January	8.08—07
March	8.08
May	8.07—01
July	8.07+01
Middling Spot	8.19+01

NEW ORLEANS COTTON

New York, Sept. 8.

October	8.17
December	8.20—02
January	8.18—19
Middling spot	8.12
11 a.m. Ranges—	
October	8.10/8.10
December	8.13/8.13
January	8.11/8.11
Noon Call—	
October	8.06
December	8.10

NEW YORK COTTON DAILY STATISTICS

New York, Sept. 8.

	Bales.
Day's receipts to U.S. Ports	31,000
Day's exports to Great Britain	3,000
Day's exports to the Continent	10,000
Day's exports to China and Japan	1,000

BOMBAY COTTON

Bombay, Sept. 9.

Following a rise of one point in New York cotton futures, the local market opened to-day at Rs. 155/6 for Broach A/M. delivery and declined to Rs. 154/8 on narrow long liquidation owing to European political situation. Later on there was scattered covering and prices rallied to Rs. 154/12. The tone of the market was quiet.

Liverpool market opened at a decline of 3 to 4 points against expected decline of one point. The local market was quiet with Broach A/M. quoted at Rs. 154/8 and buyers were hesitating. The market closed at 5 p.m. as under:—

F.G.M.G.—			
Broach April/May	Rs.	155	0 0
Fine M.G.—			
Oomra Dec/Jan		138	8 0
F.G.M.G.—			
Bengal Dec/Jan.		116	14 0

Osaka Sampin

Osaka, Sept. 9.

September	199.00—30.
November	199.70.
December	199.00—10.
January	199.00—20.
March	199.70—20.

Osaka Cotton

Osaka, Sept. 9.

November	51.00
December	51.20

Cotton Straddles

APPROXIMATE DIFFERENCES

New York—Liverpool:—

Oct. 111 Dec. 119 Jan. 128 March 134 May 139 July 141 at Cross Rate 4.82 15/16.

Bombay—Liverpool:—

Broach A/M. 1939 156—Liverpool May 1939 4.70 Rs. 48 3/4 at Exchange 1/6.

Bombay—New York:—

Broach A/M. 1939 156—New York May 8.07 Rs. 29 3/4 at Cross Rate 4.82 15/16.

Ready Cotton Quotations

Bombay, Sept 9

Bengal Superfine	122/24	
Bengal Fine	119/20	+5 +4
Bengal F G	113/17	
C P 1	143/44	+12 +10
C P 2	139/40	+6 +5
Arvi	140/41	
Amraoti	137/41	
Ellichpur	139/41	
Berar	138/40	+4 +1
Khandesh	131/35	—2 —5
Jalna Sailu	133/37	
Burwah Sanavad	138/40	
Khandwa	138/40	
Harda Khirkiya	138/40	
Mathia	122/24	
Malkapur	13 /37	
Broach	143/45	
Punjab 4 F	170/75	
Punjab 289 F	187/92	
Sindh N T	175/80	Ap./M
Kampala	263/65	+130
Jinja	250/55	
Navsari	203/05	
New Manza	249/50	

Indian Cotton Figures

Bombay, Sept 9

RECEIPTS INTO BOMBAY

In full-pressed bales	Yesterday	This year Since 1st Sept	Last year
Khandesh	54	54	
Central India	86	3,428	
Barsi and Nagar		106	1
Berar		978	
Central Provinces		727	
Total Oomras	140	5,293	1
Dholera		1,670	373
N W Provinces		2	
Rajputana		123	
Sind Punjab	53	469	660
Broach		463	137
Coompta & Dharwar	103	341	920
Westerns-Northerns		557	82
Cocoanada			6
Tinnevelly & Cambodia	198	278	114
Egyptian African and Sudan		1,529	204
Total	494	10,725	2,497

Exports From Bombay

1st Sept.

In full-pressed bales	Yesterday	This year	Last year
Europe	520	260	
Japan and China	8,150		
Up-country by Rail			1,472
Afloat in harbour for Europe China and Japan			6,2o4
Total	8,670	260	7,666

American Cotton Figures

	1938-39	1937-38
F P Bales		
Receipts to date 8-9-38	539000	1026000
Receipts yesterday 8-9-38	31000	44000
Exports to date 8-9-38	351000	357000
Stock at Ports 2-9-38	2464000	1582000
Stock at Interior Towns 2-9-38	1947000	835000
Stock at Liverpool 2-9-38	1163000	702000
Visible Supply 2-9-38	5652000	3298000
Quantity in sight 2-9-38	690000	1138000
Quantity out of sight 2-9-38	657000	711000

LIVERPOOL COTTON

Liverpool, Sept. 8.

September	4.54+04
October	4.57+04
November	4.60+04
December	4.63+05
January	4.66+05
February	4.67+05
March	4.69+05
April	4.70+05
May	4.71+04
June	4.71+03
July	4.72+03
August	4.72
September	4.72
Middling Spot	4.72+03
10-12 a.m. quotations.	
October	4.66
January	4.64

NEW YORK COFFEE

New York, Sept. 8.

Fair Rio Coffee No 7 quality	5 1/2
Spelter hard (Indian Brand) F.O.B.	13 1/4 to 14 1/2

GOLD AND SILVER

Bombay, Sept. 9.

Yesterday London gold prices advanced 1/2d. to £7-4-1 1/2. London Paris Exchange rate was unchanged and dollar sterling cross rate was 4.82 15/16. London silver prices advanced 1/16d. to 19 5/16d. India bought spot American trade bought spot and offerings were small. New York silver was unchanged at 42 3/4 cents and Montreal silver prices were also unchanged. Shanghai T. T. on London was quoted 0.8 7/16. The local market was quiet but steady with a moderate turnover and prices fluctuated within a narrow range.

GOLD

Ready		36	6 6
Bhadarva		36	7 0
Ashwin delivery		36	7 3
Ashwin Teji-mandi		0	7 0

SILVER

Ready		50	11 0
Bhadarva		50	10 0
Ashwin delivery		50	8 6
Ashwin Teji-mandi		0	15 0

LONDON SILVER

London, Sept. 8.

Spot	19 5/16
Forward	19

LONDON GOLD

London, Sept. 8.

Gold bars fine per oz	£7-4-1 1/2

Montreal Silver

Montreal, Sept. 8.

September	42.00
December	40.50

New York Silver

New York, Sept. 8.

Spot	42 3/4 cents

Groundnuts Coromandel Shelled

London, Sept. 8.

October	£10-1-3.
November	£10-0-0.

Groundnuts And Seeds

Bombay, Sept 9

Castorseeds Sept—			
Opening	28	7	0
Highest	28	8	0
Lowest	28	7	0
Closing	28	8	0
Castorseeds May—			
Opening	27	9	0
Highest	27	11	0
Lowest	27	9	0
Closing	27	10	0
Groundnuts Feb—			
Opening	27	1	0
Highest	27	7	0
Lowest	26	15	0
Closing	27	6	9
Cottonseed Sept—			
Opening	19	0	0
Highest	19	5	0
Lowest	19	0	0
Closing	19	4	6
Cottonseed January—			
Opening	18	8	0
Highest	18	8	0
Lowest	18	6	0
Closing	18	7	6

LONDON METALS

London, Sept. 8.

Copper	£41 10 0
Lead	£15 10 0
Spelter	£13 15 0
Tin	£192 15 0

Bombay Metals

Bomaby, Sept. 9.

London Market—	
Standard copper cash (buyers)	£41-5-0
Standard copper 3 months	£41-12-6
Electrolytic copper	£47-10-0
Bombay Market—	
Yellow metal sheets	Rs. 39-0-0
Copper sheets	Rs. 48-4-0

Tone:—Firm.

Bombay Sugar

Bomaby, Sept. 9.

Ready Javas Rs. 15-4.
Shipment Oct.-Dec. Rs. 5-8.
Shipment Jan.-March Rs. 5-9-6.
Kesar Rs. 13-15.
Saraya Rs. 13-13.
Java Spot F 5.95.

LONDON SUGAR

London, Sept. 8.

December	5s. 5 1/2d

New York Sugar

New York, Sept. 8.

March	1.99.
May	.02.
July	2.06.

Wheat Liverpool

Liverpool, Sept. 8.

October	56 1/2d.
December	55 1/8d.
March	55 1/8d.

Chicago Wheat

Chicago, Sept. 8.

September	dol 0.60 1/2.
December	dol 0.61 3/8.
May	dol 0.63

Produce Receipts

Bombay, Sept. 9.

Wheat	3,335 cwts.
Linseed	95,439 cwts.
Rape, Rai and Mustardseeds	12 cwts.
Gingellyseed	400 cwts.
Groundnuts	4,956 cwts.
Castorseed	232 cwts.
Rice	25,252 cwts.
Myrabollams	3,930 cwts.
Cottonseed	1,166 cwts.
Mcwraseed	57 cwts.
Gram	2,434 cwts.
Joowar	317 cwts.
Maize	29 cwts.
Barley	398 cwts.
Bajree	341 cwts.
Indian Sugar	13,178 cwts.

LONDON PRODUCE

London, Sept. 8.

Wheat Rozario Santa Fe parcels Sept. sellers	2 4/6
Wheat Barletta Russo parcels Sept. sellers	24/7 1/2
Wheat South Australian parcels Sept. sellers	24/9

GOVT. SECURITIES

Bombay, Sept. 9.

3 1/2 per cent G P Notes (Cash)	99/1
2 3/4 per cent 1948/52 Loan	100/8
3 per cent 1951/54 Loan	102/12
3 per cent 1941 Bonds	103/4
3 per cent 1963/65	98/4
3 1/2 per cent 1947/50 Loan	106/8
4 per cent 1943 Bonds	108/10
4 per cent 1960/70 Loan	112/12
4 1/2 per cent 1955/60 Loan	119/8
3 per cent U.P. Bonds	97/8
5 per cent 1939/44 Loan	103/3
5 per cent 1940/42 Loan	106/11
5 1/2 per cent 1938/40 Loan	100/3

TAX FREES

5 per cent 1945/55 Loan	117/13
4 per cent 1953/63 Mysore	112/8
5 per cent 1955 Mysore	124/4
5 1/2 per cent 1938 Mysore	101/2

CORPORATION DEBENTURES

4 per cent 1974 B P T	111
4 per cent 1974 M Deb	110
5 per cent 1959 M Deb	119
6 per cent 1954 M Deb	131

Tone. Newly floated Madras loan is well talked in the market.

MONEY MARKET

Bombay, Sept. 9.

B C RATES—

T T D D 1/5 13/16

LONDON—

Bank's selling T T D D 1/5 13/16
Bank's buying T T 1/5 29/32
Bank's buying D D 1/5 15/16
Bank's buying 3 months 1/6 to Nov. 1/6 1/32 Dec-March.

NEW YORK—

Bank's selling T T 279 1/2
Bank's buying T T 277

PARIS—

Bank's selling T T 1,312
Bank's buying T T 1,340

JAPAN—

Bank's selling T T 78 3/4
Bank's buying T T 77 7/8
Bank's buying 60 days 77

AMSTERDAM—

Bank's selling D D 66

JAVA—

Bank's selling D D 65 7/8

HONGKONG—

Bank's selling D D 85 5/8

SHANGHAI—

Bank's selling D D 49 1/2

SINGAPORE—

Bank's selling D D 157 1/4

BERLIN—

Bank's selling D D 88 1/2

CROSS RATE—

New York/London 4.82.93 8th inst.
Japan/London 1/2 1/64 9th inst.
Hongkong/London 1/3 9th inst.
Shanghai/London 0/8 7/16 9th inst.
Java/London 8.91 5/8 9th inst.
London/Paris 178.31 8th inst.
London/Belgium 28.65 1/2 8th inst.
London/Switzerland 21.31 1/8 8th inst.
London/Berlin 12.04 8th inst.
London/Stockholm 19.39 5/8 8th inst.
London/New York 4.82.81 8th inst.
London/Amsterdam 8.92 5/8 8th inst.
London/Italy 91.72 8th inst.
Tone of Sterling Exchange:—Uncertain.
Gold £7-4-1 7th inst.
Gold £7-4-1 1/2 8th inst.
Silver London Ready 19 1/4 7th inst.
Silver London Ready 19 5/16 8th inst.
Silver London Forward 19 7th inst.
Silver London Forward 19 8th inst.
Silver New York Ready 43 7th inst.
Silver New York Ready 43 8th inst.
London Discounts 3 months 17/32 per cent 7th inst.
London Discounts 3 months 17/32 per cent 8th inst.
London Discounts 6 months 5/8 per cent 7th inst.
London Discounts 6 months 5/8 per cent 8th inst.
Reserve Bank Rate 3 per cent.
Bank of England Rate 2 per cent.

Money:—

Call 1/4 per cent.
3 months 3/4 per cent.
6 months 1 1/4 per cent.

Tone:—Easy.

INDIAN STERLING LOANS

London, Sept. 8.

Call Loan London	1/2
3 per cent	79
3 1/2 per cent	92 1/4
3 1/2 per cent 1954/59	103 1/2
4 per cent 1948/53	107 1/2
4 1/2 per cent 1950/55	113
4 1/2 per cent 1958/68	117
5 per cent 1942/47	110 1/8
3 per cent 1949/52	99 1/4
2 1/2 per cent British Consols	73 3/4
3 1/2 per cent War Loan	101 3/4
4 per cent Funding Loan 1960/90	112 3/4
Indian Iron and Steel New Ordinary	46/10½

WALL-STREET MARKET

New York, Sept. 8.

Messrs. Batlivala and Karani have issued the following quotations of the New York Stock Exchange.—

Amr. Power and Light Com.	5
Amr. Power and Light Pfd. 5 p.c. A	28
Electric Bond Common	7
Electric Bond 5 p.c. Pfd.	46
Columbia Gas and Elec.	6
American Tel and Tel	143 3/4
Sun Life of Canada	495
Western Union Telg	28 1/2
New York Central Rly.	18 1/2
United S. Rubber	46
Texas Corp.	44XD
Union Carbide	82
Curtiss Wright	5
United States Steel	59 1/4
Bethlehem Steel	58 1/2
Crucible Steel	36
Ludlum Steel	18 1/2
Republic Steel	18
United S. Smelting	61
Anaconda Copper Mining	33 3/4
Int. Nickel of Canada	49
Chrysler Motors	74 3/4
General Motors	48
General Electric	41 3/4
Boeing Airplane	24
American Radiator	15
Barnsdall Oil	18
Consolidated Oil	8 7/8
Socony Oil	13 1/4
St. Oil of N.J.	53 1/2
Chase Bank	30 1/2
National City Bank	23 1/2
Woolworth	44 3/4

Turnover 575,000 shares. Market eased on foreign news. Brokers loans down 17 million dollars. General motors sold in August 64925 units.

Pay in Sept.—12 Pay out Sept.—14

Tata Steel Shares Look Down

COTTON MILL ISSUES HARDEN

Professionals Watch European Political Developments

BOMBAY: September 9.

Following easier Wall-Street advices on unfavourable developments in European political situation the local market opened quiet and prices declined under scattered selling and liquidation in shares.

It is reported that some Operators are realising profits on Steel shares and are buying Cotton Textile shares as present prices are comparatively attractive. This demand is hardening Cotton Mill shares and a more hopeful view of the Textile Industry is gaining ground.

The volume of business, however, showed only a small expansion and Cotton Mill share prices closed slightly higher as compared with the previous close.

The market on the whole was dull as the chief favourite Tata Steel shares, as a result of absence of support, lost few points, as usual with easier Wall-Street advices. Some Professional support was expected by small Operators, but the same did not materialise.

At present the market is under the influence of European political developments, and there is more disposition to await Herr Hitler's speech on Monday, the 12th inst.

Considerable nervousness exists in World Markets and although there is no aggressive selling, bullish feeling is being damped and enthusiasm is waning. Cautious operations result into narrow price movements.

Bombay Dyeing shares opened at Rs. 890 and advanced to Rs. 901 despite weakness in raw cotton prices. Century Mill shares improved to Rs. 293, while Central India shares hardened to Rs. 258. Kohinoors changed hands at Rs. 280. While Swadeshi Mill shares were steady at Rs. 223.

Associated Cement shares opened at Rs. 104 and after declining to Rs. 103 rallied to Rs. 103-8. Hydro-Electric shares were neglected owing to utter absence of business. Andhra shares were placed at Rs. 1,452-8 and Hydros were quiet at Rs. 153-8. Tata Powers were placed at Rs. 1,372.

Tata Steel Dfds. opened at Rs. 1,440 and after improving to Rs. 1,442 declined to Rs. 1,417 with temporary rallies which were not maintained, but towards the close there was scattered covering and prices rallied to Rs. 1,425. Ordinary shares also opened at Rs. 298 and closed at Rs. 295.

ACTIVE SHARES AT A GLANCE

Bombay, Sept. 9.

Bombay Dyeing (891) 890 892 896 895 900 901
Century (292) 290 291 290 294 290 293
Central India (256) 254 257 256 259 258
Kohinoor (279/8) 277 279 278 280
New Great (240) 241 238 241 231 240 239
Simplex (89) 88
Swadeshi (223) 221 224 223 224 223
Associated Cement (104/8) 104 103 104 103/8
Andhra (1455) 1452/8
Tata Hydro (154/8) 154 153/8
Tata Power (1375) 1375 1372
Tram. Ord. (116) 116/8
T. Steel Dfd. (1455) 1440 1442 1435 1437 1430 1435 1422 1417 1425
T. Steel Ord. (300) 298 297 298 296 295 291 295
Tata Steel 2nd Pref (162/8) 162/8 162/4
Bellapur (186) 186
B. Steam (220) 220
B. Burma (523) 521 519 521

TEXTILE SHARES

BOMBAY, Sept. 9.

100	Ahmd. Advance	388 12
250	BOM. DYING	901 0
100	CENTURY	293 8
100	CENTRAL INDIA	258 0
100	COLABA	159 8
100	Coorla	95 0
250	David	75 0
250	Dawn	325 0
1	E. D. Sassoon	0-5-6
100	Finlay	125 0
100	GOKAK	163 0
1,000	Hindustan	1,700 0
100	Indore	61 12
100	Khatau	127 8
100	KOHINOOR	280 0
250	Laxmi	485 0
250	Madras United	35 0
1,000	Morarji	142 0
250	Model	47 0
50	MYSORE	100 0
200	NEW GREAT	239 0
100	Oosmanshahi	38 0
100	PHOENIX	220 0
25	Sassoon Silk	76 4
1,000	Sholapur	2,880 0
50	SIMPLEX	88 0
100	SWADESHI	223 0
100	Swan	105 10
500	Vishnu	1227 8
1,000	Western	875 0
	BANKS.	
50-100	Baroda	112 0
25-50	Central	30 4
500	Imperial	1,555 0
125-500	Im. Contry.	382 8
50-100	India	142 8
100	Reserve Bank	116 8
5	Union	5 9 0
	CEMENTS.	
100	Associated	103 8
	INSURANCE.	
100-500	Empire	711 4
15-100	Jupiter	13 8
20	Mercantile	57 0
15-70	New India	39 12
200	Oriental	4,510 0
10-50	Vulcan	7 0
	ELECTRIC.	
100	Ahm. Old	133 2
1,000	ANDHRA VALLEY	1452 8
10	Ajmer	12 12
10	Amalgmd.	13 0
50	BOM. TRAM.	116 8
100	Bombay Suburban	140 0
10	Broach	10 8
100	Karachi	185 0
100	Poona	172 8
100	Surat	172 8
100	TATA HYDRO	153 8
1,000	TATA POWER	1372 8
	RAILWAYS.	
500	Ahmedabad Prantij	942 8
100	C. Province	101 0
100	Dh. Baramati	104 4
100	Gujarat	98 8
100	Mandra Bhon	100 8
100	Pachora Jamner	96 4
100	Sara Serajgunj	100 12
500	Tapti Valley	741 4
	MINING.	
9	Burma Corp.	6 2
2sh.	Indian Copper	2 6
10	Indian Iron and Steel	33 6
10	SHIVRAJPUR	44 8
30	TATA STEEL DEFD.	1,425 0
75	TATA STEEL ORD.	295 0
	MISCELLANEOUS.	
100	ALCOCK	215 0
50	BELAPUR SUGAR	186 0
200-250	Bombay Safe Dep.	850 0
250	BOMBAY STEAM	220 8
125	B. BURMA	521 0
50	Burma Conty.	176 14
8sh.	Br. B. Petrol	3-6-6
50	TELEPHONE	84 8
100	I. BLEACHING	131 0
50	I. Invest Trust	42 0
100	I. Radio Defd.	430 0
100	I. Radio Ord.	390 0
100	Port Canning	69 0
30	Premier Con.	68 8
15	Scindia	19 12
25	Tata Oil Mill (nil)	32 2
	PREFERENCE.	
5½	p.c. Amalgmd. (T. F.)	106 0
7	p.c. Andhra Valley	1,525 0
6	p.c. Bombay Steam	297 8
7	p.c. Bombay Tram (T.F.)	69 12
5	p.c. Central India (T.F.)	557 8
6 1/4	p.c. Prem Const. 1st	105 8
6-1/4	p.c. Prem Const. 2nd	97 0
7	p.c. Tata Hydro	156 4
7-1/2	p.c. Tata Power	1600 0
6	p.c. Tata Steel 1st	206 4
7-1/2	p.c. Tata Steel 2nd	162 4
7	p.c. Vishnu	717 8
	DEBENTURES.	
3-3/4	p.c. Andhra Valley	102 0
6	p.c. Andhra Valley	108 12
4	p.c. Bombay Telephone	53 0
7	p.c. Sholapur	78 10
6	p.c. Tata Hydro	108 10

(Capital Letters indicate Shares on Forward List.)

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE

London, Sept. 8.

Rupee paper 3 1/2 per cent	72 1/2
Indian Stock 3 per cent 1948	79
Indian Stock 3 1/2 per cent 1931 or later	92 1/4
Indian Stock 4 1/2 per cent 1950/55	113
Consols 2 1/2 per cent	73 3/4
Conversion Loan 3 1/2 per cent 1961	101 1/8
War Loan 3 1/2 per cent 1952	101 3/4
Funding Loan 4 per cent 1960/90	112 3/4
Victory Bonds	110
Chartered Bank of I.A. and China	12 1/2
Hongkong and Shanghai Bank London Reg.	87 1/2
National Bank of India	37
P and O Banking Corporation	9

LINSEED OIL

London, Sept. 8.

Linseed oil London per cwt. naked Sept. sellers	21/6
Linseed oil London per cwt. naked Oct-Dec. sellers	21/4 1/2

LONDON EXCHANGES

London, Sept. 8.

T. T. London on:—

New York	4.82.81
Paris	178.31
Berlin	12.04
Madrid	100.00
Montreal	4.84
Amsterdam	8.92 3/8
Brussels	28.65 1/2
Milan	91.72
Berne	21.31 1/8

LONDON SEEDS

London, Sept. 8.

Linseed La Plata Hull c.i.f. ton Sept. Sellers	10/12/6
Linseed Calcutta London c.i.f. ton Sept. sellers	11/10/3
Linseed Bombay London c.i.f. ton Oct. sellers	12/12/6
Rapeseed Toria Hull/Cont c.i.f. ton Sept-Oct. sellers	10/15/0
Castorseed Bombay Hull c.i.f. ton Sept-/Oct. sellers	[illegible]

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BOMBAY: SATURDAY, SEPTEMBER 10, 1938

For Discipline And Solidarity

Action Against Khare Explained

CONGRESS PRESIDENT SAYS CONGRESS MINISTERS ARE RESPONSIBLE TO PARLIAMENTARY SUB-COMMITTEE

NAGPUR: September 9.

A VIGOROUS DEFENCE OF THE CONGRESS WORKING COMMITTEE'S ACTION AGAINST DR. KHARE IN DEALING WITH THE RECENT MINISTERIAL CRISIS IN THE CENTRAL PROVINCES WAS MADE BY THE CONGRESS PRESIDENT, MR. SUBHAS CHANDRA BOSE LAST NIGHT IN THE COURSE OF A TWO-HOUR SPEECH AT A PUBLIC MEETING HELD AT THE VYANKATESH THEATRE, UNDER THE AUSPICES OF THE NAGPUR CONGRESS COMMITTEE, SETH JAMNALAL BAJAJ PRESIDING.

Mr. Bose emphatically declared that the Working Committee's action was just and right and announced that his statement dealing with the Khare episode would be released to the press in another two or three days

It pained him very much to say that Dr. Khare was not loyal to the Congress. All members of the Working Committee were unanimously of the view that Dr Khare had been disloyal to the Congress in resigning and reconstituting the Cabinet without previous intimation and consent of the Parliamentary Sub-Committee.

Mr. Bose asserted that Congress ministers were primarily responsible to the Congress and Parliamentary Sub-Committee and recalled the solemn vow of pledge which all the Congress M.L.As took at Delhi at the All-India Convention reiterating their loyalty to the Congress. He proceeded to say that the Khare episode would be discussed at the forthcoming A.I.C.C. meeting at Delhi. He was sure that the A.I.C.C. would endorse the action which the Working Committee had taken against Dr. Khare in the interests of Congress discipline, solitary, the Congress Party and the larger interests of country.

Mr. Bose also alluded to the European situation at present and declared that India now had a fine opportunity to regain her freedom. No war, not even another civil disobedience campaign, was necessary. He was convinced that Swaraj would soon be theirs, if they all united under the Congress banner and acted as one party.

He sounded a warning against the attempts to break the solidarity and create a split in the Congress Party of this province and said that those who wanted Swaraj should do nothing to weaken the Congress in its coming fight against the inauguration of federation in India.

Over 3,000 people were present at the meeting.

A small section of the audience continued interrupting Mr. Bose's speech by raising pro-Khare shouts creating a noise but undaunted Mr. Bose proceeded with his address for nearly two hours.

Earlier Mr. Bose was given a warm reception and garlanded on behalf of several institutions.

The arrival of the Congress President, Mr. Subhas Chandra Bose along with Seth Jamnalal Bajaj at the meeting place, which was packed to full capacity, was marked by shouts for Dr. Khare which were replied with counter-shouts of "Gandhi-Ki-Jai" and "Bose-Ki-Jai".

One section of the audience started creating noise as soon as Seth Bajaj rose to speak and persisted in interrupting the speaker by raising pro-Khare slogans.

Seth Bajaj appealed to the people, assembled, to maintain a quiet atmosphere and said that they had invited Mr. Bose and it was their duty to give him a patient hearing. Excitement prevailed among a section of the audience, which frequently manifested itself in almost continuous interruptions of the speakers and heated and angry exchanges of words between the rival groups, which continued till the termination of the meeting at midnight. However, there was no serious disturbance.

Mr. Bose rebuked hostile elements among the audience for repeatedly interrupting him and said they should cease creating noise, if they honestly felt their case to be just. He appealed for a calm atmosphere, so that they could know the viewpoint of the Working Committee on the Khare episode, to explain which he had come to Nagpur.

Mr. Bose referred to the Swaraj Party which, being in a majority in 1923, succeeded firstly in the Central Provinces and then in Bengal in its objective. Mr. Bose uttered a warning that if the Congress Party in the C. P. lost its unity and solidarity owing to internal quarrels over the personnel of the ministry, it would be impossible to work out the Congress programme. They could not go ahead towards their goal. He reminded the people that they could not lose sight of their goal, namely, the attainment of freedom, and therefore it was the duty of every Indian to strengthen the Congress in its fight.

The India Act of 1935, Mr. Bose continued, had not solved the Indian problem as British statesmen would have the world believe. The British Government wanted them to give up their movement and follow constitutional methods by wroking the India Act.

The British Government had also anticipated that differences and internal quarrels would weaken the Congress parties in the different provinces after the inauguration of provincial autonomy over the use of little power transferred to them.

The Congress, therefore, had to guard against the danger of disruption setting in within the Congress Party and weakening its strength owing to internal splits.

Mr. Bose assured them that the Congress had accepted office with a view to strengthening it in their freedom fight and also do what little it could for the betterment of the people. After pointing out the various limitations under which the Congress ministries were functioning in the seven provinces, Mr. Bose said that despite these handicaps their ministers could render a good account if given support from the public. The Congress was trying to set up a parallel Government in the seven provinces but this would be a reality if they united and knew the value of discipline. If the situation that recently faced the Central Provinces had not been firmly dealt with and if a similar situation was allowed to develop in other provinces, said Mr. Bose, they could not then prevent Federation being thrust on India. The most urgent problem they had to tackle was to make the Congress strong enough to meet the British Government on the Federation issue. He therefore appealed to Congressmen to cease quarrelling and follow the Congress, even if it meant personal sacrifices in the larger interests of the country.

Mr. Bose then dealt with the Khare episode, justifying the Congress Working Committee's action against Dr. Khare which he declared was just and proper.

When the President, Seth Jamnalal Bajaj, rose to make concluding remarks before the closing of the proceedings, excitement again ran high, the hostile elements indulging in loud and continuous shouts which drew counter shouts from the audience. Seth Jamnalal Bajaj was indistinctly heard thanking Mr. Bose for his address and appealing to the people to join the Congress.—A.P.

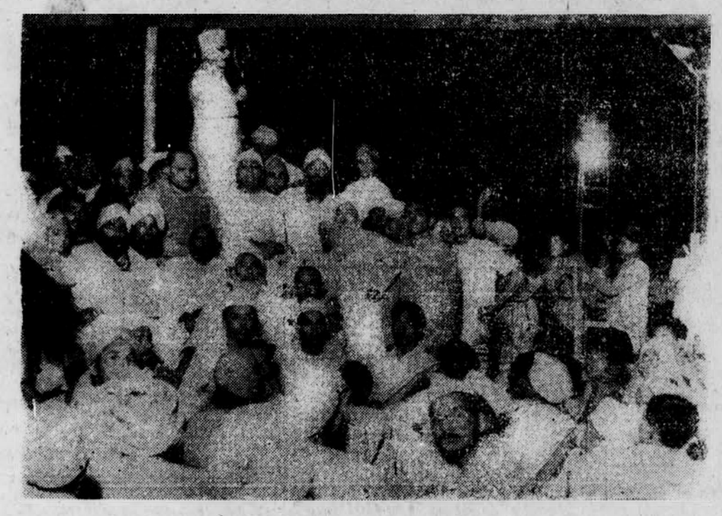
Assembly Bomb Case Prisoner Released

PATNA, September 9

Batukeshwar Dutta, a Central Assembly bomb case prisoner who had been lodged in Patna jail, was released this evening.

Dutta who was convicted along with Bhagat Singh and was a life prisoner, was recently transferred to Bihar. He had been ailing recently and, it is understood, the Bihar Government recommended his release to the Government of India some time ago on the grounds of health.

It is understood that Dutta is proceeding to Gaya to-night after which he will proceed to Cawnpore and thence probably to Jamshedpur.—A.P.



Dr. Saifuddin Kitchlew addressing the Kisan Conference at Lyallpur on Saturday. (Right) These two pillars indicating the wide contrast in the salaries of the Congress and Punjab Ministers were put up at the Kisan Conference and attracted a good deal of the attention of the Kisans.

Total Prohibition To-day And To-morrow

200 Policemen To Patrol City: Causeways To Be Guarded

Total prohibition will be enforced to-day and to-morrow in the city owing to the pay day in the mills which falls due about this time every month.

Two hundred constables of the Excise Department under Mr. P. A. Reporter, Excise Superintendent, assisted by 21 Inspectors and 7 Sub-Inspectors will patrol the city and its liquor haunts till 11 p.m. these two days

All the cinema and refreshment rooms, hotels and bars, country liquor and toddy shops will be closed on Saturday and Sunday.

Liquor however will be served to genuine residents of hotels and their guests and long distance passengers travelling from Victoria Terminus or Central Station. No liquor will be sold even in the markets where wholesale bottles are sold. Those who are used to take at home may do so provided they have stocked their "provision" in advance.

Country liquor as far as three bottles and toddy to the extent of four gallons is allowed for home consumption for those who could afford to stock at home in advance. But not a drop will be sold to-day and to-morrow on the "licensed" shops.

Last month, when prohibition was enforced for two days about 25 persons were arrested at the railway stations for importing toddy and liquor from the suburbs. They were convicted by the courts of the Presidency Magistrates. Two or three toddy booth licensees who were arrested in connection with selling toddy clandestinely were dealt with very severely by the excise auhtorities To-day and to-morrow special watch will be kept on the railway stations, Mahim Causeway and other places where there is a possibility of importing liquor or toddy.

No Communalism Or Favouritism

Mr. Munshi On Appointments To Posts Of Police Prosecutors

'Lokshakti' Circular Again Figures In Assembly Debate

(From Our Special Correspondent)

POONA: September 9.

APPOINTMENTS TO POSTS OF POLICE PROSECUTORS IN THE PRESIDENCY WERE MADE ON NON-COMMUNAL BASIS BY SELECTION, said Mr. Morarji Desai on behalf of Mr. K. M. Munshi, replying to questions from Mr. R. R. Bhole.

He added that there was no Government resolution safeguarding the interests of Backward Classes in the matter.

Replying to Mr. S. L. Karandikar Mr. B. G. Kher, Prime Minister stated that about the middle of January last solicitors of Mr. R.D. Sethna wrote to the Prime Minister intimating their client's intention to contribute a sum of about Rs. 10 lakhs for founding of a university at Poona provided certain conditions were fulfilled. The correspondence was, thereafter, going on between Government and the Solicitors in the matter when Mr. Sethna suddenly died in June and the question of the proposed contribution had to be dropped. In the circumstances, he stated, Government did not think any useful purpose would be served by placing the correspondence on the Assembly table

Confidential circular by Government regarding patronage of "Lokashakti" of Poona once again figured in the Bombay Legislative Assembly during the question hour.

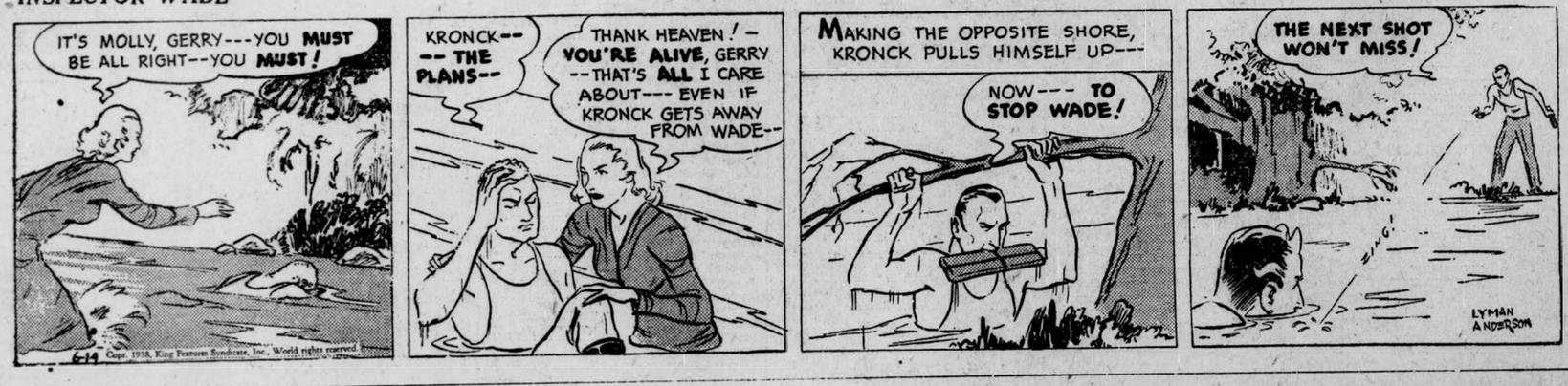
Mr. Morarji Desai replying to Mr. R. N. Mandalik stated that Government could not give the information whether the confidential circular of the Home Department had been since cancelled or how long the Goverament intended to continue the circular in force as the matter was confidential.

Replying to further questions the Minister added that information as to whether competitive rates for printing were called for from other printing presses and newspapers before entrusting Government work to "Lokashakti' Press, names of such presses, as to whether "Lokashakti" rates were lower and the total amount paid to "Lokashakti" and its Press every month for printing work done was not available as reference would have to be made to heads of offices and departments in several districts in this province, because officers in those districts would also have used newspapers and printing presses situated in Poona City for the purposes of advertising and printing work.

"I understand that about 200 such officers would have to be consulted and this would undoubtedly take considerable time and involve a deal of labour. Government consider that the time and labour so involved would be incommensurate with the usefulness of information when finally obtained. However, as I stated in my replies to the previous questions officers giving their advertisements to newspapers and printing work to presses are required under orders of the Government to take into consideration various points such as practical value received for money paid, rates charged, arranging for specially favourable terms wherever possible and, in regard to advertisement, circulation of newspapers among the class of people intended to be reached."

Edgar Wallace's Detective Story Day By Day

INSPECTOR WADE — THE CALENDAR


IT'S MOLLY, GERRY---YOU MUST BE ALL RIGHT--YOU MUST!
KRONCK-- -- THE PLANS--
THANK HEAVEN! - YOU'RE ALIVE, GERRY --THAT'S ALL I CARE ABOUT--- EVEN IF KRONCK GETS AWAY FROM WADE--
MAKING THE OPPOSITE SHORE, KRONCK PULLS HIMSELF UP---
NOW--- TO STOP WADE!
THE NEXT SHOT WON'T MISS!
SING!
LYMAN ANDERSON
6-14
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